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ALBANY, N.Y.
JAN 10 1943
U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF PLANT INDUSTRY

HARRIS SEEDS

1943

JOSEPH HARRIS COMPANY, INC.
MORETON FARM
ROCHESTER, NEW YORK

Seeds and Plants **DELIVERED FREE**

At the prices quoted in this catalog, **we will prepay transportation charges on all Vegetable and Flower Seeds and Bulbs to places in the United States.** We reserve the right to ship by parcel post, express or freight **at our option.** If you mark your order to be shipped by express where we would ship by freight, it will be shipped by **express collect.**

We do not pay transportation charges on **Field Seeds, Plants, Accessories, etc.** in quantities quoted "Not paid" or "Purchaser pays transportation." These will be sent by **express or freight collect** unless enough money is sent to cover postage at the regular zone rate. The rate to places in New York State west of Utica and Binghamton is 1c per lb., east of Utica and west of Springfield, Mass., 2c per lb., east of Springfield 4c per lb., north of Baltimore 2c per lb., south of Baltimore 4c per lb. to points in Maryland, Virginia and North Carolina. The rates to other places can be obtained at any post office.

Please Send Your Order Early

Under wartime conditions, all methods of transportation are subject to unusual delays and even mail and parcel post service will probably not be handled so quickly as in the past. We expect to fill orders here with our usual promptness, but we do ask that if possible you send your order in well ahead of time you wish to use the seeds. If your order includes potatoes, onion sets, plants, etc., which cannot be safely sent in cold weather, they will be held until it is safe to ship.

Making Out the Order. Please use the order blank attached to this catalogue on the last page. Additional order blanks will be supplied if requested. Please write your **name very distinctly** and give your full post office address and also **be sure to give your nearest railroad station or express office, if different from your post office.**

How to Send Money. Money is most conveniently and safely sent in the form of a post office money order, express order or check. We will accept personal checks for over \$1.00 without exchange. Small amounts may be sent in postage stamps. **It is not safe to send silver.**

Money Promptly Returned. If we are out of any seeds or plants wanted, we return the money sent for them without delay, unless permission is given on the order to substitute some other kind.

C.O.D.'S—25% of the amount of the order must accompany all orders for goods to be shipped C.O.D.

Plants, roots, bulbs, and nursery stock will not be sent C.O.D.

SPECIAL HANDLING

You can usually get seeds or plants one or three days sooner than by ordinary parcel post if they are sent "**Special Handling.**" An extra fee must be paid on **each** package to be sent **Special Handling**, and they are put through as fast as letter mail.

The extra postage required is as follows:

Up to 2 lbs.	10c
Over 2 lbs., not over 10 lbs.	15c
Over 10 lbs.	20c

If you want your seeds or plants sent **Special Handling**, please so mark your order and send the amount for extra postage. If your order is to be sent on different dates and you wish each part sent **Special Handling** be sure to include enough postage for each mailing.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

No seeds are sold by us that we do not know are of good vitality and will grow under normal conditions. They are all tested and the per cent that germinates is marked on the package or label.

We assume responsibility of the seeds, plants and bulbs reaching the purchaser in good condition. However, in common with all responsible seedsmen, we give no warranty, express or implied as to the productiveness of any seeds, plants or bulbs we send out, and we will not be in any way responsible for the crop. Our liability in all instances is limited to the purchase price of the seed. We will not accept or fill orders under any other conditions.

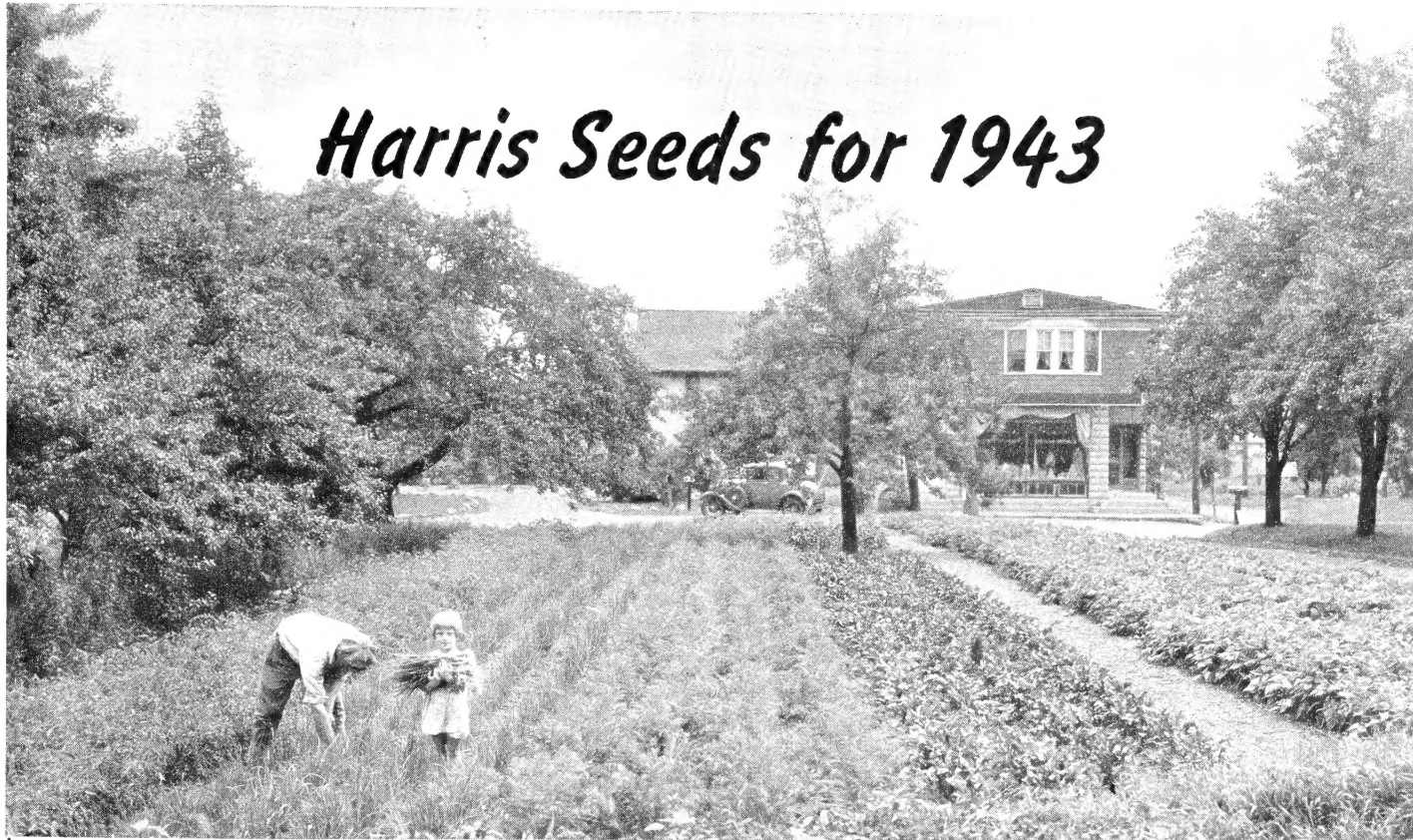
JOSEPH HARRIS CO., Inc., Moreton Farm, Rochester, N. Y.

January 1, 1943

Every Package of HARRIS' SEED is marked With the GERMINATION TEST

This is the *thirty-second consecutive year* we have given our customers this service. Certain state laws, and Federal regulations require the test on some seeds and under some conditions. However we believe that the grower has a right to know the vitality of all the seeds he buys, so we put the test on every package of seed we send out, whether it be a packet of flower seed or a hundred pound bag of spinach seed. Look for the germination test and sow your seed accordingly for best results.

Harris Seeds for 1943



You, too, can have a fine vegetable garden.

MAKE YOUR WAR GARDEN A SUCCESS

THOUSANDS of people planted a vegetable garden for the first time last year and many more thousands will plant one this year. By spring they will realize, if they have not already, how much our country, with our army and the United Nations to feed, needs each family to provide as much food as they possibly can for themselves.

Fortunately this is a pleasant duty, for once you have a vegetable garden you will never want to be without your own fresh vegetables. It takes surprisingly little land to grow enough of beets, beans, carrots, onions, tomatoes, early cabbage, peas and swiss chard, to supply your table. If you have land enough do not fail to have corn and lima beans, for they are an entirely different vegetable when picked fresh than they are when bought in the stores. A few hills of cucumbers and summer squash do not take much room and are very convenient to have.

We want your garden to be completely successful in every way and the greatest contribution we can make is to supply you with the best seed obtainable. We have long been proud of the high standards we have set for our seeds—strong germination, finest quality, trueness to type, and especially the fact that our seeds are adapted to Northern gardens so that they can be

depended on to produce full crops even where the seasons are short.

This catalog has been written with your garden in mind and we know you will find it helpful. Our descriptions of varieties are based on our own actual experience in test gardens and growing crops here on Moreton Farm so you can depend on them to be accurate.

Good gardens require more than good seed—they need a well prepared soil and quite a lot of care throughout the season. In order to help you get the best possible results, we have printed a pamphlet called the "Cultivation of Vegetables and Flowers" which will be of immense help if you are not an experienced gardener. Simply ask for it when you send in your order, and it will be sent free of charge.

Much of the success of your garden will depend on the care and forethought with which it is planned. Look over this catalog and select the varieties and quantities of seed you will need. You know the size of your garden and you can tell how much to order from the information we give under the headings for each kind of seed.

Above all, this year especially, send your order early so that you will be sure to have the seeds on hand when it is time to plant . . . We wish you the best of success.

JOSEPH HARRIS COMPANY, INC. **MORETON FARM**
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

VEGETABLES OF SPECIAL MERIT

The carefully selected list of vegetables which we offer on the following pages are among the best in their respective classes. These are carefully bred strains which we have selected for their unusual merit and many of them are Harris' introductions which we have bred and grown here on our own farm.

Long Season, "A Beet of Quality"

Also called "Winter Keeper" or "New Century."

This beet has long been a favorite among our customers, and each year makes a host of new friends.

If you want a beet that will remain tender and sweet all summer and fall and keep all winter, try the "Long Season." It is the best quality table beet. It makes no difference whether the beets are young or old, small or large, they are *always* tender. The beets are a very deep red color without light colored rings and with large green tops.

Do not depend on this beet for early use as it grows slowly but when the early-sown beets get tough and poor, the Long Season will be found to be of the finest quality and even though they are very large, just as tender as the young early beets. They retain their fine quality when stored in a cold place for winter use.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 80c; Lb. \$2.25.

Cornell 19

A Beautiful New Yellow Celery

We think this is the finest new celery we have ever seen and predict it will have a tremendously important place. It is a yellow or self-blanching type, yet it combines all the best qualities of the green Pascal celeries. The stalks are very long, smooth-ribbed and deeply rounded, and the flesh is thick and tender and without strings. One of the most remarkable features is that the *excellent quality is carried even on the outer stalks*. Not only the heart but the entire plant is delicious—tender, crisp and of much finer flavor than any other yellow celery.

Cornell 19 is resistant to yellows and has already proved excellent on both upland and muck. On large markets it has consistently brought premium prices because of its fine appearance and unusual quality.

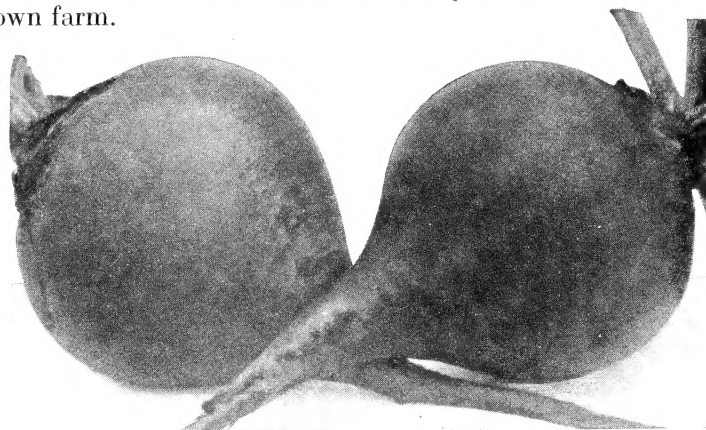
We do not recommend it for very early crops as it tends to produce seeders if the plants are subjected to low temperatures in the early spring. It is ideal for main crop, however, and holds up very well in storage.

We recommend it highly for both home and market use and urge our customers to make a planting of it this year. New York State Grown Seed.

Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 90c; Oz. \$1.75; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$5.50.



Cornell 19 Celery—These thick stalks have wonderful flavor.



Long Season Beets—Large Sweet and Tender.

"We think your Long Season beets perfectly delicious—the best we ever ate. They kept splendidly in the cellar until this spring." Esther Cope, Arondale, Pa., May 12, 1942.

Nantes (Coreless) Early, Smooth and Delicious

The smooth handsome appearance and rich delicious flavor have made Nantes one of the most popular carrots grown today. It is early, being ready to use quite a while before other varieties, and whether large or small it is always tender, fine grained and sweet.

The roots grow fully six inches long and are perfectly cylindrical and strongly stump rooted. The surface is smooth and they have a clear waxy look that is most attractive. The color is deep orange extending right through the root so there is practically no core. This carrot is so sweet and tender that it is a great favorite for eating raw as well as cooked.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 30c; Oz. 55c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$4.50.

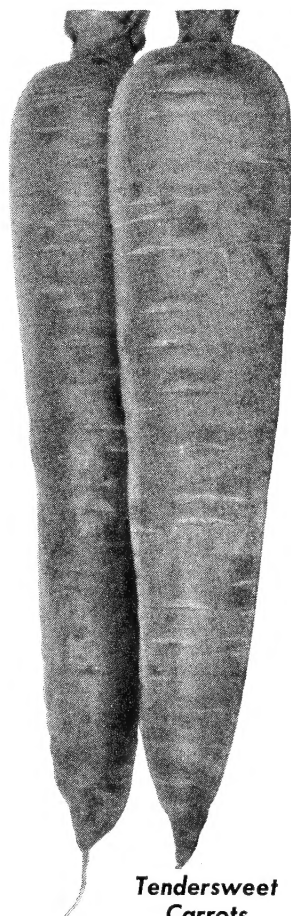
Tendersweet Carrots The Sweetest Kind

The sweetest and finest carrot we have ever eaten. It has a richness and quality of flavor which we have found in no other variety.

People who do not care for ordinary carrots are often very enthusiastic about "Tendersweet," and most home gardeners who have tried it will never go without it in their gardens. Even when they have grown very large, these carrots remain more tender and sweet than any other kind and for this reason they are ideal for storing to eat in the winter.

The carrots are large and tapering, as shown in the photo on the left. The flesh is very deep orange in color, fine in texture and practically "coreless." Tendersweet carrot is unusual in appearance, as the outer skin is of deep orange color tinged with deep red.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 25c; Oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.25; Lb. \$3.50.



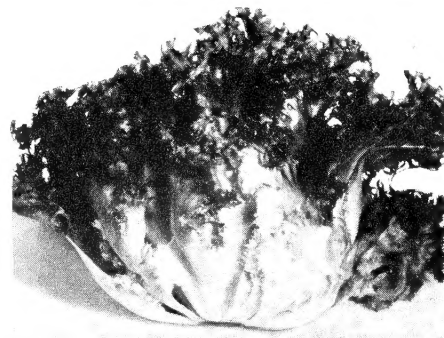
Tendersweet Carrots

Grow these for superior quality.

Deep Heart Fringed Endive Makes Delicious Salad

All who have grown this new endive have been impressed not only by its novel appearance, but by its downright fine qualities. It is a strong robust plant with broad leaves, curled at the edge and producing fine deep hearts. The plants are more upright than other varieties, so can be more easily blanched by tying. In quality it is tender and makes the most appetizing and attractive salads. By all means have a row in your garden. It is very easy to grow.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 60c; Lb. \$1.75.



Deep Heart Fringed Endive

VEGETABLES OF SPECIAL MERIT

North Star Sweet Corn

Extra Early—Highest Quality

Ready to eat only two or three days later than the small extra early kinds, this hybrid produces ears that compare in size, shape and fine quality with the superior midseason varieties. Think of having fine big ears of corn, of excellent flavor when your neighbor has only small ears of mediocre quality.

The ears are mostly 12 rowed and fully seven inches long and the kernels are an attractive light butter yellow, always deliciously sweet and tender. The plants are strong and vigorous and bear an enormous number of these fine ears, making North Star one of the best yielders we have ever seen.

Pkt. 15c; ½ Lb. 40c; Lb. 70c; 2 Lbs. \$1.25; 6 Lbs. \$3.00; 12 Lbs. \$5.75.

Northern Cross—Tremendous Yields—Large Ears

This is a medium early hybrid of such extraordinary vigor that it seems to grow by leaps and bounds. It consistently outyields all other varieties of the same season and there are usually two and often three good ears to a plant.

Northern Cross is a sweet corn of the highest quality. The ears are large, nearly eight inches long with twelve to fourteen rows of bright yellow kernels which are delicate, succulent and tender. We are proud of this hybrid and recommend it highly. (Not resistant to wilt.)

Pkt. 15c; ½ Lb. 35c; Lb. 60c; 2 Lbs. \$1.10; 6 Lbs. \$2.60; 12 Lbs. \$4.95.

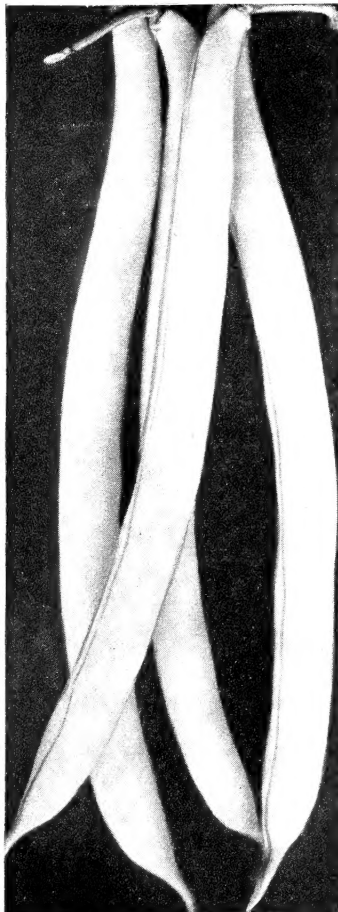
From our customers:

"Your North Star sweet corn was the most wonderful extra early sweet corn we've grown yet. I was amazed at the immense yield of large early corn of the finest quality."

Bevier D. Jansen, Walden, N. Y.
April 27, 1942.

"I planted some of your Northern Cross sweet corn. It is the finest corn and best yielder that I have ever planted. Also your Double Yield cucumber is the best."

Thos. H. Hohn, Greensburg, Penn.
August 22, 1942.

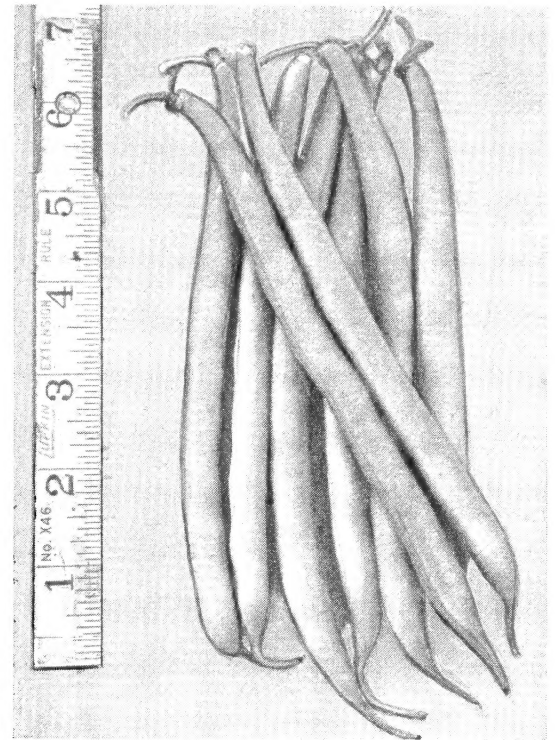


Pencil Pod Black Wax Beans
Tender and stringless.



North Star Hybrid Sweet Corn

These big tender ears are extra early.



New Long Tendergreen

Extra long pods of fine quality.

New Long Tendergreen

A Fine New Round Green Bean Our 1943 Introduction

We have long considered Tendergreen the very finest variety of round-podded green bush beans, so when we say that New Long Tendergreen is even better, we can give it no higher praise. This new bean has all the fine qualities of Tendergreen—high flavor, tenderness and thick meat, but the pods are fully an inch longer and grow even straighter. Like Tendergreen, even when they grow large the pods remain as tender and succulent as very young beans.

They are ready to use at the same time as Tendergreen and if kept picked will bear over a long period. The plants are robust and healthy and produce a great abundance of these long straight pods.

We regret that our supply of seed for this year is so limited that we can offer only small quantities for trial. Next year we hope to have a good supply of seed.

Pkt. 20c; ½ Lb. 50c.

Tendergreen

The Best Round Podded Green Beans

If you want really delicious, tender, fine flavored, early snap beans, be sure to plant Tendergreen. There is no dwarf bean that has finer quality. Many of our customers will plant no other green variety.

The pods are long, round as a pencil, very meaty and of an attractive light green color. They mature early and the vines are exceptionally strong and vigorous. This bean is outstanding for the large yields of long straight tender pods.

This is also the best round podded variety both for market growers and the roadside stands. The handsome appearance brings customers and the quality keeps them coming back for more.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 80c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.40; 15 Lbs. \$4.35.

Pencil Pod Black Wax—The Best Round Podded Yellow Beans

This is our favorite wax bean and is by far the most popular round podded wax variety for both home gardens and market. The pods are meaty and have a delicious flavor that surpasses all other yellow bush beans. They are 6 to 7 inches long, straight and round as a pencil; always stringless, tender, very brittle and of the finest quality. The plant is vigorous, early and bears profusely over a long period. The seed is black.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 80c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.40; 15 Lbs. \$4.35.

VEGETABLES OF SPECIAL MERIT

Delicious

The Largest and Sweetest Early Melon

Here is a combination of *earliness, high quality, fine appearance, and good size* not found in any other variety of melons. It is the earliest of any melon we offer, yet the fruit are large, averaging fully 5 lbs. and have a remarkably sweet flavor.

When they are ready to pick, the skin is a creamy yellow and covered with fine netting. The flesh is thick and moderately firm, and of attractive deep orange color. These melons are always sweet and delicious to eat. The vines grow vigorously, and produce enormous yields of fine uniform fruit.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 90c; Lb. \$3.00.

Market King For Superb Quality

The demand for fine flavor in melons never lets up, so it is no wonder that Market King has quickly become a great favorite. Its distinctive flavor is in our opinion positively unsurpassed, and they are so uniformly fine that we have actually cut hundreds of melons without finding a poor one.

The melons are medium size, oval in shape and heavily netted. The orange flesh is always thick and has an unusually fine firm texture. The vines are prolific, extremely vigorous and healthy. The melons ripen about a week later than Bender's Surprise.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 90c; Lb. \$3.00.

*Delicious and Market King
planted together will give
an unbroken succession of
the finest melons.*



**Cutting Delicious Melons
on our North Farm**

They are large, sweet and early.

for better vegetables
VIGORO
Complete plant food

Cosberg—A Fine New Head Lettuce

We believe every one should grow some lettuce in the garden and we recommend Cosberg as one of the best heading varieties.

It resembles "Iceberg" in general appearance and is most remarkable for its crisp solid heads and superior flavor. The heads are small, round and extremely solid; they have an attractive light green color and the best quality of any lettuce of this type we have yet seen. It has proved a very sure header if the plants are not allowed to be crowded. Thin the seedlings to at least 10 inches apart.

Pkt. 15c; Oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.00; Lb. \$3.00.

Harris' Double Yield For Pickles and Early Slicers

This cucumber has a real double value: it is not only the most prolific pickle, but also the earliest cucumber we know. It produces enormous quantities of pickles of the most desirable shape and color and also makes excellent early cucumbers for slicing.

The fruit is of medium length, very straight with blunt ends and of deep green color, perfect for both small and dill pickles. When large enough for slicing, they are thick and have very small seeds, and the flesh is crisp and clear white.

If the vines are kept picked, Double Yield continues to produce fruit at an astonishing rate. Small pickles are often produced in clusters of 3 or 4 like the fingers of your hand.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 65c; Lb. \$2.00.



Cosberg Lettuce

Harris' Perfection The Best Long Cucumber for Slicing

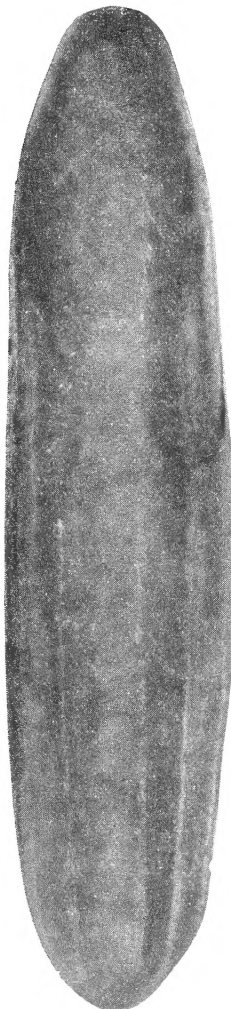
In spite of the many excellent new kinds recently introduced, this variety is still in a class by itself for home and market. The fruit is dark green with fine white rays at the blossom end, giving it a very attractive appearance. It is extra crisp, very solid, of the finest quality, and retains its color for a long time after being picked.

We have grown this cucumber for many years and by careful selection have obtained a strain that is more uniform than any similar variety we know of. The fruit is about 8 in. long when ready to pick and has an unusually even smooth handsome appearance. If you want long, dark green cucumbers of the finest quality, grow Harris' Perfection.

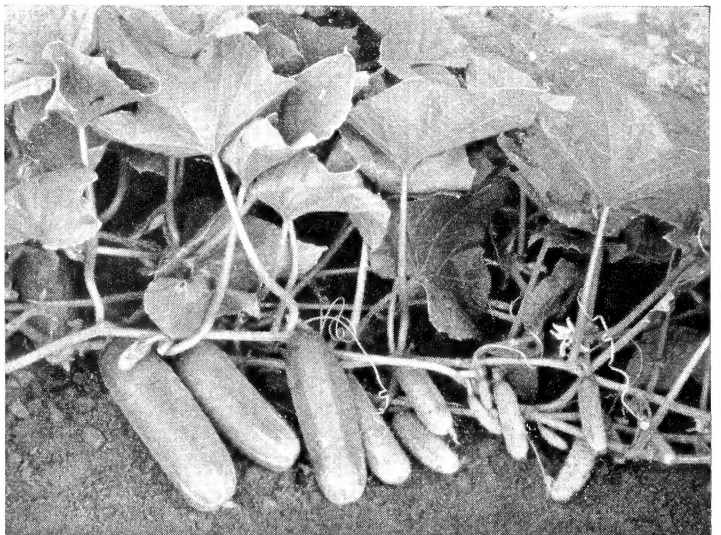
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 70c; Lb. \$2.25.

"My very first vegetable garden (this year's) was planted with your seeds and the results amazed my friends—and delighted me. Naturally I shall be a repeat customer."

Miss Lucile Dorn, Chagrin Falls, Ohio
Sept. 29, 1942.



**Harris' Perfection
Cucumber**
Supreme for slicing.



Harris' Double Yield pickles as grown on our Farm

VEGETABLES OF SPECIAL MERIT

Harris' Wonder Pepper—Early—Prolific—Thick Meated

In our opinion this is the finest general purpose pepper for every garden. The bright red fruit is of good size, very smooth, blunt in shape and exceptionally thick meated. Because of its unusually thick and very sweet flesh, it is ideal for slicing, as well as being good for baking and relish, and may be used when either green or red.

The fruits are borne well up off the ground on sturdy plants and start ripening sufficiently early to yield heavy crops even in our short Northern seasons. Since we first introduced this variety, the consistent increase in demand has made it our largest selling pepper.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$5.00.

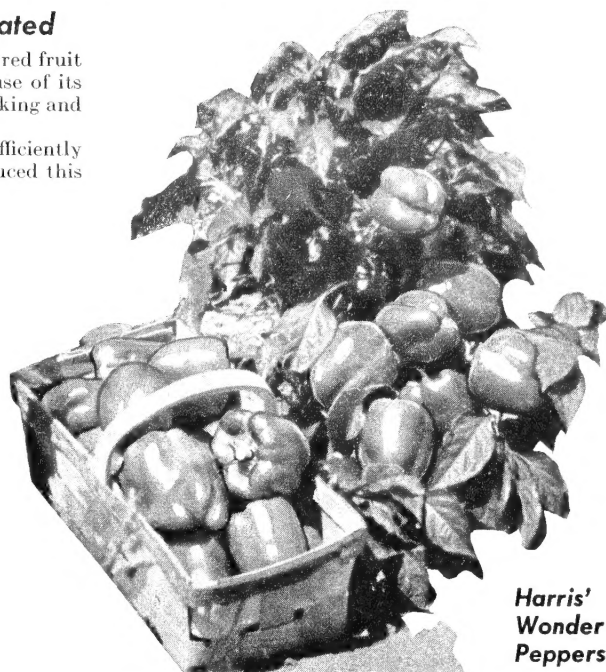
Harris' "King of the North" Pepper

Enormous Early Fruit—Abundant Yield

This immense pepper of our own growing is the largest early red pepper. The fruit is of long shape, growing up to 8 inches long and 3 or 4 inches broad at the top. The flesh is medium thick, very crisp, mild and sweet. Because of its size and shape it is preferred by many for stuffing and baking.

It starts to ripen very early, the peppers turning from dark green to a deep rich red when ripe. The plants are of branching growth and literally covered with these enormous fruit. Under most conditions, it is the heaviest yielder we know, and we consider it the finest early large pepper for both the market and home garden.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$5.00.



Harris' Wonder Peppers

The plants are loaded with these early thick meated peppers.

HARRIS' PEPPER PLANTS

Sturdy and true to name.
See page 82.

World's Record—The Best Early Peas

Without question this well known and popular variety is recognized as the best early kind, both for home garden and market. It combines earliness, high quality, large pods and heavy yield. The pods are 3½ to 4 in. long and filled with large peas that are very tender and sweet. The vines are strong and bear heavily. There is nothing quite so delicious as these large succulent peas right out of your garden early in the season.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 80c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.30; 15 Lbs. \$4.20.

Greater Progress Peas—New—Large Pods—Heavy Cropper

This is an ideal variety to sow at the same time with World's Record as it matures only a few days later. As the name implies it is an improvement over Laxton's Progress and with us it is two days earlier, yields more heavily, and has larger pods.

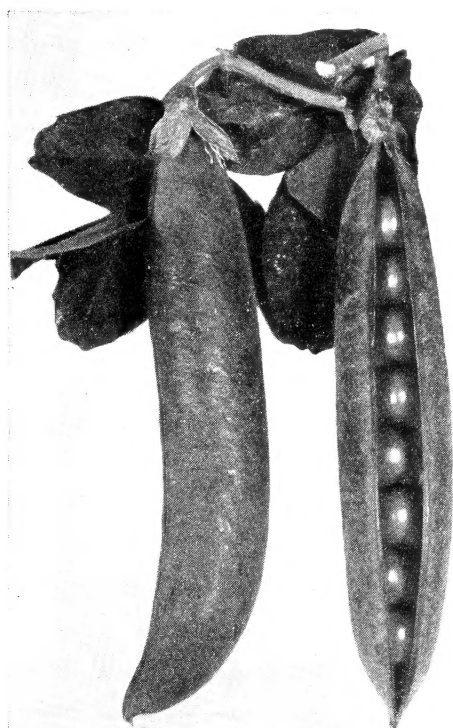
The vines are dwarf—only about 18 inches high, but they are literally loaded with large, dark green, well filled pods 4 to 4½ in. long. The peas are sweet and tender and the pods are the most uniformly large and attractive we have ever seen in a pea of this type. Be sure to grow some Greater Progress this year.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 30c; Lb. 50c; 2 Lbs. 90c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.55; 15 Lbs. \$4.65.

"I just finished picking your Greater Progress peas; finest early peas I have ever seen, largest pods, best yield. Have grown peas for 35 years."

Elmer C. Smith, Wyoming, R. I. June 22, 1942.

For a complete, long-season succession of fine peas see our **PEA COLLECTIONS** on page 32.



Greater Progress Peas—Large, Tender, Sweet.

Macomber—The Sweetest Ruta Baga, White Flesh

Many people who do not ordinarily care for ruta bagas are very fond of the "Macomber." If you have not tried them before, you will be surprised that ruta bagas could be so mild and sweet. It is of very much finer quality for table use than any other kind.

The turnips are white with purplish green tops, large, smooth, round and handsome and with practically no neck. The flesh is white, fine grained and of a mild sweet flavor. They will keep all winter and remain in fine condition if properly stored. To get the best results the seed should be sown about the middle or last of June in the Northern states.

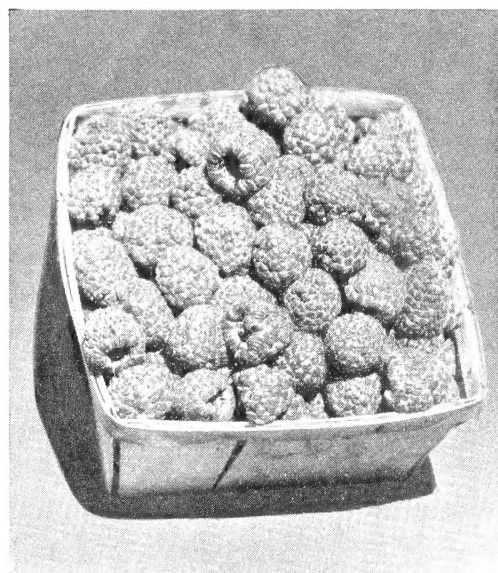
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; ¼ Lb. 60c; Lb. \$2.00.

Indian Summer Raspberry—New Autumn Fruiting (Everbearing)

This is the most satisfactory fall bearing raspberry and should be planted in every garden. It not only bears an excellent crop of fine berries early in the summer but also bears a smaller second crop in the fall on the tips of the new canes. It starts to bear in our climate about mid September and continues until severe freezing weather. We have actually had fine fruit of Indian Summer in the middle of November. The fruit is large, medium red in color, of mild flavor and excellent quality. The plants are above medium height, vigorous and hardy and bear enormous crops.

Plants: Doz. \$1.25; 25 for \$2.00 transportation paid. Not paid: \$4.50 per 100.

See other Raspberries, Strawberries, Grapes, etc., on pages 83 to 85.



Indian Summer Raspberries

VEGETABLES OF SPECIAL MERIT



Harris' Improved Cocozelle
Easy to grow—delicious to eat.

Harris' Improved Cocozelle The Finest Italian Vegetable Marrow

Here is a genuine treat—a real thrill in your garden and on your table. Eaten at the right time of its growth it might well be called one of Nature's delicacies.

The fruits of this new improved strain of Italian Vegetable Marrow have much finer and more delicate flavor than any other type of summer squash. They are at their best when only 10 to 12 inches long and 2 inches in diameter. At this stage they are deliciously tender and tasty if thinly sliced cross-wise and fried in batter or deep fat.

We don't know of any other vegetable so easy to grow, and at the same time, so good to eat. The plants are of bush type and very prolific. The fruit are long, straight and slender, and have an attractive dark green color with stripes of lighter green. Be sure to sow a few hills in your garden as soon as the soil and weather become warm.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 70c; Lb. \$2.25.

Yankee Hybrid—The Earliest Summer Squash

This new Hybrid Straightneck Summer Squash is without equal for yield and the production of early fruit. On our farm both this year and last, it was not only several days earlier than the next best kind, but also it actually out yielded all other varieties throughout the season.

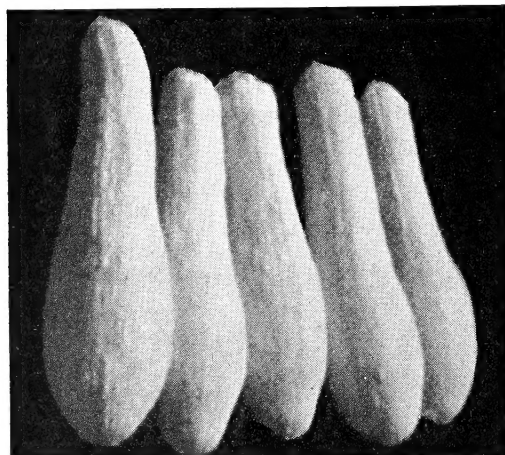
The squash are of the finest type, straight with thick necks, and the slightly roughened skin is bright waxy yellow in color, giving them a very fresh and tender appearance. There is no green color even when the squash are very young.

Home gardeners are delighted with these fine squash, and the earliness, heavy yield and great uniformity make it the most profitable variety for the market grower. If you have not tried Yankee Hybrid, be sure to grow some this year.

Pkt. 15c; Oz. 55c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.50;
Lb. \$5.00.

"You can't beat the Victor for an early tomato—70 to 80 tomatoes to the plant."

L. F. Dudley, Newport, N. H.
Sept. 28, 1942.



Yankee Hybrid Squash

Victor Tomatoes—New Extra Early—Smooth and Solid

This new tomato has the rare combination of fine points sought by breeders for years—extra early fruit, borne in great abundance, but so smooth, firm, solid and fine colored that it compares well with many later varieties in this respect. This variety ripens large clusters of fruit when the other extra early kinds have only one or two ripe fruits. The fruits are good size (average over $4\frac{1}{2}$ oz.) light green when young, changing to a bright red all over, smooth and handsome and with no green spots. They are firm and solid and of excellent quality.

The vine is of the sturdy determinate type, which can be planted close together (2 x 3 ft. is recommended) thus producing a much larger yield of early fruit to the acre.

This tomato has already proved to be a real money maker for the market gardener and superb early variety for home garden. We are pleased to offer New York Certified seed of our own growing.

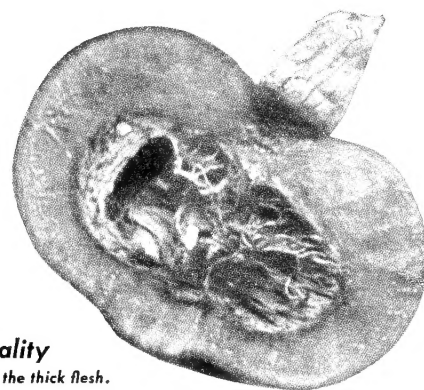
Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 40c; Oz. 75c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$2.35.

Rutgers—Harris' Northern Grown Strain

We consider Rutgers the finest main crop tomato grown today. The fruit is large, globe shape, deep red all over, and the flesh is deep red, very solid and of most superior quality. The vines are strong and sturdy, producing an enormous quantity of fine fruit. This is an unusually fine kind for home preserving as the fruit remains firm and solid when canned. It is an early main crop variety, a few days later than John Baer in ripening.

Since its introduction several years ago we have continuously grown and selected this strain on our farms here in the North, so that our stock is now even better than when first introduced. New York Certified Seed.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 35c; Oz. 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.75.



Quality

Note the thick flesh.

Quality Squash Fine Grained and Sweet

For years we have compared this squash with the best varieties, and it is still our favorite of all the kinds we grow or sell.

The outside skin is dark green, thin and hard, protecting the thick orange colored flesh. The flesh is sweeter and finer flavored than any other kind we know and cooks as dry as a good sweet potato. The texture is very fine without stringiness. The fruit is medium size (5-10 lbs.) a very convenient size for family use. The vines are strong and healthy and produce excellent crops.

We know of no more satisfactory kind for the home garden and the present trend toward the smaller and better quality squash makes this a profitable kind to grow. These attractive dark green squash find a ready sale.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 75c; Lb. \$2.50.

"The Quality squash seed received from you last year produced the best squash we have ever used. Raised over 100 from a 10c packet. Still have some in the cellar."

D. L. Hower, Warren, Ohio, Feb. 25, 1942.



Rutgers Tomatoes in our Seed Crop

Victory Garden Collections

These collections are sold at much reduced prices because they are put up ready to ship before the busy season when time is not so valuable as it is later in the spring. *The packets are full size and the seeds are the very best we have.*

We cannot make any changes in these collections. The collections are put up ready to mail, so we cannot change them in any way. Of course, anyone may order additional seeds to go with the collections.

Vegetable Collection No. 1—For a Small Garden—\$1.00 Postpaid

Regular price—\$1.80. This popular collection will plant a garden about 25 x 10 feet, or its equivalent. It is composed of one packet each of the following vegetable seeds: (No changes can be made.)

BEET , Detroit Dark Red	CARROT , Tendersweet	LETTUCE , Cosberg	SUMMER SQUASH , Early Yellow Prolific
BEANS , Pencil Pod Black Wax	SWEET CORN , Extra Early Bantam	ONION , Early Yellow Globe	SPINACH , Special Summer Savoy
BEANS , Tendergreen	SWEET CORN , Northern Cross	RADISH , Early Scarlet Globe	SWISS CHARD , Fordhook Giant
CABBAGE , Golden Acre	CUCUMBER , Harris' Perfection	RADISH , Icicle	TURNIP , Purple Top White Globe

Vegetable Collection No. 2—For a Larger Garden—\$2.25 Postpaid

Regular price—\$3.20. This collection will plant a garden about 40 x 60 ft. or 2400 sq. ft. and should grow sufficient quantity of fresh vegetables for the average size family. It includes the following seeds: (No changes can be made.)

½ Lb. each of:	1 Pkt. each of:		
BEANS , Tendergreen	BEET , Detroit Dark Red	SWEET CORN , Early Bancross 39	PARSNIP , Harris' Model
BEANS , Pencil Pod Black Wax	BEET , Long Season	CUCUMBER , Harris' Perfection	RADISH , Early Scarlet Globe
PEAS , World's Record	CABBAGE , Golden Acre	LETTUCE , Imperial 44	RADISH , Icicle
PEAS , Midseason Giant	CARROT , Nantes	LETTUCE , Black Seeded Simpson	SUMMER SQUASH , Early Yellow Prolific
1 Oz. of SPINACH , Special Summer Savoy	CARROT , Tendersweet	ONION , Early Yellow Globe	SWISS CHARD , Lucullus
	SWEET CORN , Extra Early Bantam	PARSLEY , Paramount	TURNIP , Purple Top White Globe

Vegetable Seeds (General List)

The prices in this list are subject to change without notice. All items sent postpaid unless otherwise noted. *See also inside front cover.*

ASPARAGUS

One ounce of seed will sow 75 feet of row and produce about 250 plants.

From Seeds. Asparagus seed should be sown as early as possible in the spring. The plants should be set in the permanent bed either when one or two years old. The asparagus may be cut the third year after setting out the roots.

MARY WASHINGTON. **The Best Variety.** This is the best of the rust resistant strains and is the most widely used variety for home and market. The shoots are larger and grow more rapidly than other kinds. The stalks are very thick of an attractive deep green color with purple tops and grow unusually tall without breaking. Even the largest and thickest shoots of this variety are tender and delicious. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; ¼ Lb. 45c; Lb. \$1.25.

Harris' Fresh Dug Asparagus Roots

No asparagus you can buy can possibly compare with the fresh succulent shoots right out of your garden. Anyone with a little space can have an asparagus bed. It's not difficult to start and requires but little care. The thing to do is to start with good fresh dug roots.

There is nothing so important about raising asparagus as the quality of the roots. Many roots sold are small and stunted. People who do not know what really good roots look like, accept these worthless things, and of course do not get good results. Then they think they cannot raise good asparagus. As a matter of fact if they get really well grown roots they would have no trouble in establishing a good bed which would yield an abundance of fresh asparagus every season for years.

We sell only fresh dug asparagus roots which are selected especially for their size and vigor and are superior in every way. They are carefully sorted and any small or stunted roots thrown out.

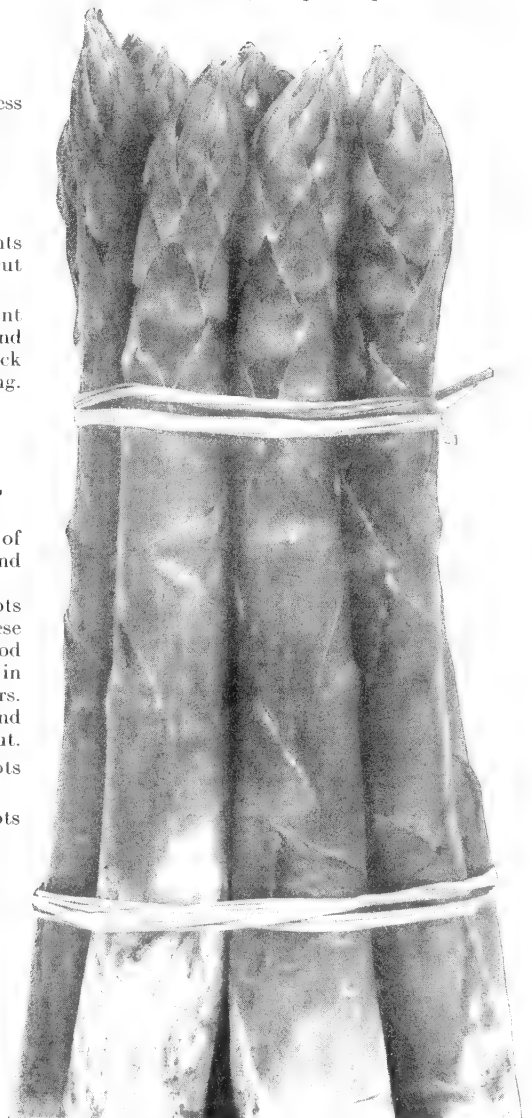
One year roots: Doz. 50c; 50 roots \$1.50; 100 roots \$2.40 transportation paid. Not paid: 500 roots \$5.00; 1000 roots \$9.00 (weight 500-35 lbs.; 1000-70 lbs.).

Two year roots: Doz. 85c; 50 roots \$2.00; 100 roots \$3.00 transportation paid. Not paid: 500 roots \$7.50; 1000 roots \$14.00 (weight 500-50 lbs.; 1000-100 lbs.).

To start a bed it is only necessary to set out the roots on good soil and give them ordinary care to keep weeds down, etc. The land should be plowed or spaded deep and worked down well and should be enriched by applying a heavy dressing of manure, which should be plowed or spaded in. The roots are set out 18 to 24 inches apart in the rows about 4 feet apart. 100 roots make a good bed, but more should be set out for a large family. Cutting may commence the third year after setting out the roots. A small cutting may be made the second year if not continued more than two weeks.

ARTICHOKE

LARGE GREEN GLOBE. (The Best Strain.) The Globe Artichoke is a perennial which produces the flower buds that are used for food the second year after sowing the seed. North of Virginia the plants require protection in winter. The seed is sown early in the spring. Cover the crowns of the plants with a mound of coal ashes as soon as the ground freezes. Pkt. 15c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$5.00.



Mary Washington Asparagus
Fresh from your garden, it is unexcelled for flavor.

BEANS

A packet of bush beans will plant 20 feet of row; a pound 150 feet. Sow 60 to 75 lbs. per acre.
1 lb. is equal to a pint, 2 lbs. 1 qt., 15 lbs. a peck.

At the prices here quoted, we prepay transportation charges on beans to places in the United States. For larger quantities, write for special prices.

Harris Beans

The varieties which we offer here have been selected as the best for quality and yield. Our stocks are grown from true clean seed, carefully rogued and hand picked. You cannot buy finer seed beans.

Grow plenty of beans: "Snap" or "string" beans are one of the most satisfactory things to grow in the home garden. They require little work and take up little room to easily produce all the fresh beans required for summer use and for canning.

Plant in rows 2 to 2½ feet apart, dropping the seed 2 inches apart, or in groups of 3 to 4 at intervals of a foot in the row which makes hoeing easier. Do not plant until the ground is warm. In New York State and New England, May 10th to 20th is early enough. Better make a small planting every two or three weeks and you will have fresh beans right up till frost.

Green Podded Bush Beans

TENDERGREEN. The Best Round Green Bush Bean. We believe there is no finer, better quality bush green bean than Tendergreen. The pods are round, thick and meaty and have a wonderful flavor and tenderness. See also description on page 3.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 80c; 7½ lbs. \$2.40; 15 lbs. \$4.35.

NEW LONG TENDERGREEN A new round green bean with even longer pods than our old favorite, Tendergreen. See photo and description on page 3.

Pkt. 20c; ½ Lb. 50c.

STRINGLESS BLACK VALENTINE. One of the most prolific of the high quality dwarf green beans. The pods are entirely stringless and when young, are nearly round, becoming somewhat flattened as they grow older. They are long, straight, very tender and of excellent flavor.

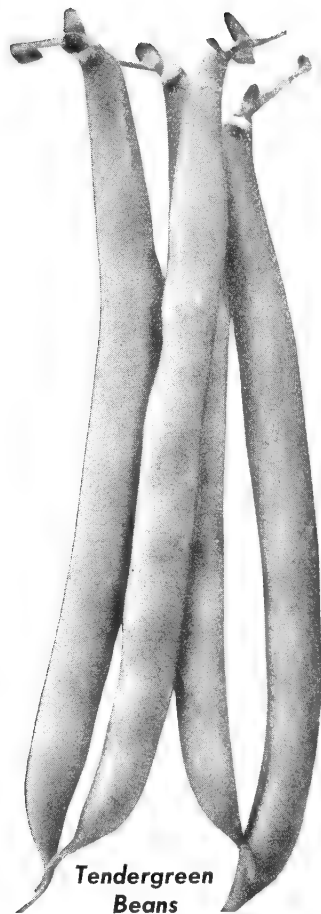
Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 40c; 2 Lbs. 70c; 7½ lbs. \$2.25; 15 lbs. \$4.00.

GIANT STRINGLESS GREEN POD. Round thick, stringless and somewhat curved. Of superior quality and very early. This is an old favorite although some of the newer kinds are better shape.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 40c; 2 Lbs. 70c; 7½ lbs. \$2.15; 15 lbs. \$3.90.

BLACK VALENTINE. A leading market variety. Very early and prolific and a profitable kind for market but not of highest quality for home use. The pods are long, nearly round, light green and of attractive appearance but not stringless, except when very young.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 40c; 2 Lbs. 70c; 7½ lbs. \$2.10; 15 lbs. \$3.75.



Tendergreen Beans

PLENTIFUL. A Fine New Flat Podded Green Bean. This is a very attractive new variety resembling Bountiful, but a few days later and with longer, more meaty and finer quality pods. The vines make a strong sturdy growth and bear pods profusely. The pods are smooth, long, and have an attractive light green color. They are entirely stringless at all stages and of excellent quality.

If you want a high quality flat podded green bean, we recommend Plentiful.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 80c; 7½ lbs. \$2.40; 15 lbs. \$4.35.

BOUNTIFUL. The Standard Flat-Podded Green Bean. If you want early green beans try this kind. It is one of the earliest green pod varieties. The pods are long, handsome, straight, and although flat are quite meaty. They are tender and entirely stringless. It is a very productive variety and continues to bear a long time. This is one of the best market and home garden varieties, as it succeeds under a wide range of conditions.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 40c; 2 Lbs. 70c; 7½ lbs. \$2.25; 15 lbs. \$4.00.

STREAMLINER (New). This new variety has become very popular on markets where fine appearance counts the most. The beans are long and slim, straight and flat. They are borne in great abundance on sturdy upright vines. The pods are an attractive light green. Seed white.

Although stringless, we do not consider it as good quality as Plentiful and for the home garden, we recommend that variety.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 30c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 80c; 7½ lbs. \$2.45; 15 lbs. \$4.50.



Plentiful Beans

Horticultural Beans

FRENCH HORTICULTURAL. Harris' Special Strain. A favorite in New England. The pods are 6 to 8 inches long, straight and heavily

splashed with bright red which gives them a very striking and attractive appearance. They grow in great profusion on the strong sturdy vines. This is a shell bean used either green or dried.

Our stock originated from a single plant which we selected in 1928 because it had the best yield, color and longest pods. There is no question but that ours is the best commercial stock of this variety grown, and particular growers tell us it is equal to any of the jealously guarded "private" stocks.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 85c; 7½ lbs. \$2.55; 15 lbs. \$4.65.

RUBY DWARF HORTICULTURAL. (Also called **Roman Beans**). Pods are of good length (4-4½ in.), light green, heavily splashed with bright red, entirely stringless and of fine quality. Often used both as a snap and shell bean.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 40c; 2 Lbs. 70c; 7½ lbs. \$2.25; 15 lbs. \$4.00.

LOWE'S CHAMPION (Sometimes called **Red Cranberry**). A bean of the Horticultural type and one of the best of this class. It can be used both as a snap bean and for shelling green. The pods are 4 to 5 in. long, flat, straight, and stringless. The vines are resistant to blight. Largely used in New England. Seed solid deep maroon in color.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 40c; 2 Lbs. 75c; 7½ lbs. \$2.30; 15 lbs. \$4.20.



French Horticultural Beans

A typical spot in one of our seed fields.

Wax or Yellow Podded Bush Beans

PENCIL POD BLACK WAX. The Finest Round Wax Bean.

The pods are long, stringless and of the choicest quality. In our opinion there is no better wax bean than Pencil Pod. See photo and description on page 3.
Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 80c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.40; 15 Lbs. \$4.35.

SURE CROP WAX. The Best Flat-Podded Wax. For an abundance of fine wax beans, grow Sure Crop. The pods are long, deep yellow, entirely stringless, of fine quality, and usually are free from rust. This is a very popular and desirable market variety. Black Seed.
Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 80c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.40; 15 Lbs. \$4.35.

WEBBER WAX also called "Cracker Jack" or "Wonder Wax." Plant some of these if you want the earliest beans. Pods are long, nearly straight, flat, entirely stringless, clear yellow and of good quality. They are very prolific, and a profitable market variety on account of their earliness.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 40c; 2 Lbs. 75c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.30; 15 Lbs. \$4.20.

ROUND-POD KIDNEY WAX or "Brittle Wax." Attractive, straight round pods 5-6 inches long, stringless and tender. An excellent variety for the home garden because of its exceptional quality.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 80c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.45; 15 Lbs. \$4.50.

UNRIVALLED WAX. Very early, with long semi-round clear yellow pods. Stringless when young and very vigorous and prolific. This is a very profitable kind for market but not considered the best quality for home use.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 40c; 2 Lbs. 75c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.30; 15 Lbs. \$4.20.

OUR PAMPHLET
"The Cultivation of Vegetables and Flowers" will be sent free with your order if requested.



Ideal Lima

Bush Lima Beans

A pound of seed will plant about 150 feet of row, a packet 20 feet. Sow about 60 lbs. per acre.

Bush Limas are more easily raised than the pole varieties but do not yield as much. These beans seem to bear better on heavy soil than on sand and the land should not be too rich. Do not plant these beans until the soil is warm as the seed is apt to rot. Plant in rows 3 feet apart and drop two or three seeds in a place 12 to 18 inches apart. When the young plants put out the first true leaves, thin to one plant to a place.

Warning: In order to get the best yields give the plants plenty of room in the row. (12 to 18 inches per plant.)

FORDHOOK. BUSH LIMA. The Best Dwarf Lima Bean. A few rows of these beans will give an ample supply for the average family. These are the earliest of the large podded dwarf limas and are universally considered the best kind both for home garden and market, particularly where a thick or "potato" lima is wanted.

The pods are of good size and filled with three to four plump thick beans. The beans are light green in color and of superior quality. The vines grow upright and are extremely vigorous and productive.

It is important to plant only first class seed. We have it.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 85c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.70; 15 Lbs. \$4.95.

HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA or **Baby Limas.** Very early and prolific. The pods are rather small and the beans are the popular "baby lima" size. They have a delightful quality and are preferred by many people. The vines grow upright and bear heavy crops of pods under almost any conditions. This is one of the most dependable bearers known.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 85c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.55; 15 Lbs. \$4.65.

BURPEE'S IMPROVED BUSH LIMA. These beans are larger than Fordhook but have somewhat flatter seed. Pods are large and contain 4 to 5 beans of attractive appearance and fine quality. They are ready a few days later than Fordhook and are highly recommended where a larger, flatter bean is wanted.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 85c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.60; 15 Lbs. \$4.80.

Pole Lima Beans

A pound of seed will plant about 100 hills.

Pole Limas require some support for the vines and many people find that rough poles 7 or more feet long answer very well. These are sunk 1½ to 2 feet in the ground and are spaced 3 to 4 feet apart each way. Plant 5 or 6 seeds around each pole and later thin to three of the strongest plants.

A neat and cheap trellis can also be made by placing a strong post at each end of the row and running a strong fence wire at top and bottom. Strings are then run from one wire to the other without tying or cutting, thus forming a support for the vines. The wire should be drawn tight and the end posts braced in some way. Plant 2 to 3 seeds in a place about a foot apart and thin to a single plant when large enough.

IDEAL. THE BEST MAMMOTH PODDED POLE BEAN. This variety is so superior that we do not sell any other kind of pole lima. The pods are immense, often 7 inches long containing usually 6 large flat beans of the very finest quality. On our own farm we always plant an extra lot of these for our own use. The vines are very vigorous, productive, and prolific and the beans are ready only about one week later than the bush limas. With pole limas it is possible to have an abundance of fine limas in a comparatively small space.
Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 85c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.60; 15 Lbs. \$4.80.

Edible Soy Beans

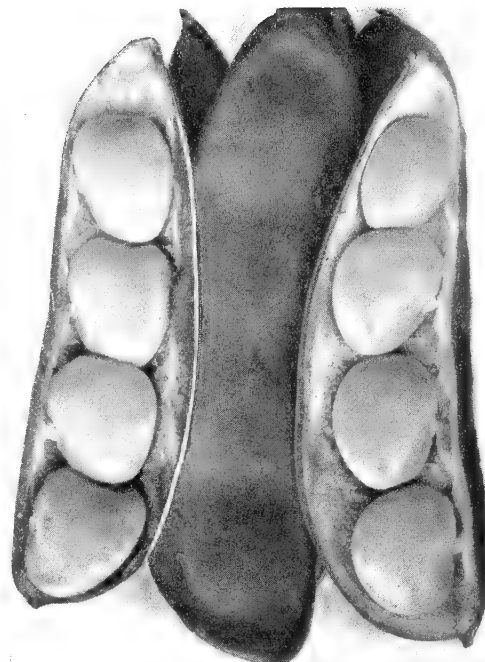
A pound of seed will sow about 150 feet of row, a packet 20 feet.

The edible soy bean has become increasingly popular in this country, because of its high vitamin content and also because it is very high in protein and fat. They are the easiest bean to grow and yield enormous crops. The beans may be eaten in the green stage when cooked and served similar to lima beans, and also are well liked dry and roasted in much the same manner as nuts.

Sow in rows 3 feet apart, dropping about 6 seeds per foot of row. The plants do not require support.

BANSEI. This variety ripens early and is the best for northern sections; it is adapted to a wide range of growing conditions. The seed is small and round and of yellow color. The plants grow about two feet high.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 85c.



Fordhook Bush Lima Beans

Other Pole Beans

A packet will plant about 20 ft. of row or 15 hills. 1 lb. will plant 100 hills.

Although not always necessary most of these varieties do best if given some support for the vines. Rough poles 7 or more feet long answer very well. These are sunk well into the ground and 5 or 6 beans planted around each pole, thinning later to 3 of the strongest plants. Pole beans may also be grown on a fence or trellis and the seed sown in a row, thinning the plants to about 8 inches apart.

SCOTIA. **Tender and Delicious.** Introduced by Joseph Harris in 1892. "You don't know beans" until you have tried this old time favorite. We have raised Scotia beans here in our own farm for over 50 years and we have yet to taste a bean that is more delicious. Hundreds of our customers have told us the same thing. If you haven't tried them do so; you have a real treat coming. The pods when cooked have a rich melting butter flavor that is possessed by no other kind.

Scotia commences to bear only five or six days after Kentucky Wonder and if kept picked will bear through August and September when the earlier bush beans are gone. A few hills will produce enough for a family.

Plant enough to can—Scotia beans are far more rich and tender than any other canned beans we have eaten. Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 80c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.40; 15 Lbs. \$4.35.

"Your Scotia beans were by far the best beans we have ever tasted." Miss Effie L. Clemons, Marblehead, Ohio Jan. 21, 1942.

"Everything I raised from my spring order from you was excellent. Nothing surpasses the Scotia beans and Long Season beans." Mrs. Amie B. Trumbull, Bangert, Mo. Sept. 29, 1942.

Kentucky Wonder Wax. A yellow Kentucky Wonder.

This is the best pole bean with wax or yellow pods we know. It is early, very prolific, and the pods are long, bright yellow, stringless when young, and of fine quality. Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 40c; 2 Lbs. 75c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.30; 15 Lbs. \$4.20.

KENTUCKY WONDER, WHITE SEEDED. Special Stock, Heavy Yielder. This is by far the heaviest yielding stock of Kentucky Wonder. Bred on our own farm from a single high producing plant it has out-yielded and outgrown three similar stocks nearly two to one.

The pods are exceptionally long and straight, of an attractive green color and when young are round and meaty like Kentucky Wonder. In addition they have white seed. This is an advantage as it not only improves the appearance of the pods when cooked or canned, but the dry beans are excellent for baking.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 40c; 2 Lbs. 75c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.45; 15 Lbs. \$4.50.

KENTUCKY WONDER. (Also called "Old Homestead") We have a fine true stock of this old favorite.

The pods are very long, round, light green, stringless when young and of extremely high quality. The vines are enormously productive, the pods often hanging in great clusters. These beans mature very early, being among the earliest of the pole varieties. This is also a profitable market bean in many sections.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 40c; 2 Lbs. 75c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.30; 15 Lbs. \$4.20.

SCARLET RUNNER. Grown principally as an ornamental vine. The flowers are bright scarlet and produced in attractive clusters. The pods somewhat resemble the limas in shape and can be used when very young, the beans in the green shell stage being of good quality.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 85c.

KING HORTICULTURAL. Harris' Special Strain. A heavy yielding large seeded

variety that we can very highly recommend both for home gardens and commercial growers who want a high class horticultural bean. The vines are vigorous and healthy and we particularly recommend this variety in places where French Horticultural does not do well.

Our stock has been bred from a single early large seeded plant which we selected several years ago, so that it produces uniformly long, straight pods with the much wanted large seed. The pods are 6 inches long, heavily splashed with bright red, entirely stringless and of fine quality.

Although a pole bean, King Horticultural can be grown successfully on light land without support.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 80c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.45; 15 Lbs. \$4.50.

Field Beans

A pound will plant from 100 to 150 feet of row, depending upon the size of the beans. Plant 60 to 75 lbs. to the acre.

The following varieties of beans are used for baking, soup, etc., and are grown extensively as field crops. These beans should be planted in rows 28 to 30 inches apart, dropping the seed about 10 to the foot of row. Prices subject to market changes and stocks being unsold. Lowest prices quoted on larger lots.

CALIFORNIA RED KIDNEY. Large, red, kidney-shaped beans. Yields heavily on strong land. This is considered one of the most profitable field beans to raise. Our stock is of a very fine strain. It is hardy, rust resistant and very prolific with long, straight well filled pods.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 40c; 2 Lbs. 70c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.15; 15 Lbs. \$3.90 transportation paid. Not paid, 25 lbs. or more at 18c per Lb.

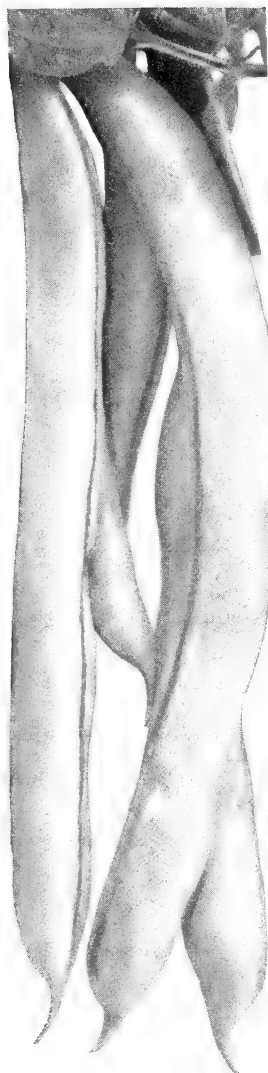
BOSTON MARROW or WHITE MARROWFAT (Perry Strain). Large plump white beans of high quality, very productive on good soil. An exceptionally fine stock, the beans being uniformly large. Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 40c; 2 Lbs. 70c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.10; 15 Lbs. \$3.75 transportation paid. Not paid, 25 lbs. or more at 17c per Lb.

ROBUST PEA BEAN. N. Y. State Certified. An improved mosaic resistant strain of Marrow Pea beans. We find that the yield from Robust is nearly twice as large as from common Marrow pea beans. In other respects the beans are the same. The beans are small, round, pure white.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 35c; 2 Lbs. 65c; 7½ Lbs. \$1.70; 15 Lbs. \$3.00 transportation paid. Not paid, 25 lbs. or more at 12c per Lb.

WHITE KIDNEY. Large, white, kidney-shaped beans of extremely fine quality for baking. The vines are vigorous and productive. A week or 10 days later than common pea beans.

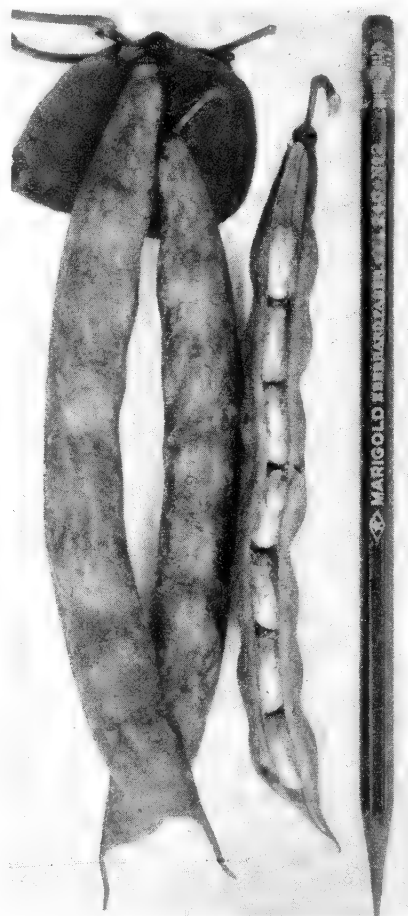
Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 40c; 2 Lbs. 75c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.40; 15 Lbs. \$4.35 transportation paid. Not paid, 25 lbs. or more at 21c per Lb.



Scotia Beans

Their flavor is unexcelled

See our \$1.00 and \$2.25 Collections of Vegetable Seeds on page 7.



King Horticultural Beans

BEETS

One ounce of seed will sow 60 feet of row, a packet, 15 feet. Ten pounds will sow an acre in rows 1 1/4 inches apart.

Beets are one of the most satisfactory vegetables to grow in the home garden. A few rows in the garden will give you fresh beets throughout the season. Sow some early in the spring, and again a few weeks later for a succession. It is an excellent plan to make a sowing in July for use in the fall. These young beets are not only a very welcome addition to your fall vegetables but when put in a pit or root cellar and covered with sand, will keep in tender condition for use during the winter.

Sow in rows 14 to 18 inches apart, dropping 2 or 3 seeds to an inch of row. Cover 1/2 to 1 inch deep (the latter if the ground is dry). Thin to about 3 inches apart while the plants are still small.

CROSBY'S EGYPTIAN. Harris' Special Strain. The Best Early Garden Beet.

There is no better early garden beet than our strain of Crosby's Egyptian. We have been raising seed of this beet for nearly 40 years and have a strain that is unequalled for fine shape and color. Our strain is the deep crimson color which is the most desirable.

The beets are of uniformly deep crimson color, only slightly flattened, very smooth and with small tops and very slender tap roots. They mature quickly, being as early as any variety.

Market gardeners find this the best beet for early bunching, as the attractive appearance of the beets commands highest prices on the markets. The beets grow quickly and for fine early beets in the home garden this strain is unequalled.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; 1/4 Lb. 60c; Lb. \$1.75.

EARLY WONDER. Closely resembles a good strain of Crosby's Egyptian. The Beets are early, dark red and have small tops making an excellent beet for early bunching. Our strain is very fine and has proved to be much superior to other strains which we have had in our trials.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; 1/4 Lb. 60c; Lb. \$1.75.

EARLY BLOOD TURNIP (also called Edmund's Blood Turnip.) Round, flattened, deep red beets. It is early, large and of very good quality but rather rough and uneven in shape. The tops grow larger than most kinds and are often grown for "beet greens."

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 15c; 1/4 Lb. 40c; Lb. \$1.30.



Harris' Crosby's Egyptian Beets

Grow these for early crop.

DETROIT DARK RED. Harris' Special Strain. The exceptionally fine quality of this beet has made it one of the most

popular kinds for the home, market garden and canning. For fall use in the home garden it has few equals. Seed sown in July will produce beautiful, tender, dark red beets, superior to use in the fall and to store for winter.

The beets are smooth, and uniform, with a solid, rich, deep red throughout. Our stock is outstanding for fine color.

We have grown and selected this strain for many years on our own farm and we can confidently state that there is no better Detroit Dark Red beet to be obtained.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; 1/4 Lb. 60c; Lb. \$1.75.

PERFECTED DETROIT. This strain of Detroit Dark Red is very well liked because of its beautiful dark red color all through the beet. The shape is more flattened than Harris' Special Detroit and usually not as smooth, but the color is an intense solid deep red, almost without any zones. The flesh is of fine quality, tender and sweet. A desirable home garden beet, and one that is especially suitable for canning. It is widely used by commercial growers for sale to canners.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; 1/4 Lb. 55c; Lb. \$1.65.

LONG SMOOTH BLOOD RED. The True Strain. The roots grow half out of the ground, are long, smooth, very dark red and of high quality. Used extensively for pickling. Our strain is very uniform for shape and dark color.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; 1/4 Lb. 60c; Lb. \$1.75.

"BEETS FOR GREENS." Beet greens are both healthful and appetizing. They are easily grown. We have a rapid growing large topped variety which will produce an abundance of greens quickly.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 15c; 1/4 Lb. 40c; Lb. \$1.25.



Harris' Special Detroit Dark Red Beets

Best for fall—wonderful quality.

LONG SEASON. Also called "Winter Keeper." No garden is complete without some Long

Season beets. They are rather late and somewhat rough in shape but there is no finer beet to eat in the summer and to store for winter. No matter how big they grow, they remain just as sweet and tender as tiny young beets and they have a delicious flavor all their own. See full description and photo on page 2.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 30c; 1/4 Lb. 80c; Lb. \$2.25.

MANGELS and Sugar Beets

6 to 8 pounds of seed will plant an acre.

A most valuable food for cattle and sheep. Sow the seed in May in rows 2 1/2 feet apart. Easily harvested and can be stored in a cold cellar or in pits where they will keep all winter; also largely used by poultry raisers for green feed in winter.

MAMMOTH LONG RED or Norbiton Giant.

One of the largest yielding varieties. The feeding quality is very high. Roots are large, long and grow over half out of the ground, bright red outside; flesh white with light red zoning.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; 1/4 Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.50; 10 Lbs. \$14.00.

DANISH YELLOW GIANT. (Sludstrup.) High Producing Strain.

This mangel is considered the standard yellow variety here in the East. Grows to a very large size producing extremely heavy yields. Deep yellow skinned with white flesh. Grows two-thirds above the ground.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; 1/4 Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.50; 10 Lbs. \$14.00.

SPINACH BEET OR SWISS CHARD—See under Swiss Chard on page 38.



Danish Yellow Giant Mangels

BROCCOLI—A Delicious, Easily Grown Vegetable

A packet will produce about 200 plants; an ounce about 2000.

Almost everyone is now familiar with this delicious vegetable, but most people do not realize how easy it is to grow. Simply sow the seed in the open ground in May and when the plants are large enough, transplant into the garden about 2½ ft. apart.

The larger center "head" is cut out when ready to use and the plant will then form numerous branch heads which can be used later, so a continuous supply may be had for a long time. A few plants set in June will give sufficient of this very popular delicacy for a medium sized family. Sprouting Broccoli is a very profitable crop both for market and roadside stands. The yield is large and broccoli always sells for good prices.

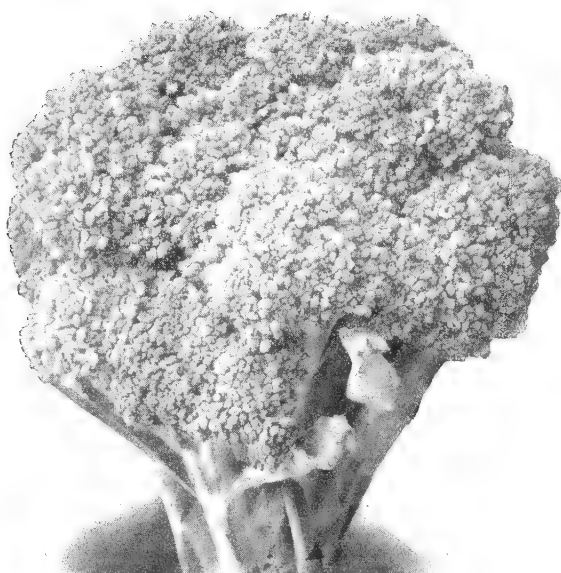
Note: If a large center head is not desired (as for bunching) seed may be sown directly in rows 2½ to 3 ft. apart and the plants thinned 3 to 6 in. apart. This will produce a great number of small center heads and side shoots for bunching. Sow from the middle of May until the last of June.

ITALIAN GREEN SPROUTING. *True Calabrese Strain. The Best Heading Kind.* This is the best stock we have ever seen. It is early, sure-heading and uniform, each plant producing a large center head and many side shoots.

Pkt. 15c; ½ Oz. 40c; Oz. 75c; ¼ Lb. \$2.00.

BROCCOLI and BRUSSELS SPROUTS PLANTS

For the convenience of home gardeners, we can furnish sturdy, field-grown plants of Broccoli and Brussels Sprouts at the proper time for transplanting. See page 82.



Broccoli—This is the large center head.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

One ounce of seed will produce about 3000 plants, a packet 300 plants.

This delicious vegetable has long been a favorite table delicacy. The delicate flavor is relished by hosts of people, but "sprouts" have been considered difficult to grow. Brussels Sprouts are easy to grow, the trouble has been more with the kinds tried than with the growers. With the fine strain we offer, any one should be able to grow first class sprouts. The plants are set out like cabbage and the sprouts that grow on the stem picked off as wanted. Sprouts are of better quality after having been frozen, so the plants may be left in the open ground until nearly December in the North and all winter south of New Jersey. If the plants are pulled and stored in a cool not too dry place, you can have delicious sprouts for weeks longer.

CATSKILL. (New.) **The Best Variety.** With this new strain, both home and market gardeners can obtain fine Brussels

sprouts where they have never been able to grow them before. It was developed by Mr. Arthur White of Arkville, N. Y. and is considered the best strain in the Catskill mountain region where the finest Brussels Sprouts in the country are grown. Even under adverse conditions it will produce large crops of fine sprouts.

The plants are of medium size and produce an abundance of fine, firm dark green sprouts of the finest quality. They sell for highest prices on the market or will make a welcome addition to your table from the last of September until nearly mid winter.

Pkt. 25c; ¼ Oz. 90c; ½ Oz. \$1.65; Oz. \$3.00.



Catskill Brussels Sprouts

CHINESE CABBAGE also called "Celery Cabbage"

An ounce of seed will sow 300 to 400 feet of row, a packet 30 feet.

Forms tender crisp heads which are very delicious and can be served in a number of ways. The flavor somewhat resembles cabbage but is much more delicate. It is delicious when served as salad or slaw. The leaves may be cooked like spinach or the midrib alone used and served like asparagus.

The seed should be sown *not earlier than the first of July* in rows 2½ feet apart, and the plants thinned to 18 to 20 inches apart in the rows. If sown early it soon runs to seed and is useless. Matures in 8 to 10 weeks.

CHIHLI. *By Far The Best Variety.* Heads earlier and more evenly than any other kind. The heads are pointed, very firm and when matured are often 18 inches long. They are pure white inside, tender and of finest quality.

Chihli has now almost entirely superseded the older varieties as the attractive heads are more firm, and mature earlier. Our strain is very uniform and sure heading.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 45c; ¼ Lb. \$1.30; Lb. \$4.00.

COLLARDS

GEORGIA. Has large cabbage-like leaves, which grow loosely on stems 2½ to 3 ft. tall. It does not form heads but the leaves are used. It is popular in the South for table use and stock feeding. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 15c; ¼ Lb. 35c; Lb. 90c.

"The seeds I ordered from you produced wonderfully. I had a lovely garden, and in fact I won first prize out of 125 gardens. I also got first prize at the exhibit. I felt so proud that I decided to keep buying Harris' Seeds." Andrew Hookstra, Uxbridge, Mass. April 23, 1942.



Chihli Chinese Cabbage

CABBAGE

A packet will produce about 250 plants. One ounce of seed will produce 1500 to 2000 plants sown in open ground, or 3000 if sown in frames; ¼ to ½ lb. of seed is needed to produce plants for an acre.

Methods of Culture. To get very early cabbage in the Northern states, sow the seed in hot-beds in February or March, or about six weeks before the ground outside is ready to receive the plants. For the home garden it is often more satisfactory to buy a few dozen plants for early cabbage. (See page 82.) For medium early crops, the seed of early kinds may be

sown in the open ground as early as possible and the plants transplanted as soon as large enough. They will give cabbage ready for use in August if the land is rich and well cultivated. For the late crop the seed should be sown in the Northern states about May 20, and the plants set out July 1. Early varieties may be sown as late as June 10, and will mature a good crop.

Early and Medium Early Varieties

GOLDEN ACRE. **The Earliest Cabbage.** Every garden should have some Golden Acre.

It is not only the earliest cabbage we know but so dependable and sure heading that practically every plant makes a perfect head. It is ready to use a week earlier than Early Jersey Wakefield and commercial growers everywhere recognize it as the most profitable early market variety.

The heads are of fine quality, round as a ball and very firm. They are medium size, weighing about 4 or 5 lbs., an ideal size for family use. For tender, delicious, sweet cabbage, there is no finer type than Golden Acre.

The plants make a neat compact growth with few outer leaves which permits them to be set close together. The growth is very uniform and the heads are so attractive that home gardeners are always proud of their rows of Golden Acre.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 60c; ¼ Lb. \$1.75; Lb. \$6.00.

COPENHAGEN MARKET. **Large Heading Strain.** This popular variety has heads which are larger than Golden Acre and mature about 10 days later. They are firm, round and grow on compact plants, practically every plant making a good head. A profitable cabbage for market and excellent for the home garden.

We regret very much that because of crop failure we cannot offer any seed of this variety. We consider the best substitutes to be Golden Acre Yellows Resistant or Copenhagen Market Yellows Resistant, both described on this page.

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD. **Early Pointed Heads.** The heads are of conical shape pointed at the top and rounded at the base. They make fine firm small heads very early in the season and are of excellent quality—tender, crisp and delicious. Highly recommended for home gardens and markets which prefer pointed heads.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 45c; ¼ Lb. \$1.20; Lb. \$4.00.

ENKUIZEN GLORY. One of the best and most popular varieties for the home garden and market or kraut. The heads ripen only a week later than Copenhagen Market and are large, round and very solid. The flavor is remarkably fine.

Our strain is noted for its earliness and the great uniformity of the large heads. Very well liked by many growers and highly recommended.

GREEN ACRE. The heads resemble the famous Golden Acre, but are larger, greener and mature a few days later. They are very solid and stand better than most early kinds without splitting. The plants are very compact so they can be planted close together.

Crop Failed.

LARGE LATE COPENHAGEN. **Fine Kraut Cabbage.** Noted for its ability to stand a long time without splitting or getting soft. Produces large solid heads of fine quality.

Crop Failed.



Golden Acre Cabbage
Solid bright green heads. Very early.

Yellows Resistant Varieties Early and Medium Early

With the increase in the number of localities having trouble with "yellows sick" soil, yellows resistant varieties should be planted more. In many sections they are the only varieties which will succeed. Even if the yellows infection is slight, and the ordinary kinds can be grown, the yellows resistant varieties usually do better and produce larger crops.

The yellows resistant varieties have been so improved in the past few years, that in nearly all cases they are as true and uniform as the similar non-resistant kinds. Our stocks listed below are the best to be had.

GOLDEN ACRE Yellows Resistant. This stock ripens a few days later than Golden Acre and is very uniform in size and shape. The heads are a little larger than Golden Acre but have the same fine type. This strain can be used with absolute satisfaction wherever early cabbage of the Golden Acre type is wanted and in addition will produce good crops on "yellows" sick soil where regular Golden Acre cannot do well.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$5.00.

COPENHAGEN MARKET Yellows Resistant. Special Stock. This fine yellows resistant variety is extremely uniform and most attractive. The heads are of the Copenhagen type but grow larger and mature about in season with Marion Market.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 60c; ¼ Lb. \$1.75; Lb. \$6.00.

MARION MARKET. **Yellows Resistant Copenhagen Type.** The heads resemble Copenhagen Market but are larger and mature several days later. The heads are round and very solid and the quality is excellent.

We have a very uniform and true stock of this variety which will produce large round heads on land so diseased with yellows that other cabbage fails entirely. Our strain grows such fine heads that it is used by many growers who have very slight or no yellows infection. We highly recommend this excellent cabbage.

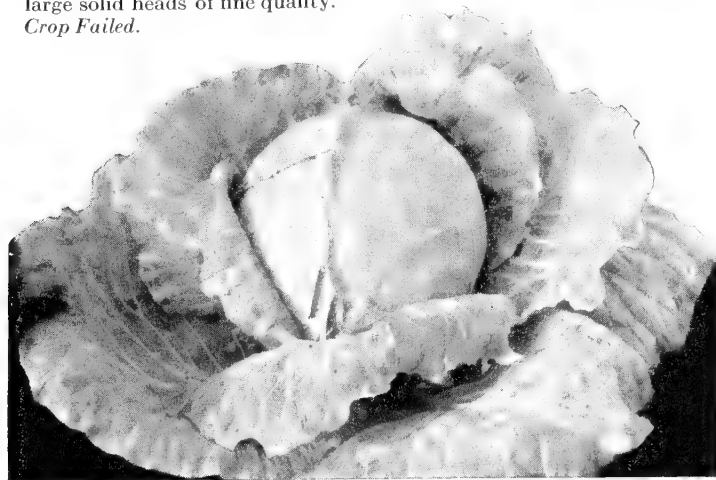
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$5.00.

ENKUIZEN GLORY Yellows Resistant (Globe). This is an excellent large kraut type and should replace Enkhuizen Glory on all land that is infected with yellows. Our stock is very even, producing large uniform heads.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$5.00.

ALL SEASONS Yellows Resistant. Produces very large flat heads and gives enormous yields. It is a very hardy type of domestic cabbage which stands a long time, and it is especially valuable for kraut growers with yellows infected soil as it is highly resistant.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 45c; ¼ Lb. \$1.20; Lb. \$4.00.



Marion Market—Yellows Resistant Copenhagen Type.

CABBAGE—Continued on next page.

Harris' Special Strains of Danish Cabbage

There are numerous strains of Danish Cabbage that differ in some particulars or are suited to particular climates, types of soil or markets. There seems to be no "best" type for all places and all conditions. The thing to do is to find out which type is best suited to your farm or garden and grow that kind. The strains which we offer here have been selected as the best only after very careful comparison.

HARRIS' BALLHEAD. Uniform Heavy Yielding Danish Cabbage.

This exceptionally fine stock of Danish cabbage is produced entirely by us on our own farms. It is very uniform, extremely solid and just the right size for market and shipping. The heads are rounder than most Danish and of greener color. They keep exceptionally well in storage, and often sell readily when the market is slow.

Pkt. 15c; ½ Oz. 40c; Oz. 75c; ¼ Lb. \$2.40; Lb. \$8.00.

DANISH BALLHEAD Short Stem. This is a very superior stock which has given great satisfaction to growers for many years. The heads are large, very solid, more flattened than Harris' Ballhead, and of good color. Our stock is very uniform and heavy yielding, practically every plant making a good firm head. Excellent for storage.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 70c; ¼ Lb. \$2.10; Lb. \$7.00.

DANISH BALLHEAD Intermediate. Has taller stems, produces heads that are rounder in shape than the Short Stem. Very solid, and deep green and has a reputation for storing exceptionally well. We recommend this uniform and heavy yielding stock to growers who want rounder heads of Danish cabbage.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 60c; ¼ Lb. \$1.75; Lb. \$6.00.

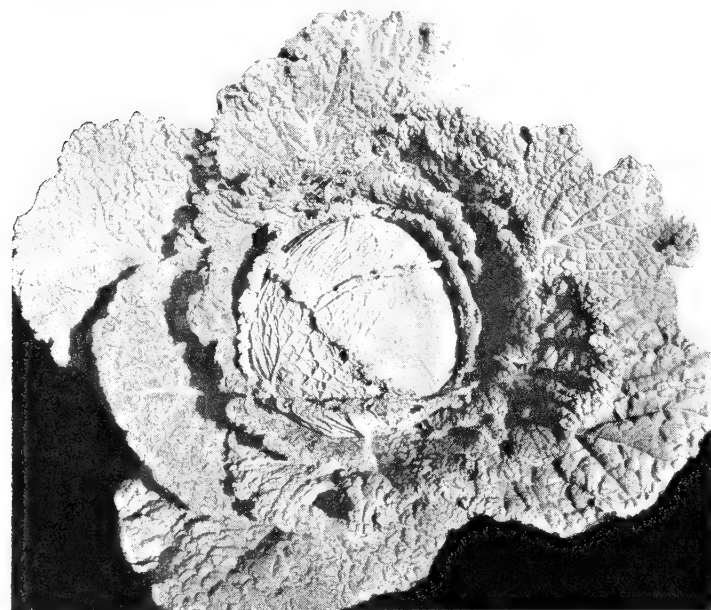
Yellows Resistant Danish Varieties

WISCONSIN HOLLANDER. Yellows Resistant. Use this strain to grow Danish cabbage if your land is diseased with "Yellows." Under normal conditions it produces good crops on land where other Danish cabbage fails entirely. The heads are uniform, as round as a ball and very deep green with a purple or bluish tint on the edges. The plants are of strong, healthy growth with short stems.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 65c; ¼ Lb. \$1.85; Lb. \$6.50.

BUGNER. Yellows Resistant. This is a late cabbage of the Danish type which is popular in many sections. It will produce large crops on yellows sick land. One of the heaviest yielding kinds we know. The heads are large, slightly flattened, very solid and heavy. Keeps well in storage.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$5.00.

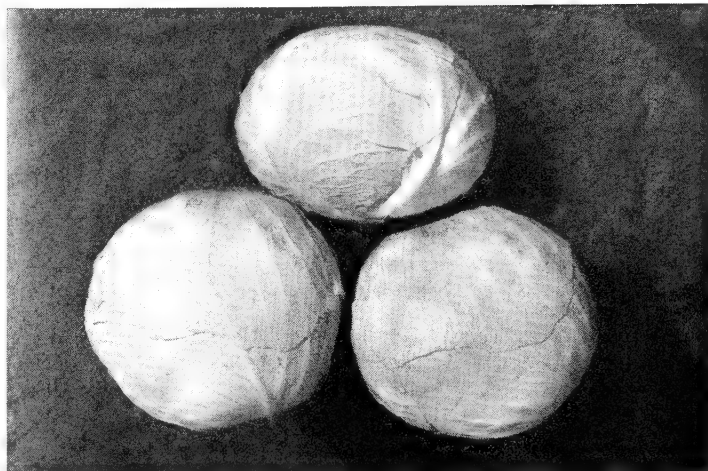


Super Curled Savoy
Grow this for fine quality.

Unusual Vegetables

In addition to the well known kinds most generally grown, there are many excellent vegetables which, although not so well known, add interest to the garden and a welcome variety to the diet. Among these kinds are:

Brussels Sprouts, Broccoli and Chinese Cabbage, all described on page 12; *Italian Purple Cauliflower and Celery*, page 16; *Endive*, page 23; *Leek*, page 24; *Hamburg Parsley*, page 30; *Salsify or Vegetable Oyster*, page 35; and others. Try some of these this year, they are all easy to grow.



Penn State Ballhead

These fine heads are very solid.

PENN STATE BALLHEAD. This is a very fine short-stemmed Danish cabbage originated at the Pennsylvania State College and is a great favorite in many cabbage growing sections. The heads are of medium size and slightly flattened; they are very hard and have an attractive bright green color. We highly recommend this variety.

We offer a very uniform and heavy yielding stock which produces a large tonnage and keeps exceptionally well in storage.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 65c; ¼ Lb. \$1.85; Lb. \$6.50.

PREMIUM FLAT DUTCH. The old standard Flat Dutch. A first class, large, late cabbage. Used for kraut and is fine for that purpose.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 45c; ¼ Lb. \$1.20; Lb. \$4.00.

HOT WATER TREATED CABBAGE SEED

All the cabbage seed we sell is hot water treated at no increase in cost to you!

This is a most important step in the control of Black Leg.

Hot water treatment is more work and expense to us but added crop insurance for you!

Savoy Cabbage

This fine cabbage should have a place in every home garden as it is of so much finer quality than ordinary cabbage. The flavor when cooked is mild and pleasing, much superior to common cabbage. If you have not eaten Savoy cabbage you have no idea what fine cabbage tastes like.

SUPER CURLED SAVOY. The Best Savoy. This is the finest stock of Savoy cabbage.

The plants are uniform, short stemmed and compact. The heads are large, firm, round and completely blistered or "Savoyed" all through the head, and of exceptionally fine quality. The interior of the head is an attractive light green color and has a most pleasant and appetizing flavor.

This strain matures earlier and more evenly than any stock we have ever seen. This is the same type as the fine Savoy cabbage produced by Long Island growers.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 65c; ¼ Lb. \$1.85; Lb. \$6.50.

Red Cabbage

Red cabbage is always in demand and it usually sells for more than white cabbage. If good seed is used there is no reason why Red cabbage should not yield well and prove very profitable.

MAMMOTH ROCK RED. Large Solid Heads. This is the largest of the red varieties and is an immensely popular type. The heads are very dark red in color, slightly flattened in shape, and firm and solid. Our strain is very reliable and uniform and will produce the finest heads. This variety ripens in season with the main crop types and is very sure-heading, producing very heavy yields under normal conditions.

Mammoth Rock Red is of excellent quality and is widely used for pickling. It is an excellent storage variety as it will keep well into the winter. We highly recommend this type to our customers.

Pkt. 15c; ½ Oz. 40c; Oz. 70c; ¼ Lb. \$2.10; Lb. \$7.00.

"My Golden Acre Cabbage which I bought from you early this spring has all the neighbors biting their nails in envy."

M. S. Glueck, Kensington, Md., July 17 1942.

CARROTS

One ounce of seed will sow 300 feet of row, a packet 30 feet. 2 to 4 pounds will sow an acre.



1. Red Cored Chantenay 2. Imperator
3. Danvers Half Long 4. Nantes 5. Chantenay

IMPERATOR. This is the fine quality bunching carrot that comes into our markets from California and has proved to be an excellent bunch carrot to grow in the East. The roots grow 8 in. long, are smooth and slightly tapering. They closely resemble Morse's Bunching in shape. The color is deep orange and extends right to the center, and with a very small core. The tops are just right for bunching. Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 25c; Oz. 45c; ¼ Lb. \$1.35; Lb. \$4.00.

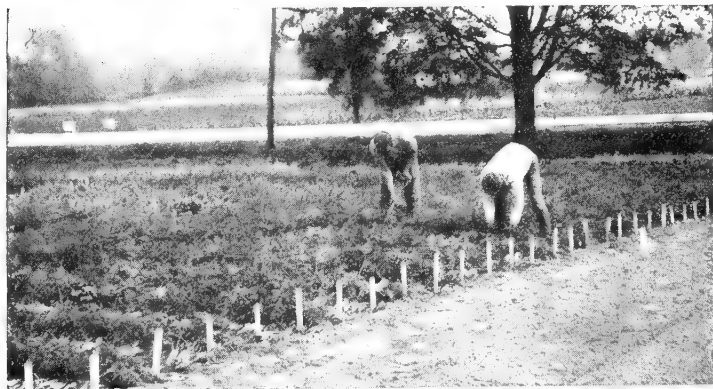
NANTES. *Coreless.* One of the very best carrots grown. The exceptionally fine quality and smooth attractive shape have made it a universal favorite for both home use and market.

Nantes is ready to use earlier than any other kind, and it has a delicious flavor combined with a sweet melting tenderness that delights everyone who tries them. See also page 2.

Pkt. 15c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 55c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$4.50.

SUPREME HALF LONG. *Coreless.* A fine home and market variety. The roots are tapering, slightly stump-rooted, and grow about an inch longer than our Chantenay Special. The flesh is smooth, of fine quality and deep orange in color throughout as there is practically no core. The tops are fairly small.

Pkt. 15c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.35; Lb. \$4.00.



Refined modern varieties, such as Nantes, Tendersweet, Supreme Half Long, etc., are all so much finer in texture and of milder flavor that there is no comparison with the older kinds. Modern carrots are a really delicious vegetable eaten either cooked or raw. A few rows will supply all you want, as you can thin out the small ones for early use and let the rest grow for fall and winter.

Carrots can be sown from early spring to the middle of summer. The earlier they are sown the larger the crop as a rule, but late sowings produce nice carrots for fall.

Carrots for Fall. If *Nantes (Coreless)* Carrots are sown in August they will make carrots about the size of one's finger for fall use. These are extremely delicious eaten raw or cooked whole with butter sauce.

CHANTENAY. Special Strain. Long. Still the most popular carrot for general use and market. The roots grow 6 to 7 inches long, tapering slightly and are quite stump-rooted. The color is a rich orange and the roots are fine grained, smooth and of fine quality.

We offer a very uniform strain which grows *an inch longer* than the usual Chantenay, which gives the carrots a very handsome shape and appearance. Commercial growers and home gardeners alike are delighted with the vigor, fine yield and good quality of this strain. Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 25c; Oz. 40c; ¼ Lb. \$1.20; Lb. \$3.00.

RED CORED CHANTENAY. We have a very true stock of this fine variety which has become so popular with market gardeners, canners and home gardeners.

The color of the flesh is deep orange extending right through to the center. The quality is very fine. Because of the fine quality, uniform deep color, and high yield this variety is very popular with canners. The carrots are very smooth and but a little shorter than our Special Chantenay. This variety yields large crops and is grown considerably on muck.

For the home garden this variety is especially valuable as it succeeds under a wide range of conditions and does not require as deeply plowed soil as some of the longer kinds. Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 25c; Oz. 45c; ¼ Lb. \$1.25; Lb. \$3.50.

DANVERS HALF LONG. This is a very well known and dependable main crop or late carrot with roots about 7 or 8 inches long, tapering to the bottom. Its shape makes it easy to harvest and it is valuable for stock feeding as well as for market. Very heavy yields are often obtained, a thousand bushels per acre being not at all unusual. Our stock is the most uniform obtainable.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 40c; ¼ Lb. \$1.20; Lb. \$3.25.

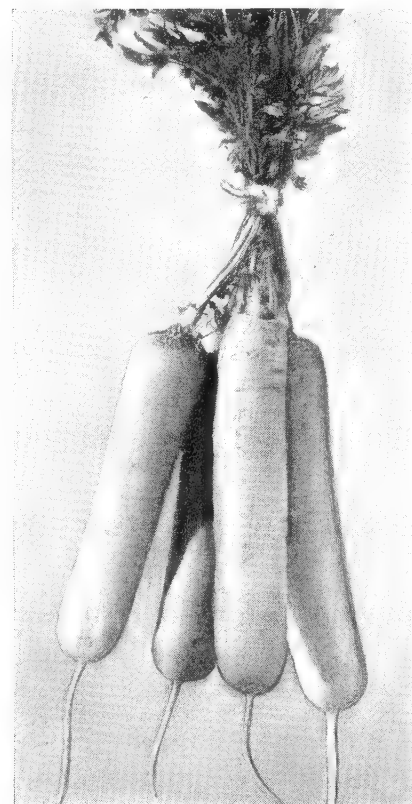
HUTCHINSON. True New England Type. Each year we enjoy increased sales of our very superior stock of this popular New England variety. It is a large and very productive variety and is especially valuable for busheling. The roots are 8 to 10 inches long, nearly the same size the whole length, stump-rooted and of a bright orange color.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 40c; ¼ Lb. \$1.25; Lb. \$3.50.

TENDERSWEET. The Sweetest Kind. Fine textured and sweeter than any we have tasted. The roots are long and of deep red orange color tinged with red at the top. The fine quality has made it immensely popular. See photo and full description on page 2.

Pkt. 15c; ½ Oz. 25c; Oz. 45c; ¼ Lb. \$1.25; Lb. \$3.50.

"Your Tendersweet Carrots are the finest. Tendergreen Beans (see page 3) picked early for canning are unequalled."
3/30/42 Kenneth H. Perley, Lewiston, Maine.



Carrot Trials on Moreton Farm

All our seeds are carefully tested every year in comparison with others so we know we are offering our customers only the best.

Nantes Carrot

These are delicious either raw or cooked.

CAULIFLOWER

One ounce of seed will produce 1500 to 2000 plants in open ground, or about 3000 in frames; a packet will produce 150 plants.

Cauliflower is not difficult to grow in the home garden if you do not attempt to get heads too early in the summer. Sow the seed in open ground or cold frames about the middle of May or first of June. Transplant to rich moist soil late in June or early July. If soil and weather conditions are normal, fine large firm heads will be produced in September and October.

More experienced growers get good early cauliflower by starting the plants under glass in March and transplanting to the garden when the soil becomes warm. They must be given a good supply of moisture and a very fertile soil to do well.

With either early or late plantings, great care must be taken that the plants do not become checked in growth as that will cause them to head prematurely. For small gardens it is often better to buy plants. See page 82.

SUPER SNOWBALL. A larger, very early Cauliflower. A grand variety, earlier than any other strain of Snowball and on this account has been one of the most profitable varieties for the grower.

It heads so evenly that often the largest part of the crop can be harvested before the later varieties are ready. This may be an objection for the home garden where cauliflower is wanted all through the season but for market it should certainly be used for at least part of the planting.

Those who want the largest and finest cauliflower early in the season will find the Super Snowball a most satisfactory kind. It requires good land and favorable growing conditions for best results. On poorer soil other varieties sometimes do better.

The plants are strong and vigorous and the leaves curl over the heads so as to protect them from the sun and keep them white until the heads are quite large.

Pkt. 30c; ¼ Oz. \$1.20; ½ Oz. \$2.10; Oz. \$4.00; ¼ Lb. \$14.00.



New Early Purple Head Cauliflower—The most delicious.

CELERIAC

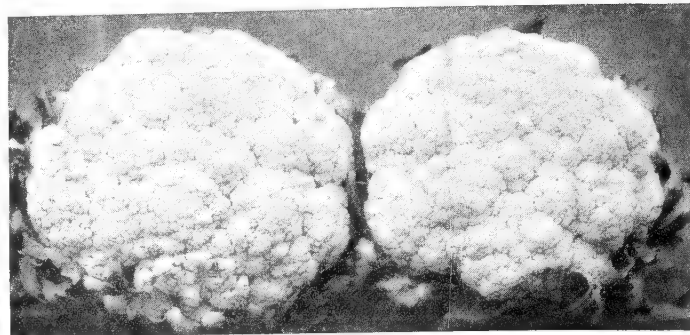
Turnip Rooted or "Knob" Celery

This is a really delicious vegetable which gives a very welcome addition to the fall and winter menu. It is easy to grow and should be in every home garden. It is a kind of Celery which forms large bulb-like roots. The bulbs when cut into cubes, boiled and served with a cream sauce are delicious. It has a pleasant nut-like celery flavor. The culture is the same as for Celery except that it needs no blanching. Celeriac attains its best size when grown on mellow well fertilized ground.

LARGE PRAGUE. Excellent for Home or Market. This fine variety produces even large round bulbs or "knobs" of the choicest quality. The roots are tender with smooth white flesh and have a delicate appetizing flavor.

Our strain is exceptionally fine, producing very large bulbs.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50.



Snowball Cauliflower

SNOWBALL. Perfected Strain. The Best Cauliflower. This is without doubt the best all round cauliflower and we highly recommend it both for home garden and market. It heads more surely than any other kind, and produces the finest, most attractive heads.

Although an early variety, Snowball has also proved to be the best for late or main crop. The plant is dwarf and compact and the heads are large, deep, solid, snow white, and with a tight curd and without protruding leaves.

We have grown a great many strains of Snowball Cauliflower in our trials but have never seen one that compares with this for all round good points. Our customers tell us that there is no better stock available at any price.

Pkt. 25c; ¼ Oz. \$1.10; ½ Oz. \$1.85; Oz. \$3.50; ¼ Lb. \$12.50.

SNOWDRIFT. Called **White Mountain** and **Improved Holland Erfurt**. Noted for its extremely white heads. The heads are large, deep and with a fine tight curd. The plants are sturdy with large leaves that cover the heads exceptionally well. Matures at the same time as Snowball. This is a very reliable variety and is popular in many sections. We have a very true stock.

Pkt. 25c; ¼ Oz. \$1.10; ½ Oz. \$1.85; Oz. \$3.50; ¼ Lb. \$12.50.

Italian Purple Cauliflower

NEW EARLY PURPLE HEAD. The most Delicious Cauliflower. Of more delicate flavor than Broccoli and Brussels Sprouts and superior in quality to any other kind of cauliflower.

The heads are the same shape as ordinary cauliflower but instead of being white are deep purple on the top. When cooked this cauliflower is green like Broccoli, which it resembles in flavor, but is far more delicate.

Purple cauliflower is by far the easiest to grow. The plants are large and robust, and this stock is so sure heading that every plant produces a fine tight head. They do not require tying as the heads are not blanched. This is not an early variety, but ripens easily in our seasons from plants set in June.

Some of our friends who do not like ordinary cauliflower think the Italian Purple delicious. Try some of it this year. We know you will like it.

Pkt. 25c; ¼ Oz. 90c; ½ Oz. \$1.75; Oz. \$3.00; ¼ Lb. \$10.00.

Hot Water Treated Seed

We can supply Hot Water Treated Seed of Cauliflower listed on this page, at no advance in cost. Hot Water Treated seed is usually a little lower in germination. We will supply *untreated* seed on all orders unless treated seed is specifically requested. Simply mark "H. W. T." on your order.



Celeriac—For a delicious vegetable—Try these

CELERY

One ounce of seed will produce about 8000 plants, a packet 400 to 500 plants.



Masterpiece Celery—Exceedingly fine flavor.

MASTERPIECE. New. This is a fine celery which is becoming more popular every year. It is an early yellow variety, with very fine quality and flavor. The stems are very thick, broad with rounded edges, and long, often 7 to 8 inches. They are crisp and have a fine nutty flavor. We recommend it highly.

Pkt. 15c; ¼ Oz. 40c; ½ Oz. 65c; Oz. \$1.25; ¼ Lb. \$4.25.

SUPER PLUME. This new kind is very similar in appearance and height to our original strain of Golden Plume, but the edible part of the stems is thicker and longer, usually 8 to 9 inches, making an unusually good heart. They are firm, crisp and of excellent quality. It is earlier than our regular Golden Plume, and has proved its ability to stand a long time without becoming pithy. An excellent kind for storage as well as early market.

Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 35c; ½ Oz. 55c; Oz. \$1.00; ¼ Lb. \$3.40.

SUPREME GOLDEN. Improved Golden Self-Blanching. This variety matures a few days earlier than the old Golden Self-Blanching and a little later than Golden Plume. The long inside stems give it a thick full heart, and almost cylindrical shape, making the whole plant very solid and compact. It is taller growing than the Golden Self-Blanching; the stems being long, rather thick, of excellent quality and blanch to a rich creamy white. The tops are very compact.

Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 35c; ½ Oz. 55c; Oz. \$1.00; ¼ Lb. \$3.40.



Summer Pascal

Good celery is not difficult to raise. The trouble most unskilled gardeners experience is in raising the plants. For very early planting the seed should be sown in the greenhouse or hot bed in February or first of March. For late crop the seed is sown in the open ground as early as possible. Great care must be taken not to cover the seed too deep. Most failures to get the seed to germinate are due to this cause.

We give full directions for culture with every order for seed if requested. For the home garden it is often more satisfactory to buy the plants.

Yellow or Self-Blanching Varieties

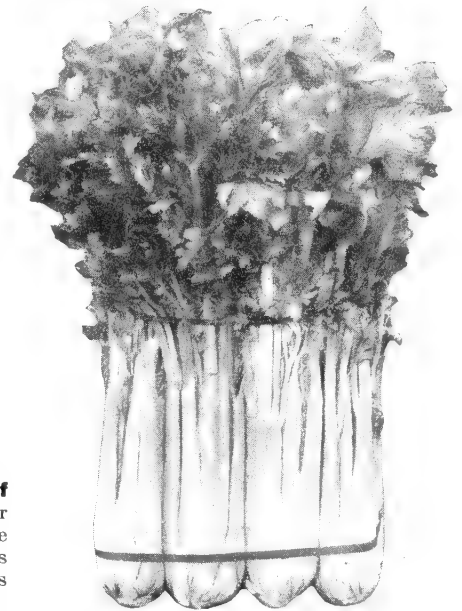
CORNELL 19. (New.) A new main crop yellow celery of such remarkable quality that even the outside stalks are delicious. The stems are very thick, rounded and smooth, and have a wonderful flavor and tenderness. See photo and full description on page 2.

Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 60c; ½ Oz. 90c; Oz. \$1.75; ¼ Lb. \$5.50.

GOLDEN PLUME or WONDERFUL. Fine Early Celery. This is by far the most widely grown early yellow celery, and many gardeners consider it the best variety yet offered for early crop. Our strain is extra fine and is the true original type which has made Golden Plume famous.

The plants are sturdy and vigorous and resist disease well. The hearts are full and solid and of excellent quality. Our strain has a beautiful even golden color with no soft stalks. This is the finest strain of Golden Plume that can be obtained.

Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 40c; Oz. 75c; ¼ Lb. \$2.35.



Golden Plume—Original Strain.

Green Varieties

SUMMER PASCAL. New Early Green Celery of Superior Quality. In our

opinion this is the finest quality celery grown. The stems are so thick and tender that even the unblanched outside stalks are surprisingly fine. They have a rich full flavor that is seldom found in celery.

The plant is not tall, but sturdy and robust. The stems to the first joint are exceptionally long (8 to 9 in.) and the inside stems grow long also making a thick solid plant. It blanches to a pure white.

Summer Pascal is already highly popular wherever green celery is grown. It is an early variety, maturing right after Easy Blanching and before Salt Lake. We offer an exceptionally fine stock.

Pkt. 15c; ¼ Oz. 60c; ½ Oz. 90c; Oz. \$1.75; ¼ Lb. \$5.50.

EASY BLANCHING, or Newark Market. An excellent kind for late fall or early winter use. Resembles Golden Self-Blanching in shape and size, but blanches pure white instead of light yellow. The quality is even better than that variety.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 35c; Oz. 60c; ¼ Lb. \$1.75.

SALT LAKE. also called UTAH. The Standard Green Celery. Green celery is superior to yellow both in quality and flavor and Salt Lake is famous for both these characteristics.

The stalks are large yet tender and with very little fiber and with a thick well developed heart. There are practically no soft stalks, which is unusual with green celery. This celery blanches quicker than many green varieties and when blanched is pure white, very crisp, brittle and altogether of the finest flavor.

The firm hard stalks keep well and we can highly recommend this celery for winter storage.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 45c; Oz. 85c; ¼ Lb. \$2.85.

GIANT PASCAL—Special Strain. Late. An exceptionally fine stock much superior to the ordinary Giant Pascal and fully equal to any sold. Is used largely in New England where it is considered one of the very best for late winter market. The stalks are very large, solid and blanch to a pure white.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 35c; Oz. 60c; ¼ Lb. \$1.75.

Celery Plants

We offer both greenhouse and frame grown plants. See page 82.

SWEET CORN

One pound will plant about 400 hills; a packet 40 hills; 12 lbs. will plant an acre.

Harris' Northern Grown Sweet Corn

For years we have specialized in growing sweet corn here on our own farms and neighboring farms in Western New York. Our Northern Grown strains are far superior in earliness and quality to strains raised where the seasons are longer. We have large specially constructed drying houses for curing and drying our seed corn, enabling us to offer seed of strong vitality and the highest quality in every way.

If pure yellow corn or pure white corn is wanted, do not plant near varieties of other colors or field corn. Corn should never be planted in a single row. It is much better to plant in a block with three or four rows side by side. This is because the pollen does not fertilize the ears well when planted in a single row.

At the prices here quoted, we pay transportation charges on sweet corn to places in the United States.

If you use sweet corn in larger quantities than listed here, write for special prices.

Hybrid Sweet Corn

We observe many hybrids each year and a great many show inferior parentage and lack of quality. Good hybrids can only be grown from proven inbreds with constant careful detasseling of the seed parent in the field.

Of the hundreds of hybrid varieties available we have selected seven to offer this year. In order of ripening they are Seneca 60, North Star, Marcross C6.13, Northern Cross, Early Bancross 39, Golden Cross Bantam and Ioana. No doubt in the future we will have others, but we are firmly committed to the policy of not offering any variety to our customers until it has proved itself worthy.

Caution: Seed should not be saved from plantings of hybrid sweet corn as it will not come true the next year.

Hybrid sweet corn varieties are more vigorous and uniform than other kinds and produce greater yields. They are ideal for growers who market their corn, but for the home gardener the open pollinated varieties are often more satisfactory because they ripen over a longer period of time.

NORTH STAR. **New Extra Early Hybrid with large ears** (67 days). Introduced by us only two years ago and already a smash hit with our customers. Ripens very early and produces enormous yields of fine large ears. Exceptionally tender and sweet. See photograph and full description on page 3.
Pkt. 15c; ½ Lb. 40c; Lb. 70c; 2 Lbs. \$1.25; 6 Lbs. \$3.00; 12 Lbs. \$5.75.



Ioana—Midseason Hybrid
Large ears of superb quality.



Northern Cross

These large ears sweet and tender.

NORTHERN CROSS. **Tremendous Yielder of Large Fine Quality Ears.** (73 days.) A medium early hybrid of great vigor and superior quality. See page 3.
Pkt. 15c; ½ Lb. 35c; Lb. 60c; 2 Lbs. \$1.10; 6 Lbs. \$2.60; 12 Lbs. \$4.95.

SENECA "60." The Earliest Hybrid. (65 days.) This is the earliest variety of corn we offer and is highly valuable for the very first early crop. It will ordinarily be ready in 65 days and we have seen it mature in sixty days. The ears are eight rowed, about 6 in. long, on stalks 4 to 4½ ft. tall. It is a heavy yielder maturing a large part of the crop over a short period of time.
Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 30c; Lb. 50c; 2 Lbs. 90c; 6 Lbs. \$2.60; 12 Lbs. \$4.95.

MARCROSS C6.13. Wilt Resistant Early Hybrid. (68 days.) This is a fine very early hybrid, developed by the Connecticut Experiment Station a few years ago and already in wide demand. The stalks are short and sturdy, and produce large ears which are very uniform in shape and size. The ears are 7 in. long, mostly 12 rowed with light golden yellow kernels of very good quality.

It is completely resistant to wilt (Stewart's disease) and is therefore especially valuable as an early variety in sections where wilt is prevalent. We recommend it highly.

Pkt. 15c; ½ Lb. 35c; Lb. 60c; 2 Lbs. \$1.10; 6 Lbs. \$2.65; 12 Lbs. \$5.00.

EARLY BANCROSS 39. A Fine Early Hybrid Corn. (74 days.) This variety is especially valuable because it produces ears resembling Golden Cross Bantam and is ready fully 10 days earlier. The ears are very attractive, being 7½ to 8 in. long, very uniform and cylindrical with 10 to 14 rows of bright yellow kernels of fine quality. The plant is rugged and prolific, many stalks producing two good ears.

This is a top cross of Purdue 39 on our Extra Early Bantam. It is moderately resistant to wilt.

Sow at the same rate as the open pollinated varieties.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 30; Lb. 50c; 2 Lbs. 90c; 6 Lbs. \$2.40; 12 Lbs. \$4.55.

GOLDEN CROSS BANTAM. Wilt Resistant—High Yielding—Uniform. (84 days.)

Golden Cross Bantam was one of the first hybrids introduced and it is now the standard of excellence in sweet corn. Its great uniformity and superlative quality have never been surpassed.

The ears are extremely attractive, about 8 in. long, nearly cylindrical in shape with 12 rows of golden yellow kernels which fill the ear beautifully. The kernels have unusual depth and are tender and of perfectly delicious flavor. Matures 4 to 7 days later than Golden Bantam, a large part of the crop ripening over a short period of time, but the ears hold their fine quality and tenderness longer than any kind we know. It is entirely resistant to Stewart's disease (wilt).

Our stock is absolutely without equal for even growth, maturity and heavy yield of fine large ears. We wish everyone could see it compared with other strains.

Do not plant more than 6 lbs. per acre.

Pkt. 15c; ½ Lb. 35c; Lb. 60c; 2 Lbs. \$1.10; 6 Lbs. \$2.65; 12 Lbs. \$5.00.

IOANA. Excellent Midseason Hybrid. (86 days.) We have been greatly impressed by Ioana, because it fills the bill for a main crop corn of fine quality to follow Golden Cross Bantam.

The plant is strong and robust, producing large ears (8 in. long) with 12-14 rows of sweet, tender, bright yellow kernels. It is one of the heaviest yielding varieties we know and has proved highly resistant to wilt (Stewart's Disease). In season it closely follows Golden Cross Bantam. We recommend this new Hybrid corn highly.

Pkt. 15c; ½ Lb. 35c; Lb. 60c; 2 Lbs. \$1.10; 6 Lbs. \$2.65; 12 Lbs. \$5.00.



**Harris'
Extra
Early
Bantam**

When Different Varieties Mature

We give after the names of the different varieties listed in this catalogue the approximate number of days in which the corn is ready to eat after planting. As the time required varies greatly according to the weather, time of planting, and fertility of the soil the figures should be regarded as relative rather than actual, although they are taken from our trials which were planted about the middle of May.

BUTTERCUP. Sweeter, Larger Ears than Golden Bantam. (80 days.)

This old favorite is one of the sweetest kinds of corn which we know and is altogether a fine variety. The kernels are large, of a rich "June butter" yellow and are deliciously succulent and tender.

Buttercup is a medium early variety, maturing the same time as Golden Bantam which it resembles but the ears are *much larger* than that variety, being fully eight to ten inches long with 8 to 10 straight rows of broad kernels on a fine slender cob.

This corn has long been a favorite with home gardeners who appreciate high quality in sweet corn. If you want the sweetest and finest flavored sweet corn for your table, grow Buttercup.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 20c; Lb. 35c; 2 Lbs. 60c; 6 Lbs. \$1.55; 12 Lbs. \$2.90.

"Your Buttercup corn is just wonderful."

Clarence W. York, Moosup, Conn. Apr. 16, 1942.

"We think your Buttercup corn the best we ever used."

L. S. Bisky, Meshoppen, Penn. Feb. 26, 1922.

SWEET CORN COLLECTION

For the Home Garden

This collection when planted at one time will give you a continuous supply of the finest sweet corn from early to medium late. It consists of four of our best and most popular varieties, as follows:

Harris' Extra Early Bantam, Northern Cross, Buttercup and Golden Cross Bantam.

One regular packet of each variety, enough to plant 200 hills. Ask for **Corn Collection No. 5—40c postpaid.**

Open-Pollinated or Standard Varieties of Sweet Corn

The following varieties are the regular kinds of sweet corn and are called "open-pollinated" because they do not require special control of pollination as the hybrids do. They are all excellent varieties producing fine crops of good ears. They are often preferred for the home garden because the ears do not ripen all at one time and hence you can have corn over a longer period.

GOLDEN EARLY MARKET (Gill's). Also called **Golden Hummer, Extra Early Golden, Extra Early Yellow, Etc.** (67 days.) The ears are large for early corn, being fully 7 inches long with twelve rows of broad, butter yellow kernels. The quality is good but not equal to Extra Early Bantam. It matures with us about the same time.

There are many stocks of this corn being sold under a great variety of names. We obtained our stock seed direct from the originators and each year carefully grow and select it in order to maintain and improve the purity and earliness. This has become a standard extra early yellow variety because of the large ears. Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 20c; Lb. 35c; 2 Lbs. 60c; 6 Lbs. \$1.50; 12 Lbs. \$2.75.

HARRIS' EXTRA EARLY BANTAM. Prolific Very Early Yellow Sweet Corn. (68 days.)

This fine corn which we introduced in 1926 is still considered one of the finest early sweet corns ever grown. It is 8 rowed and identical to Golden Bantam for size, shape and high quality but is *actually ten days to two weeks earlier*, being among the earliest varieties of sweet corn. It is also one of the most prolific varieties. More often than not, each stalk will have two well developed ears.

It is the only very early corn of the true Bantam type, and we consider this one of the finest varieties for the home garden. This fine quality corn maturing as it does so early in the season is a real treat.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 20c; Lb. 35c; 2 Lbs. 60c; 6 Lbs. \$1.55; 12 Lbs. \$2.90.

CANADA GOLD. Long Ears. Early. (70 days.) The ears are larger than Extra Early Bantam and a few days later. They grow up to 8 inches long with 8-12 rows of tender bright yellow kernels of excellent flavor. The plant is robust for an extra early kind, and very prolific, often bearing two good ears on each stalk.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 20c; Lb. 35c; 2 Lbs. 60c; 6 Lbs. \$1.50; 12 Lbs. \$2.75.

GOLDEN BANTAM. True 8 rowed Stock. (80 days.) The standard for high quality in sweet corn. The ears are 6 to 7 inches long with 8 rows of deep yellow kernels which are deliciously sweet and tender. Matures medium early. This is the most uniform 8 rowed stock of Golden Bantam ever grown.

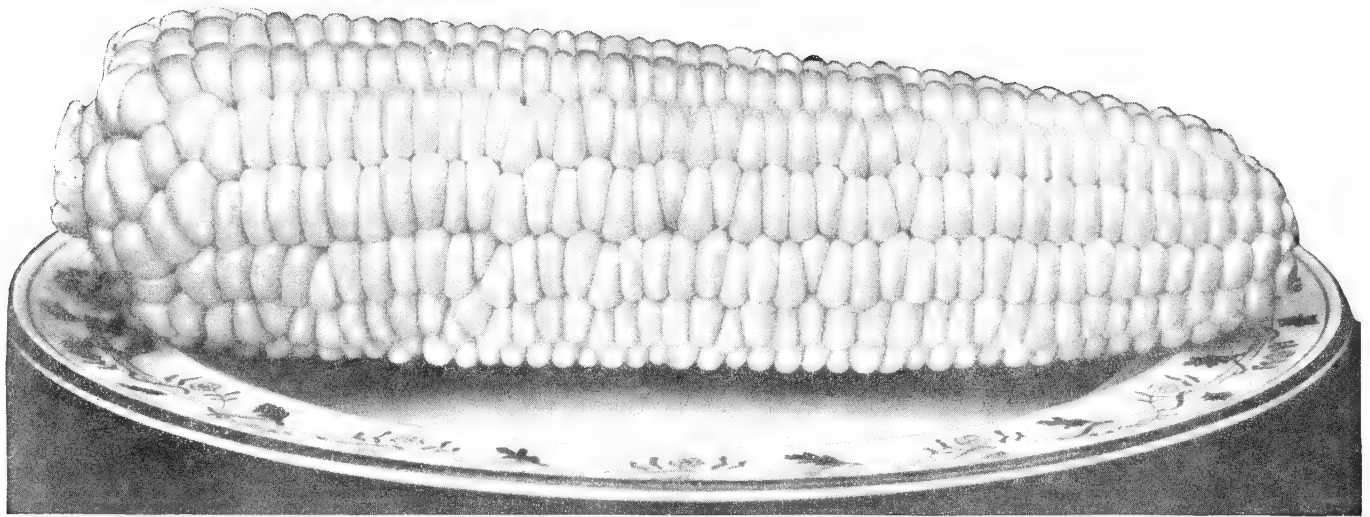
Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 20c; Lb. 35c; 2 Lbs. 60c; 6 Lbs. \$1.55; 12 Lbs. \$2.90.



Taking notes on our Sweet Corn Trials.

Each year our experts carefully check scores of varieties to be sure that our customers get only the best.

SWEET CORN continued on next page.



Whipple's Yellow Sweet Corn—This is a 10 inch dinner plate.

WHIPPLE'S YELLOW. **The Largest Early Yellow Variety.**

(77 days.) Since we introduced this grand corn over twenty years ago it has been one of the most popular kinds grown and it is still the leading early, large open pollinated variety.

The ears are twice as large as Golden Bantam and are ready nearly a week earlier than Golden Cross Bantam. They are 8 to 9 in. long and have 14 to 18 rows of deep yellow kernels of very fine quality. The stalks grow quite tall and often produce two large ears of nearly the same size.

Growers have found this to be one of the most profitable sweet corns to raise for market as it is ready nearly a week before any corn of equal size.

There are many strains of Whipple's Yellow now offered but none are equal to our original strain which we have grown here on our own farm for many years.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 20c; Lb. 30c; 2 Lbs. 55c; 6 Lbs. \$1.50; 12 Lbs. \$2.75.

BANTAM EVERGREEN. (86 days.) Our Northern grown seed is of highest quality and much superior to most stocks of this variety. It was developed from a cross between Golden Bantam and Stowell's Evergreen. The ears are 7 to 8 in. long with 12 to 14 rows of large yellow kernels, of fine quality. Bantam Evergreen is popular as a high quality corn to follow the earlier varieties and prolong the season.

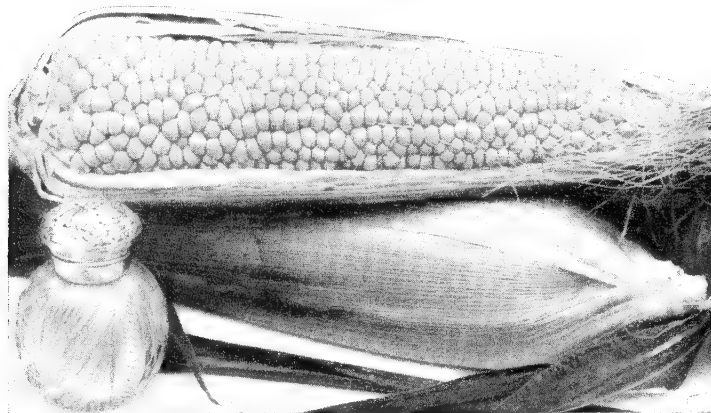
Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 20c; Lb. 35c; 2 Lbs. 60c; 6 Lbs. \$1.55; 12 Lbs. \$2.90.

GOLDEN COUNTRY GENTLEMAN. **For Fine Quality.**

(88 days.) No home garden should be without some of this golden corn. It is one of the tenderest and sweetest that we have ever eaten. The ears are bright golden yellow and resemble the White Country Gentleman, having long slim kernels irregularly spaced on the cob.

It is a late corn coming on after most other varieties, and it is a real treat to have such fine corn late in the season. The plant is husky and often produces two good ears. An excellent kind for the home garden, the deep kernels make exceptionally fine canned corn and the attractive ears are of such fine quality that they are sure to bring repeat orders at roadside stands.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 20c; Lb. 35c; 2 Lbs. 60c; 6 Lbs. \$1.55; 12 Lbs. \$2.90.



Golden Country Gentleman

Grow this for supreme quality for table or canning.

White Varieties

WHIPPLE'S EARLY. (White.) (79 days.) A grand early white

corn. Market gardeners find that the size, high yield (there are often two good ears on a stalk) and earliness, make this a profitable kind to grow for markets where a white corn is wanted. Home gardeners find this excellent for table use and canning.

The ears have 16-20 rows of deep rather narrow kernels, of very fine quality. They are 8-9 inches long and large around, and look like well bred Evergreen yet they mature two or three weeks earlier.

We are the original introducers of this variety, and our seed grown here in the North is far superior to most of the seed offered.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 20c; Lb. 35c; 2 Lbs. 60c; 6 Lbs. \$1.50; 12 Lbs. \$2.75.

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN. (90 days.) This old favorite variety has been the standard late white corn for more than eighty years. Because of its fine quality and large ears it is still the most popular for home garden and market wherever white corn is wanted.

The plants are vigorous, sturdy and erect, producing heavy yields of large ears. Ears are 7 to 8 inches long with 12 to 16 or more rows of clear white, deep, narrow kernels which are sweet and tender.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 20c; Lb. 35c; 2 Lbs. 60c; 6 Lbs. \$1.60; 12 Lbs. \$3.00.

POP CORN

Pop corn is raised the same as field corn. It should be allowed to get thoroughly ripe before cutting. It is very easily raised and often proves a profitable crop.

DYNAMITE or South American Yellow. New Large Golden.

This is the new large golden pop corn which is so much in demand. The kernels are big and when popped make large tender popcorn of rich golden color and the finest quality. The ears are long with 12 to 16 rows, making the yield of shelled corn high. The stalk is tall and strong. Not as early as some varieties, but our Northern grown strain can be depended on to mature in this climate if planted in May.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 40c; 2 Lbs. 70c; 7½ Lbs. \$1.95; 15 Lbs. \$3.60.

JAPANESE HULLESS or Tom Thumb. Very Early. This is the earliest variety. Owing to the unusually thin skin on the kernels, this corn is very tender when popped and of the finest quality, being almost free from any fiber which is so objectionable in the common varieties.

The ears are short and thick. The kernels are small, pointed and nearly white.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 40c; 2 Lbs. 70c; 7½ Lbs. \$1.95; 15 Lbs. \$3.60.

TREAT YOUR SEED CORN WITH SEMESAN JR.

This seed treatment consistently improves stands and increases yield by protecting the seed from rotting in the ground. All early plantings of corn should be treated with Semesan Jr. and many growers take advantage of this cheap insurance on all the seed corn that they plant. The cost is so low that no one can afford to be without it.

One and a half ounces treats a bushel of corn.

1½ Oz. 15c; 12 Oz. 60c; 6¼ Lbs. \$3.75. Purchaser pays transportation. See also page 86.



CUCUMBERS

A packet of seed will plant 20 hills; an ounce about 80 hills or sow 50 feet of row. About 2 lbs. of seed per acre.



Harris Perfection Cucumbers—A spot in our seed field.

DAVIS PERFECT. Our stock of this improved strain of White Spine is very fine. The fruit is of good length, straight, tapering at both ends, very deep green, and of fine quality. Matures a little later than Early White Spine, and Early Fortune.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 55c; Lb. \$1.75.

EARLY WHITE SPINE. A popular cucumber for general purposes. Early, productive and of fine quality for slicing and dills. Fruit is of medium length and matures early.

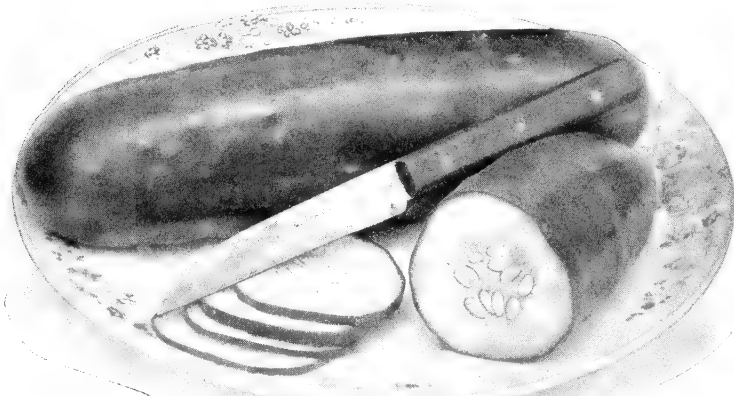
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.50.

IMPROVED LONG GREEN. Fruit long, straight and dark green. Excellent for pickling, slicing and market. Our strain is much superior to the common Long Green. Black spine. Turns yellow when ripe.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 70c; Lb. \$2.25.

LONGFELLOW. This is a very fine, slender, dark green cucumber with fruit about 8 inches long and 2 inches in diameter at the picking stage. It is a very deep green and very high quality. White Spine.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 70c; Lb. \$2.25.



Straight Eight—These are fine for slicing.

EARLY FORTUNE. One of the earliest and best of the white spine varieties. The fruit is about 7 inches long, tapering slightly toward each end. This variety is excellent for market and pickles as it holds the deep green color well after picking. It is also very valuable for shipping. The vines are vigorous, healthy and productive. Our stock is very true.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.50.

Seed is sown in this latitude (Western New York) the middle of May for early slicers and up to the last of June for pickles and late cucumbers.

A few hills in the home garden will supply an abundance of cucumbers and pickles. For best results the fruit should be kept picked. It is important that the young vines be kept free from insects, especially the striped cucumber beetle. We recommend dusting with Sulroto (see page 87) as soon as the plants appear above ground and at regular intervals until the vines become full grown.

Early plantings of cucumbers will often grow better if started under **HOTKAPS** (See page 88). These plant protectors keep the soil warm and protect the seedlings from frost and insects.

"White Spine" and "Black Spine"

These terms are used in describing cucumbers and refer to the small prickly spines or bristles on the fruit. The varieties which have white or light colored spines retain their green color a long time and turn a pale whitish color when very old. The black spined varieties turn yellow or brownish-orange when they get past the market stage. In general, the slicing types are white spined and the pickling types are black spined.

HARRIS' PERFECTION. The Best for Slicing.

This is the best long green cucumber. It carries fine shape, dark green color and excellent quality, and it will produce greater yields than almost any other white spine type. Ideal for home use and market. See also photo and description on page 4.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 70c; Lb. \$2.25.

A & C Cucumbers

*Photo taken
in our
Seed Crop.*



A & C. A Streamlined Dark Green Variety.

A & C produces a fine long slender cucumber of beautiful color and shape. The fruits are very smooth and straight, usually over 8 inches in length and have a rich dark green skin and dark green rays. The fine color holds up for a long time after picking. The flesh is thick, crisp and delicious. Altogether one of the most attractive cucumbers grown, and is highly popular for both home and market. White spine.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 75c; Lb. \$2.25.

STRAIGHT EIGHT. Very Prolific. The cucumbers are about eight inches long when ready to use, always straight, very cylindrical and smooth and with blunt ends. The color is medium dark green with green rays at the blossom end. The vines are healthy and produce a large number of fine fruit. An excellent slicer, very attractive in appearance and of fine quality. White Spine.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 70c; Lb. \$2.25.



Early Fortune

CUCUMBERS continued on next page.



Double Yield (Left) and National Pickle (right)

GREEN PROLIFIC, or Boston Pickling. Bears very profusely and is excellent for pickles. The fruit is rather short, straight, has blunt ends and is medium deep green. Black Spine.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.50.

WEST INDIA GHERKIN. Very tiny, prickly fruit, which make excellent small pickles. The vines are very prolific.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 80c; Lb. \$2.50.

CHINA. Grow this for FINE QUALITY. This remarkable cucumber from the Orient is of finer quality than any other variety we know. The fruit is very long, often reaching 20 inches in length and only 2 inches through. When grown on the ground, these long thin cues often show some tendency to curl. The skin is bright green and nearly smooth, the spines being few and small. The flesh is white, firm, extremely crisp, and of the very best quality.

One of the best features of China is its ability to stand adverse conditions. The vines are healthy and vigorous and resist disease so well that they maintain their luxuriant growth throughout the season right up till frost.

This is one of the best cucumbers for the home garden and our customers who have grown it are tremendously enthusiastic in its praise.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 25c; Oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.25; Lb. \$4.00.

HARRIS' DOUBLE YIELD. The Most Prolific Pickle. We consider this the best cucumber grown for pickles. It is noted for its ability to produce enormous quantities of pickles of the most desirable shape and color, often producing twice as many as any other variety. Black Spine.

See also photo and description on page 4.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 65c; Lb. \$2.00.

"Your Double Yield pickle is the best I have known in 70 years both in yield and fine quality. One year I put up 110 qts. of dill and other pickles from 10 hills, besides a lot of slicing cucumbers given to neighbors and using a full supply for myself."

B. J. Curtis, Whitewater, Wisc., March 19, 1942.

NATIONAL PICKLE. We offer true stock of this very prolific pickling sort which was bred to meet the specifications of a number of the leading pickle packers for size, shape and color of the pickles. Black Spine.

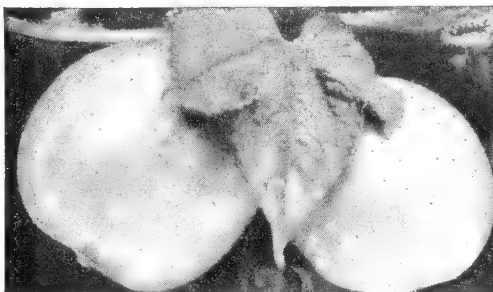
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.50.

CHICAGO PICKLING. Very prolific and one of the most popular kinds for pickles. The young fruit is short, straight, square ended and medium deep green in color. Black Spine.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 60c; Lb. \$1.75.

LEMON. A real cucumber that grows about the size and color of a large lemon. The shape is shown in the photograph. The flesh is white and has a peculiar sweet flavor, quite different from other cucumbers.

They are highly esteemed by many people both for table use and pickling. The fruit is ready to use when it is just commencing to turn yellow. They may be picked while green or ripe as preferred. The culture is the same as other cucumbers. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 25c; Oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.25.



Lemon Cucumbers



China Cucumber—This cucumber is about 15 inches long.

IRONDEQUOIT HOTHOUSE CUCUMBER

This famous hothouse cucumber developed in the greenhouse section near Rochester has proved the most profitable kind to raise under glass.

The fruit is long, slender, deep green and nearly perfectly solid, with very few seeds, and in some fruit practically none at all. The vines are wonderfully vigorous and very prolific.

Seed saved entirely from selected fruit grown under glass by an expert in Irondequoit.

Packet of 50 seeds 50c; 100 seeds, 75c; 250 seeds, \$1.75; 500 seeds, \$3.25.

Cress

EXTRA FINE CURLED or "Peppergrass." Finely cut and curled leaves. Very handsome and has a pleasant, pungent flavor. Used largely in salads and for garnishing.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.25; Lb. \$3.50.

Dill

A packet will sow 10 feet; an ounce 50 feet of row.

LONG ISLAND MAMMOTH. Larger and much superior to the common dill. It is so easily grown that every garden should have a short row of this valuable herb which is used to make "Dill Pickles."

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.50.

"I want to tell you how pleased I was with the dill that I grew from your seed last year and also the year before. It was wonderful—so tall and stocky. It certainly has the right name—Mammoth."

Miss Henrietta Northrup, Newport, R. I. Feb. 10, 1942.

For other Herbs see page 43.

Make Full Use of Your Garden

An astonishing amount of vegetables can be grown on small plots of ground by intercropping and planting succession crops. Quick growing vegetables such as radishes, leaf lettuce, spinach, green onions from sets or plants, etc., can be planted between peas, beans, tomatoes and corn, etc., which require wider rows. Plan to follow the early crops with vegetables for fall and winter use, such as head lettuce, spinach, kohlrabi, turnips and others.

Dandelion

The improved cultivated dandelion is a valuable plant for "greens" early in the spring. The seed is sown in the spring or summer and the leaves will be ready to eat the following spring.

LARGE THICK-LEAVED. The standard variety with large thick dark green leaves of excellent quality. The plants make a vigorous upright growth and produce good hearts. This is the strain that growers want, and our stock is exceptionally uniform and productive.

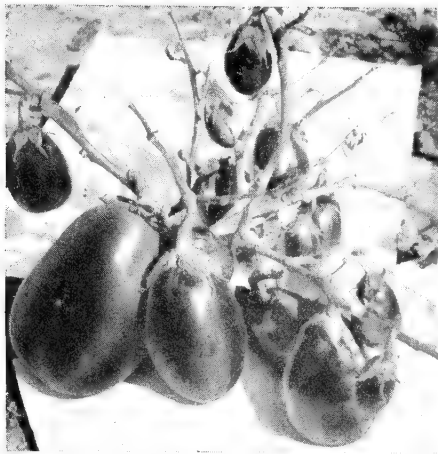
Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 35c; Oz. 65c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.85; Lb. \$6.00.

IMPROVED ARLINGTON. This is the true Arlington strain that critical gardeners have been looking for. The leaves are white ribbed, very heavy and even darker green than the Large Thick Leaf. The plants do not grow as upright but produce immense yields of fine greens. If you grow dandelions try this improved strain.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 35c; Oz. 65c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.85; Lb. \$6.00.

ITALIAN DANDELION. (Cicoria Catalogna.) This variety is much relished by the Italian people, who use it for greens.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 35c; Oz. 65c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.85; Lb. \$6.00.



New Hampshire Hybrid Egg Plant

The leaves have been cut away to show the abundance of fine fruit.

NEW HAMPSHIRE HYBRID. The Earliest Egg Plant. This variety ripens two or three weeks before other kinds and is a real acquisition to growers who have difficulty raising good crops of egg plant in the North. It has been enthusiastically welcomed by home gardeners everywhere.

The fruit is oval or egg-shaped and carries a fine purple color. It is a little smaller than Black Beauty but of ideal size for table use.

The most remarkable characteristics are its earliness and large yield. We have counted as many as 8 to 10 good fruits and several small ones on a single plant. The quality is excellent.

Altogether this is a fine variety to grow in the home garden and we highly recommend it.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 55c; ¼ Lb. \$1.60; Lb. \$5.50.

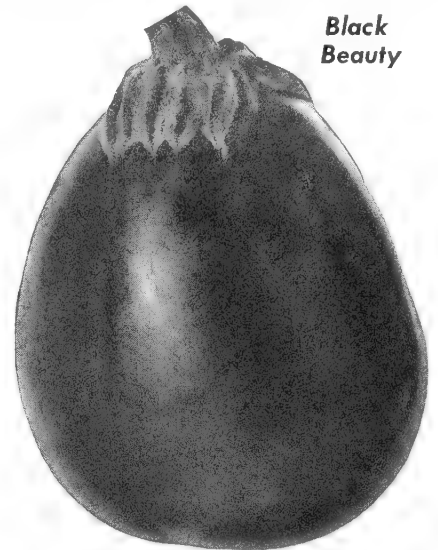
EGG PLANT

A packet of seed will produce about 50 plants; an ounce about 2000 plants.

This delicious vegetable should be in every garden. It is also a profitable crop to grow for market. In sowing Egg Plant seed, care should be taken not to cover it more than ¼ in. deep, and to keep the temperature from 70 to 90 degrees. For the home garden it is often more satisfactory to buy the plants. We offer strong potted plants on page 82.

The young plants are often injured by insects, and it is a good plan to dust with Sulrote (see page 87) even before the plants are set in the open ground. New growth should be kept dusted as it appears. Plant in rows 3 feet apart each way. The plants do best on rather light rich soil. In the North the seed should be sown in March under glass and the plants set out the last of May.

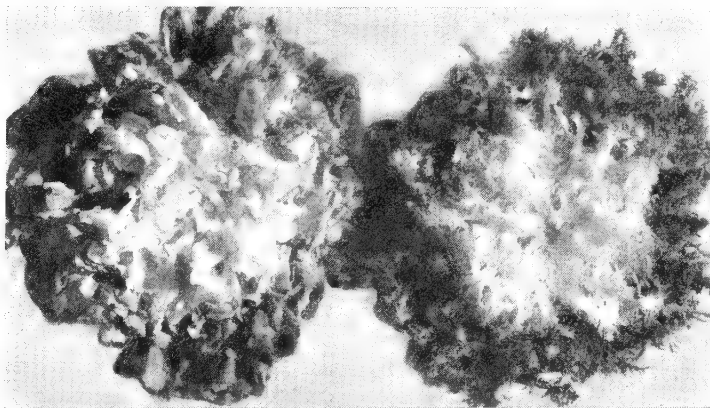
BLACK BEAUTY. True Early Strain. This is the kind grown most extensively by market gardeners and is the finest stock we have ever seen. The fruit is large and handsome and of a deep and rich color. The plants are of robust growth and are very prolific. Our stock is early, ripening large crops before frost even in our short seasons. Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$5.00.



Black Beauty

ENDIVE

A packet of seed will sow about 10 feet of row, a pound 100 feet.



Full Heart Batavian

Green Curled

DEEP HEART FRINGED. Distinctive New Type. Upright plants with broad fringed leaves. A most attractive endive producing good hearts of the highest quality. See photo and description on page 2. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; ¼ Lb. 60c; Lb. \$1.75.

FLORIDA DEEP HEART. Has large broad leaves, which make a heavy plant with a full deep heart. Closely resembles Full Heart Batavian and is one of the best broad leaved varieties. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; ¼ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.50.

“French Endive” or Witloof Chicory Special Selected Stock

An ounce of seed will produce 3000 to 5000 roots, a packet 300 to 500 roots.

This so-called “French Endive” or more properly Witloof Chicory is a most appetizing and delicious salad and is so easily raised that everyone can enjoy it all winter with very little trouble. Seed sown in May or June produces roots which, when taken up, trimmed and placed in sand in a warm dark place in the winter, throw out large tender white sprouts which are used as salad. These sprouts are commonly called “French Endive.”

The seed we offer is the best strain we know, being grown by us on our own farm from especially selected roots and will produce large compact heads which often weigh over ¼ lb. each.

Pkt. 15c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 55c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$5.00.

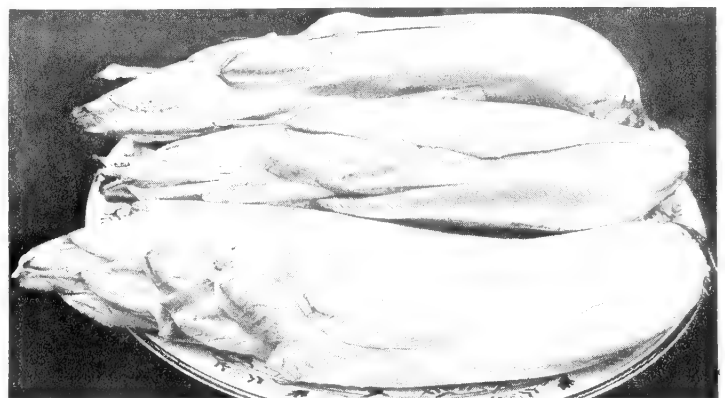
Full directions for raising the crop will be sent to anyone interested.

Endive makes excellent salads, especially in autumn and winter. It is easily grown and takes little space in the garden. Sow in rows 18 in. apart, and thin the plants to a foot apart. Endive may be planted any time from early spring until July 1st in the Northern states. For fall and winter use the seeds should be sown about July 1st. To blanch, draw the outer leaves over the center and tie them or they may be blanched by placing a narrow board down the center of the row over the heads. This should be done when the plants are nearly full grown. It is best to blanch a few at a time for family use.

GREEN CURLED PANCALIER. Full Hearted Strain. Grows larger than Green Curled and the leaves are not quite so finely cut. It is later in maturing but when well grown it forms a large full heart of fine quality. The blanched heads are an attractive, delicate yellow in the heart. Used largely by market growers. *Pink Ribbed.* Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; ¼ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.50.

GREEN CURLED. (Sometimes called “Chicory.”) The leaves are large and finely cut and curled and easily blanch to a creamy white in the center. This is a most popular curled variety. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; ¼ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.50.

FULL HEART BATAVIAN (Escarole). Large, thick leaves, dark green, curled slightly on the edges. Forms a large compact head with a full heart which blanches to a beautiful creamy yellow and is of the finest quality, being very mild and without bitterness. Broad leaves. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; ¼ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.50.



French Endive—Forced Heads of Witloof Chicory

A delightful winter salad. Easily grown.

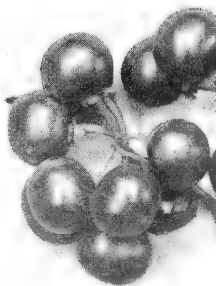
"Garden Huckleberry"

Not a true Huckleberry, but a member of the same family as tomatoes and peppers. The fruit is deep purple, nearly black, round and only a little smaller than a Concord grape. When cooked with sugar and lemon, etc., they are considered very good "pie timber."

The plants grow three feet high and are covered with clusters of fruit. The fruit ripens in September but is considered best after a hard frost. Culture is the same as tomatoes.

Seed: Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c.

Plants: Doz. 40c, transportation paid. Ready May 15th.



Garden Huckleberry

We regret we cannot supply ½ ounces of seeds priced at less than 30c per ounce.



Fennel—Has an "anise" flavor.

Fennel or Finocchio

This is quite distinct from the common sweet fennel used for flavoring. It produces a large bulb at the surface of the ground which makes an excellent vegetable with a pleasing anise-like flavor. It is very largely used in Italy and by Italians in this country.

Sow the seed in rows 20 inches to 2 feet apart and thin or transplant so the plants stand 6 to 8 inches apart in the rows. Sow in rich soil in May or June, and again a month later for fall use. When the plants are half grown, drag earth up to them so as to blanch the bulbs.

FLORENCE. The most widely grown variety. Produces large, firm round bulbs of the most uniform size and type.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; ¼ Lb. 75c; Lb. \$2.50.

"Our season is always short, but we always have a fine garden by using the seeds you have developed for the North. They are so far superior to other seeds and give amazing results."

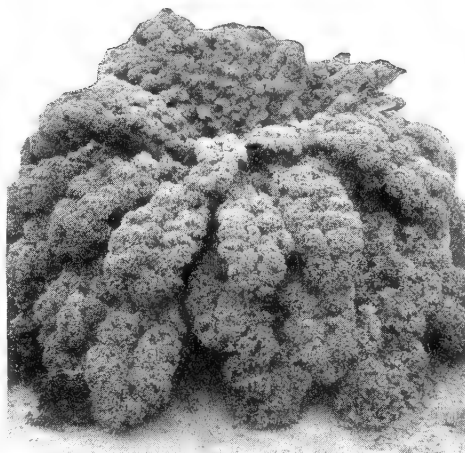
Mrs. Genevieve Gilbertson, Herbster, Wisc.
June 12, 1942.

Leek

Leek is a kind of onion that does not form any bulb, but grows in a long thick stem, which is blanched by drawing earth around it. When blanched it makes an appetizing salad, or can be eaten like green onions. Boiled they are more delicate in flavor than the mildest onions. The seed is sown in the spring and the leek is ready to use in the fall. If given a little protection with dirt it will last over winter and give a very welcome addition to the early spring menu.

American Flag or Giant Musselburg. This is the standard variety with large stalks, having the white part extended well up the stalk.

Pkt. 15c; ½ Oz. 40c; Oz. 75c.



Dwarf Curled Kale—Fine for winter greens.

Kale or Borecole

Kale is used as "greens" during the winter and early spring. The young and tender shoots that come out on the stalks make delicate greens. They are better after a few frosts in the fall. With a little protection, or when the snow is deep, kale will stand the winter without injury. It is grown in the same way as cabbage but for winter use the seed may be sown as late as July. Kale may also be grown without transplanting. Sow in May or June in rows 18 in. to 2 ft. apart and thin to 12-15 in. in the row.

DWARF CURLED or Blue Scotch. We have an excellent and very even stock of this low growing, spreading variety which is the one most commonly grown. The leaves are large, finely curled, of a deep bluish-green color and excellent quality. Often used for garnishing.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; ¼ Lb. 70c; Lb. \$2.25.

SIBERIAN. Also called "Sprouts." A very hardy kale of dwarf growth with broad thick leaves curled on the edges. Used largely for wintering over. The color is light bluish-green. Our strain is uniform and true.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; ¼ Lb. 65c; Lb. \$2.00.



American Flag Leek—Every garden should have a row.

Garlic

Used for flavoring. The bulbs should be separated into "cloves" or flakes and set out like onion sets about 4 inches apart in the row, and covered 2 inches deep. When the tops die down take up the bulbs and dry in a shady place.

Bulbs only. ¼ Lb. 20c; Lb. 45c; 5 Lbs. \$1.75 transportation paid.

Horse Radish

Horse-radish is easily grown from sets (small lengths of roots) which when planted in the spring in good rich soil, form large roots by fall. Sets should be planted with the small end down and the top 2 in. below the surface in rows 3 ft. apart and 15 to 20 in. apart in the rows.

We offer excellent sets of the New Bohemian variety Maliner-Kren which is considered superior to common horse-radish.

35c per Doz.; \$1.75 per 100; \$5.00 per 500 transportation paid.



Kohl Rabi—Early White Vienna

Kohl Rabi

A packet will sow 40 feet of row; an ounce 200 feet.

Kohl Rabi produces a large bulb on the stem which is used as a vegetable and also for stock feeding. If used while young, the bulb makes a delicious vegetable. An excellent way to cook it is to cut the bulbs into small cubes and boil until tender. Serve with a clear butter or cream sauce.

The seed may be sown up to July in rows about 18 inches apart, and the plants thinned 6 to 8 inches apart in the rows. The seed may also be sown late in April or even May for an early summer crop.

EARLY WHITE VIENNA. The bulbs are ready to use when they are the size of a small apple; the quality is good, being tender and of delicate flavor. Very uniform and finely bred stock.

Pkt. 15c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$5.00.

"I first bought Harris' seeds about 1887 and have grown them every year since and have always found them dependable and have recommended them to my gardening friends."

W. M. Reber, Constantine, Mich. July 2, 1942.



LETTUCE

A packet will sow about 30 feet of row; an ounce 250 feet.

Even the smallest of home gardens can easily grow plenty of lettuce. By making successive sowings you can have a supply of lettuce throughout the season from little space. The loose leaf varieties may be thinned to four to six inches when they come up and then every other one taken out and used as they get larger. To get really fine lettuce use the heading varieties and thin to 12-18 inches while the plants are still small.

"ICEBERG" LETTUCE

"Iceberg" has now become a general term used by growers, shippers and merchants in referring to a large group of crisp heading varieties of lettuce. There are many strains of Iceberg type grown in various parts of the country, different kinds being adapted to different conditions of soil and climate.

We offer several varieties of Iceberg lettuce, as follows: Imperial 44, Imperial 847, New York No. 515 and New York No. 12. These are the best Iceberg types for Eastern conditions and are all described below.

Crisp-Heading Varieties

IMPERIAL 44. This variety is the finest and most dependable Iceberg lettuce for the East that we offer. Under almost all conditions it makes heads better than any other strain and it stands up well even in hot dry weather. The heads are medium size, slightly flattened in shape and extremely solid. The quality is excellent with tender crisp leaves and beautiful hearts that are most delicious.

Imperial 44 has great commercial value because on both muck and upland it produces crops that compete successfully with western grown Iceberg. For the home garden, it is the most reliable and attractive Iceberg type and we highly recommend it.
Pkt. 15c; Oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.20; Lb. \$3.25.

COSBERG. (New.) A novel new lettuce of exceptional merit and particularly valuable because of its very fine quality.

The heads are unusually crisp and solid and it heads well under almost all conditions. See page 4 for photo and full description.
Pkt. 15c; Oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.00; Lb. \$3.00.

IMPERIAL 847. This is an excellent strain of Iceberg lettuce which produces large solid attractive heads in average garden soil. The heads are larger and rounder than Imperial 44 and are ready a few days later. The quality is very fine and when grown under the right conditions it is unsurpassed.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 70c; Lb. \$2.20.

NEW YORK No. 515. A very dependable header of the New York type. The color is lighter green and it is not quite as crumpled or blistered as Imperial 44 or 847. It does best on well fertilized upland and will produce large solid heads during hot weather when many strains of this type fail entirely. Sowings made about August 1st produce good heads right up to heavy frost.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 70c; Lb. \$2.20.

NEW YORK or WONDERFUL No. 12. One of the first "Iceberg" types developed for the East and still well liked by some growers. The heads are round, fairly solid and of large size when properly grown.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 60c; Lb. \$1.85.

MIGNONETTE. Fine for Home Gardens. For home use we prefer Mignonette to any other kind of head lettuce. It is very early and heads up well even under adverse conditions. The heads are small, round and compact and the quality is the very finest—tender, crisp and without any bitterness. The outer leaves are dark green tinged with a distinctive reddish brown and the inside of the head is a beautiful creamy yellow. A splendid delicious kind to raise in the garden.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.00.

Cos or Romaine Lettuce

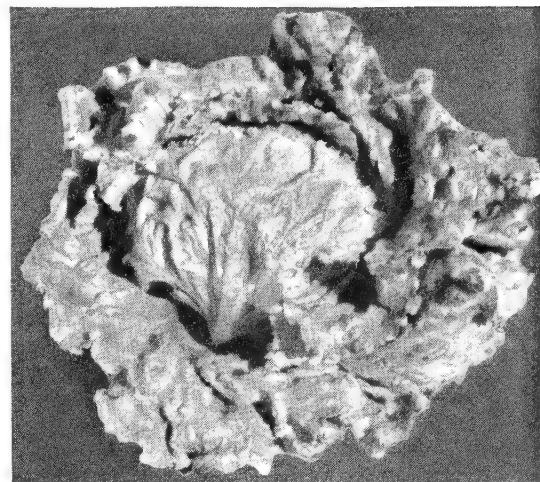
TRIANON SELF-FOLDING. The Most Popular Cos Lettuce. Makes a compact upright growth of large heads a foot high which blanch perfectly white inside. The flavor is somewhat "sweeter" than most lettuce and is considered by many people the most delicious salad lettuce. The outer leaves are light green and very elongated making fine firm heads.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 55c; Lb. \$1.75.

DARK GREEN COS. This strain has the same upright cylindrical growth as Trianon but the outer leaves are of darker green color. It is exceptionally crisp and mild in flavor and is well liked by many growers. Excellent to sow in July as it stands frosts well.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 55c; Lb. \$1.75.

CELTUCE. This is the widely publicized Celtuce which produces large, bluish green leaves and an edible stalk 18-24 inches high. If the tough outer skin is entirely removed from the stalk, the center may be eaten, either raw or cooked. It is a very interesting novelty but the quality is so poor that we do not feel it is worthy of a place in the garden.
Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 35c.



Imperial 44 Lettuce

These beautiful heads are solid and firm.

Butterhead Varieties

WHITE BOSTON. Sure Heading. By far the most popular "Butterhead" lettuce grown today. The leaves are light green and smoother and more tender than the crisp heading types, and they form excellent tightly folded heads of the most delicious quality and flavor. This variety heads well under all conditions and is resistant to tip burn making it very valuable for large growers on both muck and upland. It is also the best butterhead type for home gardens.

Our strain is exceptionally sure heading and uniform, every plant making a fine firm head.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 65c; Lb. \$2.00.

BIG BOSTON. This is the old original butterhead lettuce which carries a reddish tinge to the outer leaves. It forms fine heads of good quality but is now largely displaced by White Boston which does not have the red coloring.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 55c; Lb. \$1.75.

MAY KING. Excellent for Early Heading. A very early butterhead variety. The heads form very quickly, are firm and of fine quality. The plant is small and practically all head, the leaves are light green, slightly tinted with brown on the edges and are very crisp and tender.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 65c; Lb. \$2.00.

Loose Leaf Varieties

BLACK SEEDED SIMPSON. For the Home Garden. One of the best loose leaf varieties for the home garden. It is of excellent quality, forming a large bunch of curled crisp and very tender leaves. The leaves can be used from the time the plants are small. We recommend it highly.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 45c; Lb. \$1.50.

GRAND RAPIDS. The most popular curled-leaf lettuce for forcing. This variety also does well outdoors and is a popular kind for home gardens. The strain is very uniform in color and well curled and is used by many of the most exacting growers.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 60c; Lb. \$1.75.

GRAND RAPIDS U. S. No. 1. This is a new improved forcing strain of this popular variety which is somewhat more curled and is considered by some to be more suitable for greenhouse growing than outdoor culture. It is of the same popular light green color as our regular stock.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 60c; Lb. \$1.80.

PRIZE HEAD. Not a head lettuce but a loose leaved variety of the finest quality. The leaves are heavily tinged an attractive reddish brown, and are much curled and frilled. Grows rapidly, is ready early and is exceptionally crisp and tender. Very desirable for the home garden.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 70c; Lb. \$1.90.

CHICKEN. A very large lettuce that is grown to furnish green food for poultry. This variety does not head but grows a stalk about 18 in. high covered with immense leaves. It grows very rapidly and a few rows will furnish a large amount of green feed for fowls.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 40c; Lb. \$1.25.

MUSKMELONS or CANTALOUPEs

A packet of seed will plant about 20 hills; an ounce 100 hills; 2½ lbs. will plant an acre.



Market King Melons

MARKET KING. **Superb Quality.** Medium size oval shaped melons of the very finest quality. The flesh is extremely thick, smooth and delicious and the melons are uniformly sweet and fine flavored. Ripens after Bender's Surprise and the strong healthy vines hold up well until frost. See further description on page 4. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 35c; ¼ Lb. 90c; Lb. \$3.00.

QUEEN OF COLORADO. (Also Known as **Pride of Wisconsin, Jersey Gold, etc.**) This is a medium size melon, oval in shape without pronounced ribs and heavily netted. The flesh is thick, deep orange and of superior quality. The melons are uniform in size, firm and will stand handling and shipping. Ripens about one week later than Bender's Surprise. A very uniform stock. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; ¼ Lb. 75c; Lb. \$2.50.

Potted Muskmelon Plants

Our potted muskmelon plants have proved very satisfactory to our customers. These plants are grown in No. 2½ Fertile Pots (see page 86) and are shipped pots and all in specially made containers at just the right size for setting out. Ready about May 25th.

Soak well and set directly in the ground without removing the pot so that the top of the pot is ¾" to 1" below the surface of the ground. The roots grow right through and are not disturbed.

One Dozen Plants \$1.25; Two Dozen \$2.25, transportation paid. Not paid: \$7.00 per 100. *Not sent beyond the 4th Zone.*

Note: We can supply only the following varieties: Delicious, Bender's Surprise and Market King. Not less than 1 doz. plants can be shipped.

BENDER'S SURPRISE—Harris' Special Strain. A Grand Muskmelon for Home and Market.

This melon is by far the most popular of the larger melons. The fruits are big and heavy, many weighing 10 lbs. or more. We have had melons weigh 16 pounds and our customers have reported even heavier ones.

The flesh is very thick, deep orange in color and very fine flavor. The skin is light green, turning to a deep golden tint when ripe. The netting is so heavy and the flesh so firm and thick that these melons will remain firm and actually improve in quality for five or six days after picking.

In season the Bender is medium early and in a favorable year, if the seed is planted in the open ground by the middle of May, they will ripen the last of August.

Harris' Special Strain of the Bender melon has been bred on our own farm for over twenty years with special attention being paid to sweetness and fine flavor as well as type and yield. Our stock is so much superior to the usual stocks that it could be almost called a separate variety.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 30c; ¼ Lb. 90c; Lb. \$3.00.

It is Not Hard to Raise Melons

It is much easier to raise melons than is usually supposed and they are so delicious that everyone who has a sunny garden should have some. All that is required is a good rich soil, that is not too heavy, and a warm, sunny situation. Our pamphlet, "Cultivation of Vegetables" tells about raising muskmelons, ask for it. See also "Melon Plants" below.

Checking the Melon Trials on our Farm

We grow and compare our own and many other stocks of melons each year, taking careful notes on each characteristic so that you may be assured of getting only the very best seed obtainable.



DELICIOUS. **The Earliest Large Sweet Melon.** This early melon is a great favorite wherever grown because of its earliness, heavy yield and fine appearance. The fruit are large, round, moderately ribbed and of sweet delicious flavor. See photo and full description on page 4.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 35c; ¼ Lb. 90c; Lb. \$3.00.

HONEY ROCK or Sugar Rock. This melon has become very popular in many sections, because of its earliness and superior quality. The melons are very attractive, medium in size, round, with a coarse heavy netting. The flesh is firm, thick, deep orange in color, very sweet and of delicious flavor. Ripens shortly after Delicious and earlier than Bender's. A very productive type and fine for home gardens.

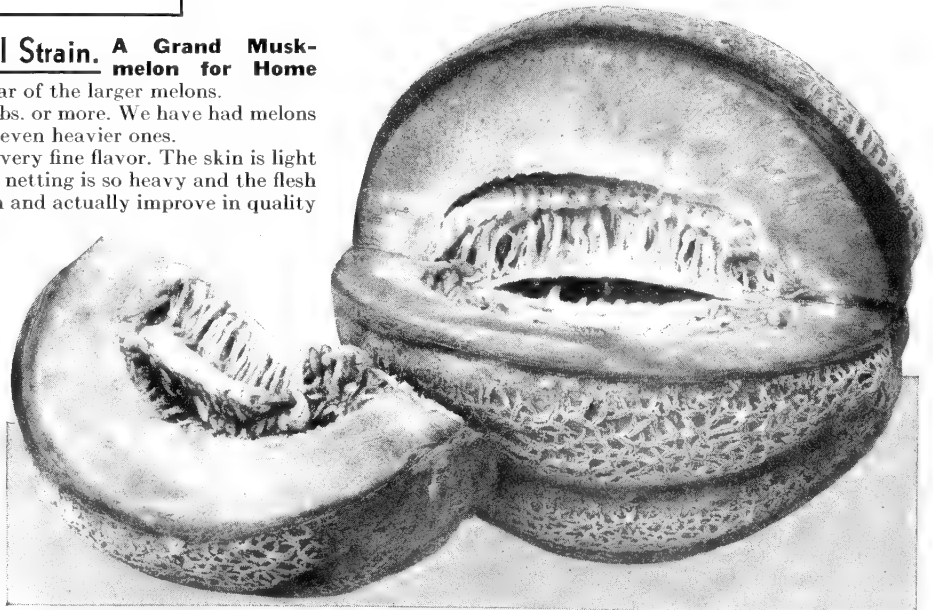
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; ¼ Lb. 65c; Lb. \$2.00.

HALE'S BEST. The earliest and best melon of the Rocky Ford type. The fruit is of medium size, oval and very heavily netted. The flesh is of deep orange color, very firm, thick and of high flavor. This is one of the best melons for shipping and is popular in the New York market. Practically every melon is of high quality.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; ¼ Lb. 45c; Lb. \$1.50.

HEARTS OF GOLD. (Large Strain.) We have the true large strain of this melon which is popular in many sections. The melons are almost perfectly round, thickly netted and very firm with thick flesh of deep orange color. The flesh is sweet and of excellent flavor. The melons grow to medium size and the vines are vigorous, free from blight and very productive. An excellent melon for shipping as it "holds up" well.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; ¼ Lb. 75c; Lb. \$2.50.



Harris' Bender's Surprise Muskmelon—These large heavy fruits are delicious.



Recommended for melons. See page 88.

THE "ARISTOCRAT" also called "Golden Combination."

This is truly an aristocrat of muskmelons. Those who have tried this kind know it has the most delicious flavor of any melon grown. It is slightly later than the Bender but when well grown will produce very large handsome fruit with deep orange flesh that is often 3 inches thick. We have picked some of the heaviest melons for their size we have ever seen from this kind.

To be at their best this melon must be picked just at the time it requires a hard pull to separate the stem cleanly from the fruit or about one day before one would pick the fruit of most varieties. If left too long on the vine they become soft.

The vines are sturdy and very prolific, this variety having produced some of the largest yields of melons we have ever seen.

If you want really fine quality grow the "Aristocrat."

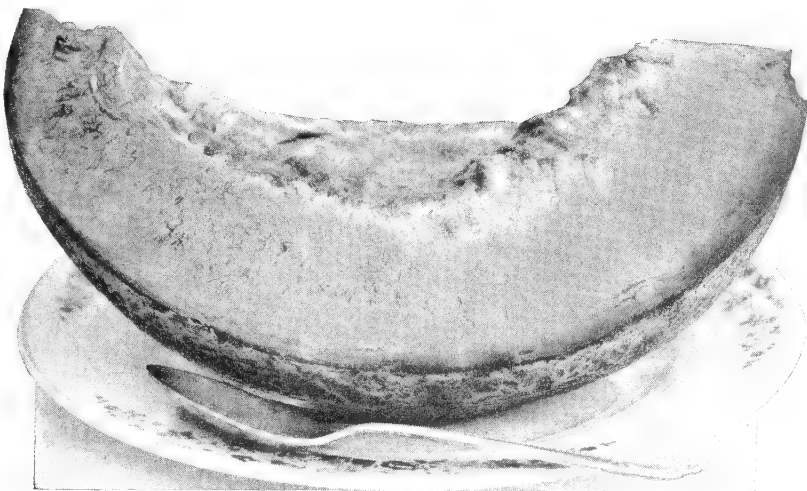
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.00; Lb. \$3.25.

"For 7 or 8 years I have been raising cantaloupes. A small garden had about 300 last year and as many this year.

Had a nice yield of Dixie Queen Watermelons.

Just weighed a 12 lb. Aristocrat."

Wm. H. Cook, Beverly, Mass. Sept. 19, 1942.



The Aristocrat Muskmelon—it fairly "melts in your mouth."

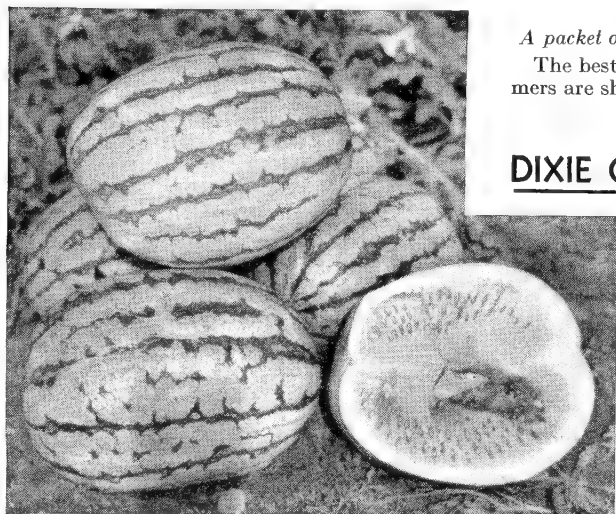
WATERMELON

A packet of seed will plant about 8 hills; an ounce 25 to 30 hills; 2 to 3 pounds will plant an acre.

The best variety to grow depends upon the length of the season. In the north, where the summers are short, *Dixie Queen*, and *Wonder Melon* are the most certain to ripen.

See page 83 for strong Potted Watermelon Plants.

DIXIE QUEEN. Early, Fine Quality, Prolific. Everyone will recognize this melon from the photo to the left as the fine light green dark striped melons which are shipped in from the South in early summer. The fine thing about them is that they can be successfully grown here in the North, and produce large early crops. The melons average but a little smaller than those grown in the South. The flesh is deep pink and of most excellent quality. The rind is thin but hard, so that they stand handling well. We think this is one of the very best for the North and have a fine true strain. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 65c; Lb. \$1.75.



Dixie Queen Watermelons—As grown on our farm.

WONDER MELON. The largest and best of the oblong varieties which can be successfully raised here in the North. We can highly recommend this variety both for the home garden and roadside stand.

The melons are oblong in shape with dark green skin and the flesh deep bright red and of very fine quality.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.20.

STONE MOUNTAIN. (Sometimes known as "Dixie Belle.") Although this melon was first introduced in the South it is also a very good kind to grow in the North. It ripens early and the melons are of fine type. They are large and almost round with dark green skin. The flesh is deep red and of the highest quality. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.20.

WINTER QUEEN. These unusual melons have a white skin with deep red flesh of superb quality. They are round, of medium size, and if picked before frost will keep for several months. An excellent variety for the home garden, and for markets where known.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.20.

HUNGARIAN HONEY. The sweetest watermelon. An old favorite and excellent for home use. Not large but ripen very early and are deliciously sweet, with firm, solid, deep red flesh, and very small black seeds. The fruit is nearly round and dark green. Excellent for those who want a small, early watermelon of superior quality.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.20.

CITRON

COLORADO PRESERVING. Green Seeded. Used extensively for preserves. The rind is thick and clear white, and makes preserves of excellent quality. Cultivation similar to watermelons. The fruit is round, striped and handsomely marbled. This variety has green seeds and is much larger and better than the red seeded citron. It will succeed and bear enormous crops in the North even in unfavorable seasons. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 40c; Lb. \$1.00.

"Last year we had splendid results from your seeds and plants in our first garden. I was more than glad I remembered that my Grandfather said years ago that Harris Seeds were the best one could buy—and he has been gone twenty years."

Mrs. Arthur C. Smith, Potsdam, N. Y., May 16, 1942.

Bottle Mushroom Spawn

Directions for growing mushrooms will be sent with each order of Mushroom Spawn.

Mushrooms can be raised in a cellar or any other place where the temperature can be kept between 50 and 60 degrees. The beds are made of horse manure mixed with fine soil.

Bottle spawn is now so superior to the old style brick spawn that we have discontinued offering the bricks. Our spawn is produced under exact scientifically controlled conditions and will produce the finest white mushrooms. It is grown in sterile bottles which are removed and the spawn then packed in cartons.

A single carton of bottle spawn will spawn 40 sq. ft. of bed.

Bottle Spawn. Single Carton \$1.35; 3 cartons \$3.45 transportation paid.

Write for prices on larger quantities.



Mushrooms grown from Pure Culture Spawn

Mustard for Salad

A packet of seed will sow 50 ft. of row; an ounce 300 ft.

FORDHOOK FANCY. Long Standing. This beautifully curled mustard is very handsome in appearance and of very mild, pleasant flavor. The leaves are curled and fringed, and this variety has been improved so that the plants will stand longer without running to seed than other kinds except the new Long Standing.
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.50.

LONG STANDING. This new mustard is of the Southern curled type. It will stand three to four weeks longer than the old kinds without going to seed. This is a great advantage both for the home garden and commercial growers.
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.50.

ONIONS

A packet of seed will sow about 25 feet of row; an ounce 200 feet. It requires 5 to 6 lbs. of seed per acre.

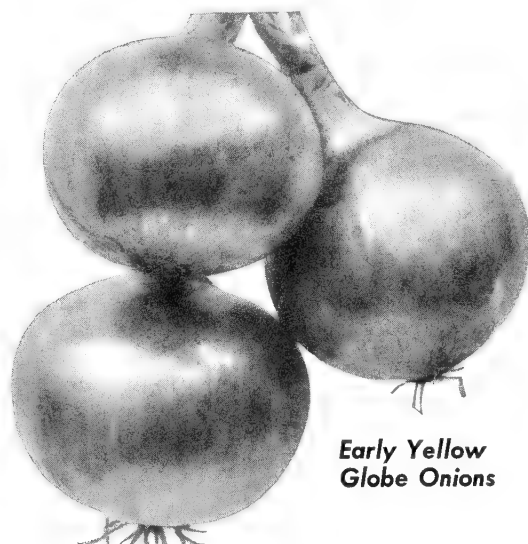
Onion Culture. Onions are raised from the seed and from sets or plants. Seed sown in early spring produces ripe onions in the fall, while sets or plants set out at the same time make green "bunching" onions in a few weeks and dry ripe onions in July or August.

To raise good onions from seed the ground must be rich and in fine condition. Sow the seed as early as possible in rows 14 inches apart. Weed as soon as the onions appear and keep well cultivated.

Large Spanish onions can be easily grown from plants. **See next page.**

To Raise Early Green Onions. The best way is to plant sets or plants early in the spring but they can be raised from seed sown the previous fall. *Japanese Bunching* is the best variety for fall sowing.

Within the past few years *Early Yellow Globe* and *Brigham Yellow Globe* have become the most widely grown yellow onions in the East.



Early Yellow Globe Onions

EBENEZER. This onion is remarkably mild and tender and of very delicate flavor. It has such a fine reputation for quality in some localities where it has been grown for years that the onions command much higher prices than other kinds.

While this variety can be readily raised from seed, its principal usefulness is for producing early onions from sets. For this purpose it is far superior to other kinds when ripe, dry onions are wanted earlier than they can be grown from seed.

The onions are wonderfully firm and solid and will keep almost the year around. They are flattened in shape, of deep yellow color and of very mild flavor. See also next page under **Onion Sets**.

Our stock is the true Ebenezer.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.40; Lb. \$4.50.

RIVERSIDE SWEET SPANISH — Utah Strain.

Large Sweet Onions in Your Own Garden. Year after year this variety has produced the largest and finest onions in our trial grounds and has shown most remarkable vigor and resistance to disease and insect pests.

It may seem incredible that these large mild Spanish onions can be grown in your own gardens, but this is absolutely the case and anyone with reasonably good garden soil can grow them. Market gardeners and growers for the roadside stands, who have a particular and discriminating trade have found this a valuable variety.

Seed sown in the open ground in the early spring will produce magnificent large globe shaped onions often weighing a pound or more and of very mild pleasant flavor.

Early boiling onions of delicious flavor and fine large dry onions for fall and winter of this variety are easily grown from plants. See next page for plants.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 35c; Oz. 65c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$2.00; Lb. \$7.00.

Our Onion Seed is all grown from carefully selected onions. To get large crops of good, sound onions of good color and small tops you must have only the very best seed. Cheap, carelessly grown seed will not give such crops, even if it is fresh and germinates well.

Onion seed crops are short again this year, and there will very likely be much inferior seed sold. You can depend on our onion seed to be the same high quality of germination and purity that we have sold in the past.

Yellow Varieties

EARLY YELLOW GLOBE. True Strain. This is the best early yellow onion for both muck and upland. It is 10 days to two weeks earlier than Brigham Yellow Globe and will produce beautiful large globe onions even under adverse conditions. The onions are unusually large, an attractive deep yellow color and nearly globe shape. They have a fine tight skin which makes them very good keepers. This is the outstanding commercial onion, especially for muck, and is also a most satisfactory kind for the home garden.
Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$5.00.

BRIGHAM YELLOW GLOBE. Also called "**Michigan**" or "**Michigan Onion**." Ours is the true strain of this fine onion which is noted for its long keeping qualities. They are deep globe in shape with a very heavy skin of excellent dark color. The flesh is creamy white and of mild flavor. This variety yields large crops maturing about with the old Yellow Globe Danvers which it has now largely displaced. It has become one of the most popular and widely grown varieties for both muck and upland.
Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$5.00.

YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS. An old favorite. The onions are of globe shape with small necks and deep orange-yellow skin. The flesh is creamy-white and of mild flavor. The onions are firm, keep well, are of good size and medium early.
Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$5.00.

The Best Red Onion

SOUTHPORT RED GLOBE. The Largest and Handsomest Red Onion. We have never seen a more uniform stock than the strain we offer. This is a handsome variety and keeps better than any other red kind. The quality is fine, the onions being very tender when cooked. The bulbs are of perfect globe shape, deep red, and with small tops.
Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 35c; Oz. 65c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.90; Lb. \$6.50.



Riverside Sweet Spanish (Utah Strain)

These onions are large mild and sweet. They can be grown from seed or plants.



Ebenezer Onions

*grown from sets planted in April—photo taken July 1st.
These are excellent for delicious early "boilers," or fine dry onions for winter.*

White Varieties

SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE. The best large white onion. Of perfect globe shape, very firm and solid, perfectly white in color and of fine quality. This is an excellent kind for home gardens where first class quality is appreciated. To get perfectly white onions the bulbs should be pulled as soon as matured and dried in the shade.
Pkt. 15c; ½ Oz. 35c; Oz. 60c; ¼ Lb. \$1.60; Lb. \$5.50.

JAPANESE BUNCHING. **Hardy green bunching onions or scallions.** This onion does not form a bulb but produces long smooth pure white stalks used as green onions or scallions. They remain mild and sweet for a long time. The onions grow in clusters, three to five onions being produced on one plant. A bunch of these scallions is shown in the photo below.

When sown in the spring they will produce mild scallions in the early fall. Seed sowed in June or July and wintered over with a mulch of straw or leaves will provide delicious large scallions very early in the spring. They are very tender and fine flavored, and excellent for both home and commercial growers.

Pkt. 15c; ½ Oz. 35c; Oz. 60c; ¼ Lb. \$1.75; Lb. \$6.00.

WHITE PORTUGAL, or Silverskin. An early flat white onion of good size and mild flavor, almost entirely used for bunching or "green" onions. When the seed is sown thick in a "ribbon row" the onions mature when small and are excellent for pickling, as they are snow white and very firm. This is also the onion which is used for "White sets" to grow mild early green onions. (See below under Onion Sets.)
Pkt. 15c; ½ Oz. 35c; Oz. 60c; ¼ Lb. \$1.75; Lb. \$6.00.

ONION SETS

One quart (1 lb.) will set 75 to 100 feet of row, depending upon the size of the sets.

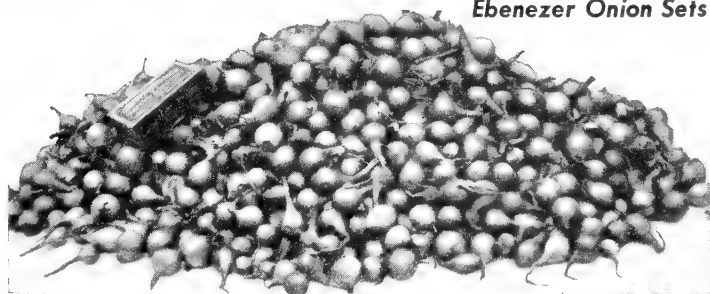
It is very easy to raise onions from sets and they should be grown in every garden. If the sets are set out early in the spring, nice green onions can be pulled in a few weeks. The onions grow large enough to cook about the first of July in this latitude. Two or three weeks later they become large, ripe onions which can be kept through the winter if desired. The sets should be planted about 2 inches apart and covered an inch deep.

For economical use of ground in the small garden it is a good plan to plant the sets about one inch apart in rows. Pull every other one for green onions in the spring and leave the rest for boiling onions. This will give you a continuous supply throughout the summer.

EBENEZER SETS. **Yellow.** These sets will not only produce fine bunching onions but also large yellow onions of the finest quality. The quality of the onions is far superior to ordinary yellow sets and the yield is also larger. See preceding page for full description of this variety. We are pleased to offer fine even sets.
Qt. (1 Lb.) 45c; 2 Qts. (2 Lbs.) 80c; Peck (8 Lbs.) \$2.25. For large quantities, write for special prices.

Note: Unless specifically requested we will not ship onion sets until in our judgment danger of freezing is past.

Ebenezer Onion Sets



WHITE SETS. (White Portugal or Silverskin.) Used mostly to produce early bunching onions. These also make nice looking and fine flavored onions to eat while young or will produce good large onions for fall. See description of this variety above.

These are beautiful sets, clean, uniform and true Silverskin.
Qt. (1 Lb.) 50c; 2 Qts. (2 Lbs.) 90c; Peck (8 Lbs.) \$2.75. For large quantities, write for special prices.

ONION PLANTS

SWEET SPANISH—Utah Strain

An Easy Way to Raise Large Sweet Onions

These plants have proved excellent for raising both early green onions and dry bulbs for late summer use. When set out in the early spring, large handsome onions are produced within 10 to 12 weeks with very little work. These onions will grow in any good garden soil and will keep a long time. Set the plants 3 to 4 inches apart in rows 14 to 18 inches apart.

Sweet Spanish is the most satisfactory kind to grow and we do not offer any other kind.

Please Note: We offer onion plants by the bunch only. These plants are grown in Texas and are pulled by the handful, each handful being called a bunch. The number of plants in a bunch usually runs between 50 and 100 depending largely on the size of the plants. The count varies a great deal and we cannot specify the number of plants in a bunch.

Price: Single bunch 45c; 2 bunches 75c; 5 bunches \$1.50; 10 bunches \$2.50 transportation paid. Prices on larger lots will be sent on application.

We can supply onion plants between April 15th and May 25th only.

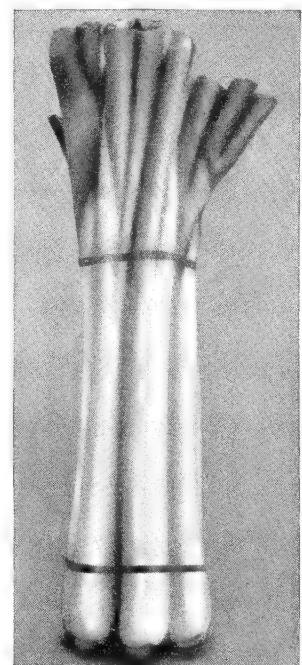
Orders will be taken at any time for shipment between these dates. Please specify when you want the plants sent and we will do our best to send them at that time. Because of the weather and possible transportation difficulties we may not be able to ship promptly but we will make every effort to send them as near the proper time as possible.

"I think you should mention the excellent keeping qualities of the Riverside Sweet Spanish onions with the other good points. Last year I had the last of mine in June and they were firm and sound."

Florence L. Kennedy, Belleville, N. Y. Feb. 10, 1942.



Sweet Spanish Onion Plants



Japanese Bunching

These large "Scallions" are sweet and tender.



Paramount Parsley

Every leaf dark green and finely curled.



Plowing out Model Parsnips in the fall on our farm

These roots are carefully sorted and reset for next year's seed crop.

"We at present are eating parsnips grown from your Model seed last year. They are so sweet and good. It is the first time my daughter ever would eat parsnips. She always said they were strong."

M. Dexter McAlpin, Erin, N.Y. Mar. 28, 1942.



Perkins Long Pod Okra

Use the young pods as a vegetable or for "gumbo" soups.

PARSLEY

A packet will sow 50 feet of row; an ounce 200 feet.

Parsley takes up very little room in the garden and is always appreciated for garnishing and flavoring.

Sow in the spring or summer where the plants can be left until the following spring. Some plants can be transplanted into boxes of earth and kept in a light cellar or kitchen window for winter use.

PARAMOUNT. The Best Parsley. Produces the most attractive and finest curled parsley we have ever seen, and absolutely uniform. The color is a beautiful rich deep green and there are no flat leaves. This is a superb variety for the home garden as well as for market and forcing. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 40c.

CHAMPION or Triple Moss Curled. This is a rapid growing kind and a very good all round parsley. The leaves are well curled, medium green in color and of upright growth with good stems. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 40c.

PERFECTION. This is an excellent parsley with very finely curled leaves of attractive deep green color. Grows more rapidly than Paramount and has longer stems. We recommend it highly. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 45c.

PLAIN. The leaves are not curled. Used for flavoring. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 40c.

HAMBURG. For Roots. The roots are used and when boiled and served like parsnips have a very pleasing flavor. They are also valuable to add flavor to soups and stews. They can be stored in sand and used all winter. We offer an improved market gardeners' strain with uniformly smooth, thick roots 5 to 6 in. long. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 40c.

PARSNIPS

A packet of seed will sow about 25 feet of row; an ounce 150 feet.

This fine vegetable should be in every home garden. A few rows will supply the needs of a family. The roots can be dug and stored in a pit outdoors or in moist dirt in a cool cellar and will supply a welcome addition to the winter vegetables. Should be left in the ground until they are frozen. Try some "French fried" parsnips, they are delicious. Sow seed in May in rows 2 feet apart in finely pulverized soil and cover the seed only $\frac{1}{2}$ in. deep. Thin the plants to 4 inches apart.

HARRIS' MODEL. The Smoothest and Whitest Parsnip.

These parsnips are medium length, very smooth, and remarkably free from small roots or prongs. Harris' Model has a well deserved reputation of being whiter than any other parsnips. This and their smoothness make them very attractive for the home garden and more saleable in the market. Our seed is carefully grown from selected transplanted roots on our own farm. You will find these very superior parsnips.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 60c; Lb. \$1.50.

LONG HOLLOW CROWN. Long, smooth and straight, and of good quality. We have a fine strain of this popular variety.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.40.

OKRA or Gumbo

A packet of seed will sow 15 feet of row; an ounce 50 feet.

Used principally for thickening and flavoring soup. The pods contain a large amount of gum, which imparts a thickness and softness as well as flavor to the soup. It is also used as a vegetable. The pods should be picked when they are small and tender. Sow in the open ground when the ground is thoroughly warm, in this latitude about the middle of May and not later than June 15th. Sow in rows $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart and thin to 15 inches.

PERKINS LONG POD. This is the standard variety and the kind used exclusively by the soup canners. The plant is tall and very prolific. The pods are a deep green color somewhat ribbed or corrugated and of the finest quality. Pick when young (not over 2 to 3 inches long). Pkt. 10c; Oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 30c; Lb. 70c.

Peanuts

Peanuts can be successfully grown in the North on a warm, sandy soil in a sheltered place with a southern exposure. South of Pennsylvania they can be grown on any good light soil.

Plant the same time as corn, in rows $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. apart. Drop the shelled nuts 8 to 10 in. apart, cover 1 in. deep. When the plants are nearly full grown throw earth up to them. This will cause more nuts to form.



EARLY SPANISH. The Earliest Kind. These are not large peanuts but are the earliest variety and very prolific. This is decidedly the best kind for planting in the North.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 5 Lbs. or more 40c per Lb.

Harris' Model Parsnips

Our stock seed roots are carefully selected each year on our farm.



PEAS

A packet of seed will sow about 10 feet of row, a pound 100 feet. Two to four bushels per acre.

Note: A pound is about a pint and 15 lbs. equals a peck. At the prices here quoted, we prepay transportation charges on peas to places in the United States. For larger quantities write for special prices.

Sow Plenty of Peas

There is no more delicious vegetable than fresh, young green peas picked right off the vines in your garden and cooked immediately. If the garden is small, sow all the land you can spare. When you are eating and enjoying luscious green peas from your own garden you will not regret the space they take. After the peas are gone the ground can be used for late cabbage, turnips, spinach, lettuce, etc.

It is well to sow early, medium and late kinds at the same time so they will mature in succession. This is better than to sow one kind three or four times during the season. See collections on next page.

USE GYPSUM (Land Plaster)

Many people find that after they have raised peas a few years in their garden, the vines begin to turn yellow and die. This is caused by a disease known as Root Rot. It has been found that ordinary gypsum will control this trouble. Simply spread it broadcast over the ground just before you sow the seed and rake it in. Use it at the rate of 1 lb. to three square yards. Most dealers of building supplies sell gypsum. If you cannot obtain it locally, we can supply. See page 86.

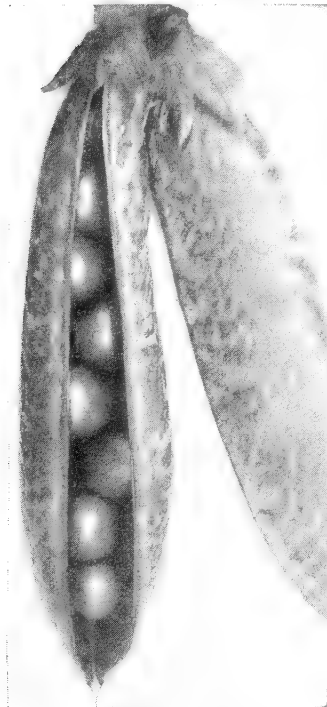
Early Varieties

WORLD'S RECORD. (2½ ft.) **59 days.** The earliest pea of high quality. Large pods and excellent yield. We recommend it highly for both home and market. See full description on page 5.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 80c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.30; 15 Lbs. \$4.20.

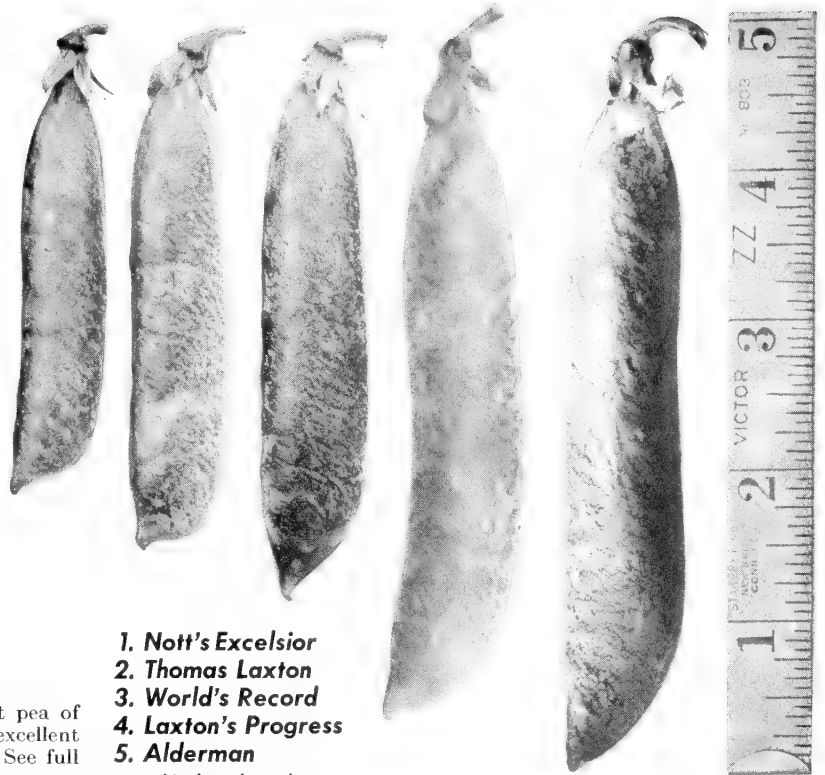
GRADUS also called **Prosperity.** (3 ft.) **60 days.** One of the most popular early large podded peas both for home gardens and commercial growers. The pods are 3 to 3½ in. long and are filled with large peas which are very sweet and tender.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 40c; 2 Lbs. 75c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.30; 15 Lbs. \$4.20.



World's Record

"I received just four times the yield from your World's Record peas that I have ever got from any pea."
Waller F. Norcross, E. Bridgewater, Mass. Feb. 20, 1942.



1. Nott's Excelsior
2. Thomas Laxton
3. World's Record
4. Laxton's Progress
5. Alderman

This photo shows the relative size.

MAMMOTH PODDED EXTRA EARLY. (3 ft.) **57 days.** Almost as early as the old Alaska with much larger pods. The peas are semi-wrinkled and can be sown very early without danger of rotting. The pods are about 3 inches long and the peas are of fair quality.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 35c; 2 Lbs. 60c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.15; 15 Lbs. \$3.90.

GREATER PROGRESS. (New.) (18 in.) **61 days.** An earlier and improved new pea of the Progress type. Long pointed dark green pods which are very well filled. See photo and full description on page 5.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 30c; Lb. 50c; 2 Lbs. 90c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.55; 15 Lbs. \$4.65.

NOTT'S EXCELSIOR or **American Wonder.** (15 in.) **61 days.** Early dwarf pea of exceptionally fine quality. The pods are small and of light green color but they are closely packed with sweet tender peas of excellent flavor. The vines are very prolific and bear well under almost any conditions. A very good pea for the home garden. Pods 2½ to 3 in. long. Very prolific.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 40c; 2 Lbs. 75c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.30; 15 Lbs. \$4.20.

THOMAS LAXTON. (3 ft.) **61 days.** One of the most popular early peas for both home and market garden. The vines are very productive of good pods (2½ to 3½ inches long) of the finest quality. The peas have a very delicious flavor. Pods blunt, as shown in the photo, and very well filled. Highly recommended because of the fine quality.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 40c; 2 Lbs. 75c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.25; 15 Lbs. \$4.05.

LITTLE MARVEL. (15 in.) **62 days. Should be in Every Home Garden.** This pea is certainly rightly named and is one of the best and most popular kinds for the home garden. The vines are wonderfully prolific, producing deep green peas of high quality which mature shortly after World's Record. The peas are sweet, have remarkably fine flavor, and stand longer than most kinds without becoming tough.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 80c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.40; 15 Lbs. \$4.35.

LAXTON'S PROGRESS. (18 in.) **63 days.** This is one of the best of the medium early dwarf varieties. The vines are 15 to 18 in. high and the pods 4 to 4½ in. long, deep green and well filled with dark green peas of high quality. This variety matures right after Thomas Laxton. It is the standard medium early variety and is one of the most widely grown peas, both for home and commercial use.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 80c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.30; 15 Lbs. \$4.20.

HUNDREDFOLD or **BLUE BANTAM.** (20 in.) **65 days.** Resembles Laxton's Progress but are later and have taller vines. The pods are 3½ to 4 inches long and well filled with large deep green peas of fine quality. The vines are very strong and bear over a long season. This variety is especially valuable as it helps to fill the gap between the early varieties and the midseason or late kinds.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Lb. 25c; Lb. 40c; 2 Lbs. 75c; 7½ Lbs. \$2.30; 15 Lbs. \$4.20.



Thomas Laxton
Sweet and tender.

When Different Varieties Mature

The figures after each variety indicate the approximate number of days required to produce edible peas. Weather conditions, time of planting, etc. affect the time of maturity of peas greatly so that these figures will vary within rather wide limits. However they are relative and can be taken as a guide in selecting varieties so that you will have a succession of peas from one planting.

Main Crop Dwarf Varieties

MIDSEASON GIANT. (20 in.) **73 days.** The vines are vigorous and resistant to dry weather producing fine crops of large tender delicious peas which are ready a few days before Alderman. The pods are $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, dark green and filled with 8-9 big peas of delicious flavor.

This is a finely bred wrinkled pea and should not be sown until the weather is settled. In our experience we find it often yields fine crops in dry weather when other kinds do not do well.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 80c; $7\frac{1}{2}$ Lbs. \$2.30; 15 Lbs. \$4.20.

DWARF ALDERMAN. (2 ft.) **72 days.** This new variety has been welcomed by gardeners who have wanted the large pods and large succulent peas of the old Alderman but who prefer dwarf vines. The pods are produced in great abundance, are nearly five inches long and are filled with eight to nine large green peas that are extremely delicious and tender.

This is a midseason variety, maturing practically the same time as Alderman and is a valuable kind to fill the gap between the early and very late varieties. Have some of these peas in your garden.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 80c; $7\frac{1}{2}$ Lbs. \$2.30; 15 Lbs. \$4.20.

LINCOLN. ($2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.) **70 days.** This old favorite is still among the best main crop varieties, especially for the home garden. The handsome dark green pods are 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in. long, closely packed with 8 to 9 peas of medium size and superb quality. They mature a few days before Alderman and are produced in pairs near the top of the vines so that they can be easily picked.

In our opinion this is one of the most delicious peas grown and we always plant an extra lot for our own use. If you have not grown Lincoln, try some in your garden this year.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 80c; $7\frac{1}{2}$ Lbs. \$2.30; 15 Lbs. \$4.20.

ROGERS GILBO. (2 ft.) **70 days.** The vines are robust and the pods large and pointed, closely resembling Midseason Giant, but are a few days earlier being the earliest of the large midseason varieties.

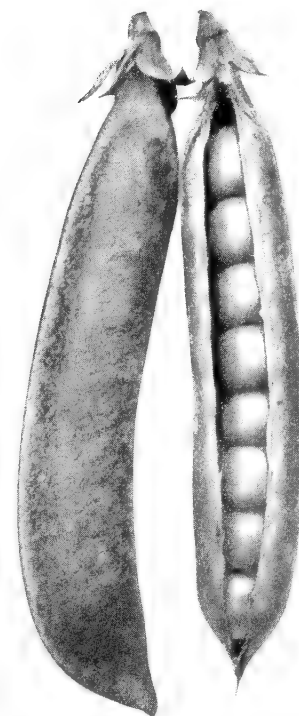
The vines are strong and bear an abundance of pods. Pods $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 inches long, containing 8 to 9 large peas of fine quality.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb. 25c; Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 80c; $7\frac{1}{2}$ Lbs. \$2.45; 15 Lbs. \$4.50.



Dwarf Alderman
Large peas of finest quality.

"Had excellent luck with the Alderman peas last year in spite of very dry growing period." Dr. P. H. Huntington, Warrensburg, N. Y., April 24, 1942.



Lincoln Peas

Tall Varieties

The tall growing peas produce enormous crops in comparatively small space if given support for the vines. Many growers use brush stuck in ground along the row, and others use chicken wire or a light trellis. When grown in this manner they are not only more productive but much easier to pick.

ALDERMAN. (4-5 ft.) **72 days. The Best Tall Variety.** This is an improved Telephone and it is by far the best variety of this type, yielding more than any other kind. The pods are large, pointed, while the vines are of robust growth and very prolific. The pods are immense, often 5 inches long and contain 8 to 10 large peas. Matures medium late. For best results give the vines support. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb. 25c; Lb. 40c; 2 Lbs. 75c; $7\frac{1}{2}$ Lbs. \$2.25; 15 Lbs. \$4.05.

MAMMOTH MELTING SUGAR. ($4\frac{1}{2}$ ft.) **73 days.** Edible pods. The largest and finest of this class. The young pods are cooked like string beans and are appreciated by many people. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Lb. 30c; Lb. 50c; 2 Lbs. 90c; $7\frac{1}{2}$ Lbs. \$2.55; 15 Lbs. \$4.65.

Succession Collections of Peas

These four varieties will give a succession of the finest peas in your garden from early to late. Plant all at the same time in your garden, and as early in the spring as possible.

World's Record, Laxton's Progress, Lincoln and Midseason Giant.

Ask for: **Pea Collection No. 3.** One regular packet each of the above varieties. Enough for 40 feet of row. **35c Postpaid.**

Pea Collection No. 4. One half pound each of the above varieties. Enough for 200 feet of row. **90c Postpaid.**

"From your No. 3 Pea collection I planted April 9th, picked the first meal off the World's Record June 12th.

Have had a constant supply for the family use, up to the last picking yesterday, July 11th. They were ready for use in exactly the order you list them."

O. A. Severance, Watertown, N. Y. July 12, 1942.



Alderman Peas

PEPPERS

A packet of seed will produce about 75 plants; an ounce about 1000 plants.

Peppers are not difficult to raise if the right seed is used and the plants are set out early on rather warm, rich soil. If the peppers are kept picked before they turn red, the plants will produce great numbers of fruit.

Seed should be sown in the greenhouse or indoors in flats, or in hot beds, in April and grown in flats before setting outdoors. When sowing pepper seed, cover very lightly, and keep the soil moist and very warm. The seed will not germinate unless kept very warm all the time.

For the home garden it is easier to buy the plants. See page 82.

Harris' Northern Grown Pepper Seed

Most seed companies do not produce pepper seed as far north as we are because ordinary varieties do not bear enough fruit here to make it profitable. However, for many years we have specialized in breeding *early strains* which grow well and bear large crops here. We find that our Northern Grown Strains are the only ones which can be depended on to produce good crops every year. Starting with *Harris' Earliest* many years ago we have since developed *Harris' Early Giant*, *Harris' King of the North*, *Harris' Improved Squash*, *Hot Portugal* and finally our newest introduction *Harris' Wonder*.

HARRIS' WONDER. **Heavy Yielding.** This is a most desirable thick meated variety of our own breeding and is remarkable for its yield of large smooth fruit. Seed of our own growing. See photo and description on page 5.
Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$5.00.

HARRIS' KING OF THE NORTH. **Enormous Early Fruit, Abundant Yield.** This pepper has become a great favorite since we introduced it a number of years ago. See full description on page 5. Seed of our own growing.
Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$5.00.

HARRIS' EARLIEST. **The Earliest Pepper.** "Best for far North." If you have difficulty in raising sweet peppers try this kind. They always produce an abundance of fruit even in short seasons when other kinds do not ripen.

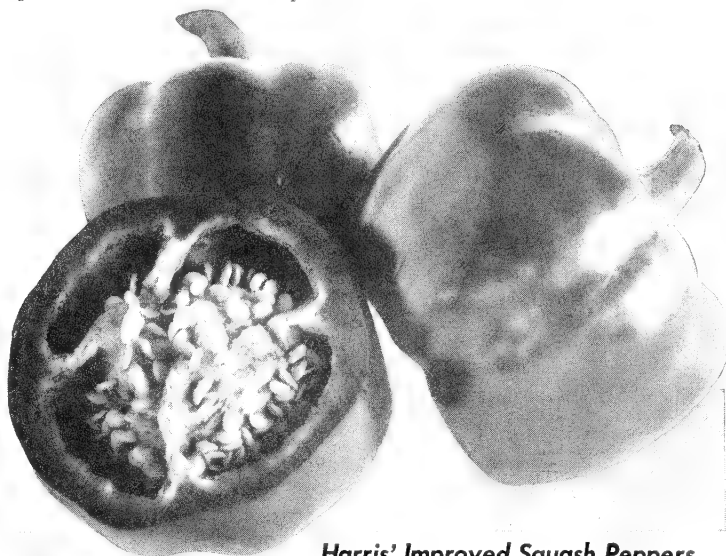
In an average season *Harris' Earliest* will produce more peppers than any other sweet kind and they mature *much earlier*. For the Northern parts of the country where the larger and later kinds do not mature this is the only *large* sweet pepper that will make a good crop every season. We often get a lot of ripe (red) peppers here the first part of August and always plenty of green peppers on the plants before that date.

The plants are only a foot or 18 inches high and on good ground produce so many peppers that they hardly seem able to support them. They are of good size, often 3 in. long and 2½ in. in diameter, and of very mild, sweet flavor. Seed of our own growing.
Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$5.00.



Harris' King of the North Peppers

Sixteen peppers cover the top of this standard bushel basket



Harris' Improved Squash Peppers
Prolific—thick meated, excellent for "Pimientos."

HARRIS' IMPROVED SQUASH. **Heavy Yielding Strain.** This is the pepper which is so popular for canning because of its *extremely thick flesh* and fine quality. The shape is shown in the photo above. *In many sections they are called "Pimientos."*

Our strain is by far the best of this type for the North. It is early, very prolific and thick meated, and is a great improvement over Cheese or Sunnybrook, etc. With our early prolific strain you can get large dependable crops of fine fruit year after year even here in the North. Seed of our own growing.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$5.00.

HARRIS' EARLY GIANT. **Large Early Fruit.** This is the earliest pepper of large size and valuable for that reason. The fruit is large, often 4½ inches deep and 3½ inches through, with thin mild flesh. It ripens early turning from a deep green to brilliant red.

We introduced this pepper in 1924 and it has been a great favorite for early crops in the North. The plants grow upright and bear heavy crops of fruit long before the later kinds are ready.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$5.00.

WINDSOR A. **Early Thick Meated.** The peppers are smooth and long, usually tapering to a point. They ripen early and the vines are very prolific. Light green turning to a bright scarlet color. The flesh is very thick.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$5.00.

CALIFORNIA WONDER. **True Stock.** We have a very superior stock of this fine variety which is so widely grown for large thick meated green peppers by market growers. The fruit is of the true California Wonder shape, large and smooth, and with very thick flesh which makes it exceptionally heavy. They mature medium early and under good growing conditions will make a very profitable crop.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 55c; ¼ Lb. \$1.60; Lb. \$5.50.

WORLDBEATER. Bears large fruit often 5 inches long and 3½ inches in diameter. The fruit is deep green turning red when ripe. Matures medium early. These peppers are mild and sweet and very thick fleshed. Under proper conditions it is an extremely heavy bearer but is more suited to climates south of New York State. This is the same fine stock which has given our customers much satisfaction for many years.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 45c; ¼ Lb. \$1.20; Lb. \$4.00.

WORLDBEATER, EARLY STRAIN. (New.) This is an exceptionally fine stock of Worldbeater which bears better in Northern sections. With us it ripens just after California Wonder and it produces excellent large heavy fruit of true Worldbeater type. The plants are large and very productive. We highly recommend this new strain.

Pkt. 15c; ½ Oz. 35c; Oz. 60c; ¼ Lb. \$1.75; Lb. \$6.00.

OSHKOSH. **The largest and best yellow pepper.** Oshkosh, especially when ripe, is the finest pepper we know for "Stuffed Peppers." They can be used either green or ripe and when stuffed and baked are so mild and sweet that they fairly melt in your mouth.

The plants are strong and compact and under normal conditions produce excellent yields of large peppers. The color is deep green turning to deep orange yellow when ripe. The flesh is very thick.

Pkt. 15c; ½ Oz. 35c; Oz. 60c; ¼ Lb. \$1.75; Lb. \$6.00.

PIMIENTO. We have discontinued this variety because it seldom bears well in the North, and recommend *Harris' Improved Squash* (above).

HOT PEPPERS



HOT PORTUGAL. The best large hot red pepper. If you want large "hot" peppers be sure to grow some Hot Portugal. The fruit is twice as large as Giant Cayenne and just as hot. It is the largest pepper of this type we have seen and is very hot. The fruit averages 6 inches or more in length, is bright red when ripe, and is very freely borne on sturdy upright plants. Seed of our own growing.

Pkt. 15c; ½ Oz. 35c; Oz. 60c; ¼ Lb. \$1.75; Lb. \$6.00.

LARGE RED CHERRY. (Very Hot.) Fruits are nearly round, 1 to 1¼ inches in diameter. Borne profusely on rather tall vines. Quite late but under good growing conditions will produce a great deal of ripe fruit. Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$5.00.

GIANT CAYENNE. (Hot.) The fruit is 3 inches long and 1 inch through. It is much larger than the old Cayenne pepper and the fruit is just as hot. Ripens very early and is wonderfully prolific.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 55c; ¼ Lb. \$1.60; Lb. \$5.50.

HEIFER HORN. (Hot.) Market Gardeners' Stock. Larger and not quite so early as Giant Cayenne. The peppers are 1½ in. across at the top tapering to a point and 3½ to 4 in. long. The plants are very productive and the fruit very "hot."

We offer seed from an exceptionally fine market gardeners' strain. Pkt. 15c; ½ Oz. 35c; Oz. 55c; ¼ Lb. \$1.60; Lb. \$5.50.

HUNGARIAN WAX. (Hot.) This is very beautiful in the garden, the fruit turning from green to light yellow when young and then red as they ripen. It is quite hot or pungent. It matures quite early and the plants are very prolific. The strain we offer is the long type, producing fruit about 5-6 in. long and about 1 in. in diameter at the largest part. Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 35c; Oz. 60c; ¼ Lb. \$1.75; Lb. \$6.00.

PUMPKINS

Hot Portugal

A packet will plant 5 or 6 hills; an ounce 20 hills.

A few hills of pumpkins in the garden will give you the "makins" of many delicious pies in the fall and winter. If you grow your own you can get pumpkins of a quality that is impossible to match in the commercial canned product, and at very small cost. If your garden is small, a few hills among the sweet corn will not take up any extra ground.

SMALL SUGAR (also called "New England Pie"). The Favorite Pie Pumpkin. Small, deep yellow pumpkins, ribbed and slightly flattened at the ends. They have good thick, sweet flesh that is excellent for pies. There is always a good demand for these pumpkins in market and this is one of the best varieties to grow for the roadside trade as well as the home garden. Ripens early and is very prolific.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 15c; ¼ Lb. 35c; Lb. \$1.00.

ORANGE WINTER LUXURY. Fine for Pies. These rich pumpkins are nearly round, deep orange in color and beautifully netted. The flesh is very thick, deep orange yellow and of the finest quality for pies. The fruit is of good size, being nearly twice as large as the Small Sugar. Keeps all winter if put in a dry moderately warm place.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 15c; ¼ Lb. 40c; Lb. \$1.20.

CONNECTICUT FIELD or "Big Tom." The common large yellow field pumpkin used for "Jack O'Lanterns" and stock feeding. Our strain is very uniform, producing large, handsome fruit.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 15c; ¼ Lb. 25c; Lb. 75c; 5 Lbs. or more at 70c per Lb.



MacDonald Rhubarb

Photo taken in one of our fields.

MAMMOTH POTIRON (also called "King of Mammoths" and "Jumbo"). Grows larger than any other pumpkin or squash, sometimes weighing 100 lbs. or more. The fruit are salmon pink and nearly round. The flesh is yellow, thick and of fair quality. (Botanically this is a squash, but it is usually classed as a pumpkin.)

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; ¼ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.80.

LARGE CHEESE or Kentucky Field. Fine grained and sweet. Large fruit mottled light green and yellow, flattened at the ends. Does not always mature a full crop in our section.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 15c; ¼ Lb. 35c; Lb. \$1.00.

RHUBARB or PIEPLANT

Roots can be raised from seed sown in the spring, and are ready to transplant to the permanent bed the next spring. Seedlings cannot be relied upon to reproduce the variety true to type no matter how carefully the seed is raised, so only the roots that produce the largest and best stalks should be used, the rest being discarded.

MYATT'S LINNAEUS. Stalks grow very large and are light green and scarlet in color.

Seed Only: We do not offer roots of this variety.

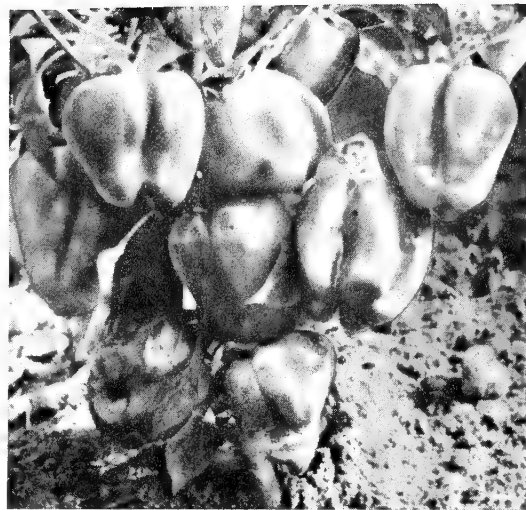
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; ¼ Lb. 60c.

MACDONALD. (New.) Roots only. This remarkable variety is the most distinct improvement which has been made in rhubarb in a good many years.

We obtained the original roots a number of years ago from MacDonald College of McGill University at Montreal, and have increased our stock by root division.

The stalks are very large and become a bright crimson color. They are tender, of excellent flavor and when cooked they make a beautiful deep pink sauce. The plant is high yielding, strong and robust.

We offer roots only of this variety. Although MacDonald sometimes puts up a seed stalk like other varieties it does not pollinate readily and we have never succeeded in harvesting any seed. Root Divisions: Ea. 40c; 3 for 95c; Doz. \$2.50 transportation paid. Not paid: \$10.00 per 100. (Weight 1½ lbs. each.)



Harris' Earliest Peppers (See page 33)

If you want lots of very early peppers, grow this kind.

Harris' Pepper Plants

We make a specialty of growing fine sturdy pepper plants. We can supply either seedlings which should be grown in the hot bed or window box for a few weeks or hardy transplanted plants for setting directly in the garden. See page 82 for varieties and prices.



Small Sugar Pumpkin

RADISHES

A packet will sow 15 to 20 feet of row; an ounce about 75 feet.

To get the best radishes in the open ground the soil should be loose and quite rich, and the growth quick and steady. Sow the seed in rows a foot apart and thin the plants to 2 inches apart. Dusting the ground with lime or gypsum before the seed comes up will help keep the flies out and prevent injury by maggots. By sowing radish seed in August or the first part of September much better radishes can be raised than in the spring and summer, as they are not usually injured by maggots in the fall.

EARLY SCARLET GLOBE. Long Island Strain. These fine radishes are round to oval in shape with brilliant scarlet color and very fine tap roots. The tops are medium sized and the flesh is pure white, crisp and tender. The great uniformity and fine color of this stock have made it one of the most popular commercial strains for outdoor growing and it is certainly one of the finest for the home garden. We highly recommend it.
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 35c; Lb. \$1.00.

EARLY SCARLET GLOBE. Special Strain. This is an excellent short top strain and is widely used by market gardeners for forcing and open ground. The radishes are a handsome olive shape, bright scarlet in color with good firm flesh. Under favorable conditions ready in 20 days from sowing. The tops are not as large as most strains of this variety. Our strain has proved to be the most uniform stock of Early Scarlet Globe.
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 45c; Lb. \$1.20.

CAVALIER. The Best Short Top Scarlet Globe. We think this is the best radish grown, and recommend it most highly. These radishes are of brilliant scarlet color which makes them most attractive. They are the true olive shape, very uniform, crisp and mild and have the ability to stand a long time without becoming soft. The tops grow somewhat shorter than our special strain of Early Scarlet Globe. This is an excellent variety for outdoors, greenhouses, spring frame forcing and growing on muck.
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 45c; Lb. \$1.20.



Comet Radishes

They remain firm and tender longer than any kind we know.

ASK FOR
OUR
CULTIVATION
PAMPHLET

White Radishes

ICICLE or Pearl Forcing. The Best White Radish. The radishes are long, straight, pure white, very smooth and nearly the same size the whole length. Should be grown in every home garden, not only for variety but because of its extremely high quality.

Iceicle grows with remarkable rapidity and is the earliest long white radish. It does best on soil that is loose, rich and deeply prepared.

Our strain is the true, refined short top type and is ideally suited for forcing and muck growing as well as being the finest strain for open ground.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 45c; Lb. \$1.20.

GIANT WHITE STUTTGART. For Fall. A very large, round or top-shaped white radish, of good quality, used as a summer and fall variety, as the roots will stand a long time without becoming pithy.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 35c; Lb. \$1.00.

WHITE STRASBURG. A large, long, white radish for summer use. Will remain crisp and tender even when very large. The roots when ready to use are 4 to 6 inches long, and $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches in diameter.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 35c; Lb. \$1.00.

Winter Radishes

These radishes should be sown in July and August as they do not succeed if sown in the spring. They are excellent for fall and winter use, and will keep a long time in sand and in the cellar. To get best growth give plenty of room, thinning to three to five inches while young.

BLACK SPANISH TURNIP, ROUND. A smooth, round radish with deep black skin and white flesh. The quality is very fine, crisp, solid and pungent. Our strain grows perfectly round and makes the finest winter radishes we know. They will keep all winter stored in moist sand.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 35c; Lb. \$1.00.

SORREL

Improved Broad-Leaved. Used as greens, or for soup flavoring. Sow outdoors in spring and thin to 4 inches.
Pkt. 15c; Oz. 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.50.

NARROW-LEAVED. The leaves are narrow and grow more upright than the Broad-Leaved. This kind is demanded on many markets.
Pkt. 15c; Oz. 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.50.



Iceicle Radish
Crystal white, tender and mild.

COMET. Long Standing Round. We are delighted that we can again offer this fine round radish. It is ideal for home gardens because it not only has exceptionally fine quality but stands longer than any other kind without getting soft or pithy. We have had Comet stand fully two weeks longer than other kinds and still remain firm and solid with crisp mild flesh. The shape is round and the color is a fine bright scarlet. Highly recommended for the home garden and growers who want a round radish.
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 45c; Lb. \$1.20.

CRIMSON GIANT GLOBE. This variety produces very large globe shape radishes of scarlet color and solid white flesh. It is not an early variety but good for outdoor growing. The tops and roots are larger than Early Scarlet Globe.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 35c; Lb. \$1.00.

EARLIEST SCARLET WHITE-TIPPED. Special Strain. Also called "Sparkler", "Rosy Gem" and "Rapid Forcing." This is the most attractive radish we know. They are round, bright red with the bottom half clear white. The radishes grow rapidly and are very crisp and mild. This is a short top strain and it does equally well in greenhouse, frame or garden.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 40c; Lb. \$1.10.

SALSIFY or Vegetable Oyster

A packet will sow 15 ft. of row; an ounce 75 ft.

"Oyster Plant," as it is often called, is easily grown and is used in the late fall and winter when there are very few fresh vegetables to be had. Market gardeners find this a profitable vegetable to grow.

The largest roots are grown on rather light rich soil, but good ones can be produced on almost any good garden land. Sow the seed in May in rows 2 feet apart and thin the plants to 3 inches apart. The roots can be used any time in the fall and winter. They may remain in the ground all winter, but before the ground freezes a supply of roots should be dug and placed in moist sand in the cellar for use in the winter.

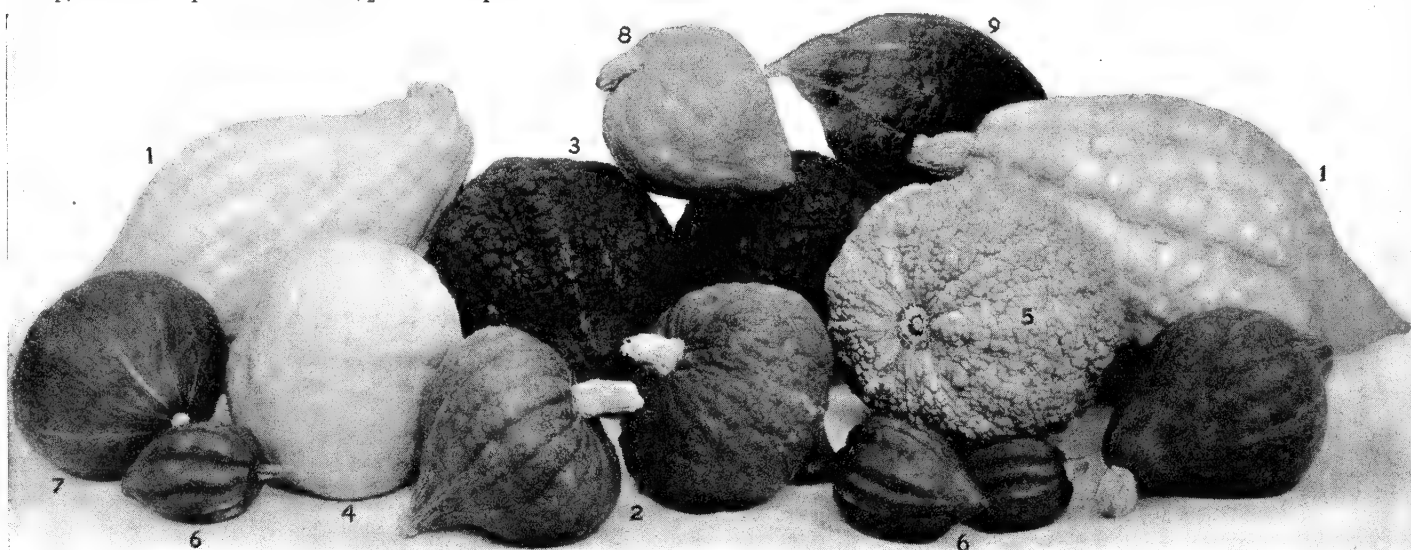
MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND. The Best Strain. This improved variety grows very large often measuring 4 to 5 inches around and is of the best quality.
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 70c.



Mammoth Sandwich Island Salsify

SQUASH

Winter Squash has a large "running" vine and varieties such as Blue Hubbard, Quality, Table Queen, etc. should be planted 6 to 8 feet apart as the vines often extend 20 feet in all directions. Summer Squash grows on a dwarf or "bush" vine, and varieties like Straightneck, Cocozelle, and Bush Scallop, etc. can be planted in hills 3½ to 4 feet apart.



1. Blue Hubbard 2. Quality 3. Warted Hubbard 4. Boston Marrow 5. Warren
6. Table Queen 7. Delicious 8. Golden Delicious 9. Hubbard

Fall and Winter Squash

A packet of seed of winter varieties will plant 3 to 4 hills; an ounce 15 hills; 3 to 4 lbs. of seed per acre.

BLUE HUBBARD. True High Yielding Strain. Harris' Blue Hubbard is in a class by itself. This strain which we have bred ourselves is a very heavy yielder and the truest, most uniform stock grown.

The fruit is attractive blue gray color, large, rough and rugged. The shape is shown in the photograph above. The flesh is thick, of deep yellow color and of fine flavor and texture.

This squash has proved a very profitable farm crop as the demand for these squash is steadily growing especially in Eastern Markets. It is also good to raise in the garden because of its heavy yield and excellent storage qualities.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 30c; ¼ Lb. 75c; Lb. \$2.50.

DELICIOUS. For Fine Flavor. This is one of the finest flavored winter squash we know. It is rich and sweet and so dry and fine grained that it resembles a good sweet potato. The fruit has a dark green shell with bright orange flesh. It is of medium size; not as large as Hubbard but is very heavy. This is a favorite home garden kind and market gardeners are finding it increasingly profitable to grow.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 30c; ¼ Lb. 70c; Lb. \$2.00.

HUBBARD. True Original Strain. The old standard winter squash. The fruit is of fairly large size, heavy and of fine quality. It cooks dry and without stringiness. The shell is nearly smooth, hard and deep green. When properly stored in a dry, moderately warm place this squash will keep all winter.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; ¼ Lb. 60c; Lb. \$1.75.

QUALITY. This handsome squash has been our favorite home garden type for many years, and now the demand for fine quality squash of smaller size has made it a great seller on markets and roadside stands. See photo and full description on page 6.

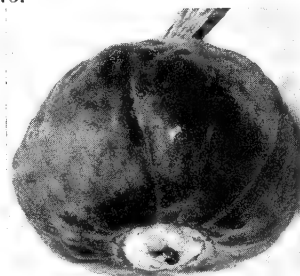
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 30c; ¼ Lb. 75c; Lb. \$2.50.

IMPROVED WARTED HUBBARD. Dark Green. The most widely grown green squash. This strain of Hubbard squash produces large fruit covered with warts and of dark green color. They are noted for their keeping quality and sell well in the markets, as the fruit is very handsome. We offer a uniform true strain of Chicago Warted Hubbard. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; ¼ Lb. 60c; Lb. \$1.75.

BUTTERCUP. Thick Flesh. Superior Quality.

This is an excellent high quality small winter squash which has become extremely well liked for home gardens. The squash are small (4-5 lbs.) and of unusual shape as shown in the photo to the right, but have extremely thick flesh. The flesh is dry, sweet and of very smooth texture, entirely free of stringiness.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 30c; ¼ Lb. 80c; Lb. \$2.50.



Buttercup

Red or Orange Squash

WARREN. (Improved Essex Hybrid.) This "turban" squash has long been a favorite in New England and is becoming more popular in other sections. The flesh is very thick, deep orange, firm and of very superior quality. The fruit is round, heavily warted, flattened at the ends, bright orange-red color when ripe. It has a distinct but not too large button at the blossom end. This squash will keep well all winter. The seed is a true, well bred strain of our own growing. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 30c; ¼ Lb. 75c; Lb. \$2.50.

GOLDEN DELICIOUS. This squash somewhat resembles the green Delicious in size and shape but the outside is of deep orange color. The flesh is orange, very thick and of extra fine quality. This is not a large squash but is a good yielder. Where orange squash are popular, this is a profitable kind for roadside stands and market and excellent for home gardens.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; ¼ Lb. 60c; Lb. \$1.75.

BOSTON MARROW. Orange. One of the first to ripen. It is an excellent squash of good size. The skin is smooth, of deep orange yellow, with thick, yellow flesh.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; ¼ Lb. 35c; Lb. 90c.

GOLDEN HUBBARD. Similar in shape to Hubbard except that the fruit is a deep orange red, making it very attractive in appearance. Our stock is well warted and uniform in size.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; ¼ Lb. 60c; Lb. \$1.75.



Judging and selecting Blue Hubbard Squash in one of our "work shops."

TABLE QUEEN. *The Individual Squash.* Also known as **Acorn**, **Des Moines** and **Queen Ann**. This handsome little squash is the most popular kind for individual baking because of its very fine quality.

The fruit is dark green, 4 to 5 in. long and 4 in. in diameter, deeply ribbed and with a smooth hard shell. It is of a very convenient size for baking and serving in the shell. The flesh is deep yellow, sweet, of fine flavor, dry and free from stringiness. The squash will keep all winter and should be allowed to ripen thoroughly before using. This strain is very uniform in size, type and color.

The vines are of the "runner type" and very prolific, producing great numbers of these fine squash.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 55c; Lb. \$1.65.

ROYAL ACORN. (**Mammoth Table Queen**) **NEW.** Many people have wanted a larger sized squash of Table Queen or

Acorn type, and this new strain fills the bill. The fruits have the same shape and fine dark green color as the popular small Table Queen, but these are considerably larger, measuring 6 to 7 in. long and 5 in. across. The flesh is thick and excellent for baking, and the vines are strong, hardy and productive. We recommend this new large strain most highly, both for home and market.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 60c; Lb. \$1.75.

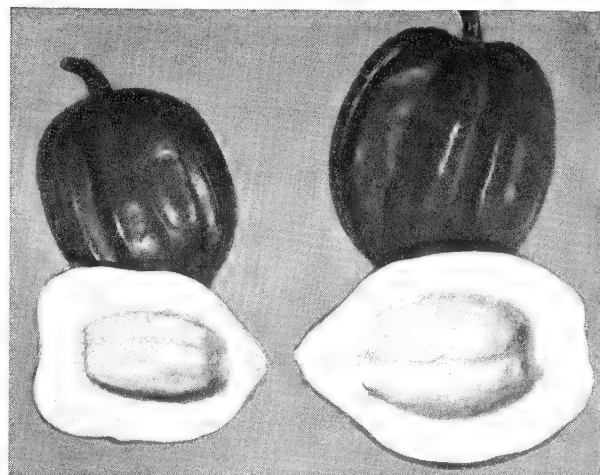


Table Queen

Royal Acorn

Summer Squash

A packet of seed of summer varieties will plant 6 to 8 hills; an ounce 30 hills.

Summer squash is easy to grow and will produce enormous crops all summer if the fruit are kept picked off as soon as they are ready to use. More fruit come on and you can have a continuous supply right up until frost. All types of summer squash, cocozelle, etc. are much better to eat if they are used when they are still young and tender.



Early Yellow Prolific Summer Squash

EARLY YELLOW PROLIFIC. This is a grand dwarf summer squash and a distinct triumph in plant breeding.

The squash are very attractive, smaller than the old straightneck, smooth, straight and a beautiful clear yellow. There is not a trace of green even in the very young fruit. The vine is dwarf, and extremely prolific and early.

This is a very profitable kind for market and an excellent kind for the home garden, as a few plants will give an abundance of beautiful summer squash of the finest quality if the young fruit are kept picked.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 60c; Lb. \$1.75.

MAMMOTH WHITE BUSH SCALLOP. (Called also "Cymling" or "Patty Pan.") The fruit is saucer shaped, pure white and scalloped around the edges and of excellent quality for summer use. Our strain is the deep type and early.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.40.

VEGETABLE MARROW. English (White). The fruit is 8 in. to a foot long, 4 to 5 inches in diameter and of a creamy white color. It is used when half grown the same as any summer squash and is very delicious either fried or boiled. The vines are of the runner type growing fully ten feet long.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 60c; Lb. \$1.75.

HARRIS' IMPROVED COCOZELLE. (NEW.) This is without question the finest strain of

Italian Vegetable Marrow or Cocozelle. The fruit is long, slender, attractively striped and of delicious flavor, much superior to most summer squash. See photo and full description on page 6.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 70c; Lb. \$2.25.

ITALIAN VEGETABLE MARROW. (Cocozelle.) This is the old standard type, now largely displaced by Harris' Improved Cocozelle. The plant is of bush type without runners and the fruit is mottled with dark and light green.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 60c; Lb. \$1.75.

DARK GREEN ZUCCHINI. Special Long Strain. This new strain of this bush vegetable marrow is very even in size and nearly as long as Cocozelle, and has a solid dark green skin with no light grey or light striped fruits. Best if picked when 8 to 10 in. long or smaller.

These squash are delicious cut lengthwise and baked with a strip of bacon on each piece. Use squash 6 to 8 in. long. Try some this year.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.50.

YANKEE HYBRID. NEW. The earliest and most productive summer squash. Best for both home and market gardens. See photo and full description on page 6.
Pkt. 15c; Oz. 55c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.50; Lb. \$5.00.

GIANT SUMMER STRAIGHTNECK. Bright Yellow Strain. This large straight type of summer squash has now almost entirely replaced the old Crookneck type, in both home and commercial gardens.

The fruit is of large size with straight thick necks and the roughened skin has a clear, bright, waxy appearance that is most attractive. The young fruit often have a light green tinge which makes them look fresh and tender. You will like this strain as it is nearly 100% straight with thick fleshy squash of the finest type.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 45c; Lb. \$1.50.

GIANT SUMMER STRAIGHTNECK, Butter Yellow Strain. This is a fine stock of straightneck squash, similar to our Bright Yellow Strain except that fruit show no green even when young. They have a deep butter yellow color and are very attractive. The skin is roughened and the squash grow to large size.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 45c; Lb. \$1.50.

Early Giant Crookneck. The old fashioned summer squash with curved necks. The fruit are deep golden yellow in color and very warty.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.50.

"That Yankee Squash is the most delicious squash I ever tasted."
U. G. Hussey, Sloughton, Mass., June 25, 1942.

"Of the three varieties of summer squash I raised to sell last summer Yankee Hybrid had by far the most sales appeal."

Arthur Radde, Eureka, Wisc., April 23, 1942.



Yankee Hybrid Squash
A typical picking from our trials.

SPINACH

A packet of seed will sow 25 to 30 feet of row; 1 oz. 80 ft.; 12 to 20 lbs. of seed an acre.

Spinach may be sown very early in the spring. It will be ready for use in four or five weeks after sowing. For fall use sow August 1st, and to winter over sow about September 1st in this latitude, and later further south.

Spinach runs to seed quickly in hot weather, so the seed should be sown early in the spring or late in the summer in order to avoid having the crop mature in July or August. If sown about August 1st, spinach will grow large and can be used from the first of September until the ground freezes.

SPECIAL SUMMER SAVOY. *Long Standing.* For home gardens as well as commercial plant-

ing this variety is the best of the Long Standing Bloomsdale type. The leaves are large, dark green and heavily crumpled or "Savoyed," and have a heavy texture which makes the finest cooked spinach.

This variety stands longer in hot weather than any similar kind and with it you can cut large crops of fine tender spinach over a period of several weeks with one sowing.

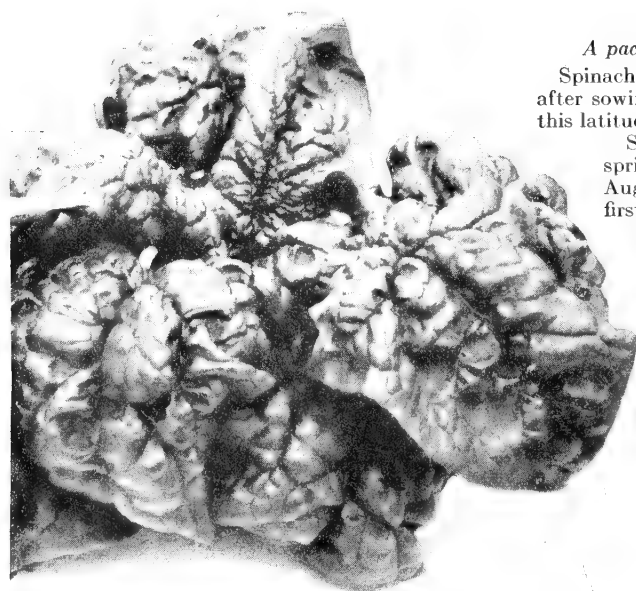
This is an unusually good stock, uniform and attractive and for growers who want this type it is unsurpassed.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 45c; Lb. \$1.20.

LONG STANDING BLOOMSDALE. This is the standard heavily blistered savoyed type which grows quickly but stands a long time without bolting to seed. It is very valuable for spring sowing and is also used to plant in the fall for wintering over as it is quite hardy.

The leaves are very thick dark green and intensely savoyed. We recommend it highly for home and market growers.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 45c; Lb. \$1.20.



Special Summer Savoy Spinach

VIKING. *Early, Large, Dark Green, Long Standing.* This is the heaviest yielding variety we know and we recommend it most highly for both home and market growers. The leaves are very large, somewhat crumpled, dark green, quite tender and of excellent quality. This spinach grows fast so that it is ready before most other kinds. It is so large in fact, that you can start to cut it when it is only about two-thirds grown.

When fully grown it attains enormous size but still retains its fine tender quality. It is a long standing type that does not bolt to seed quickly and it will produce an abundance of fine spinach over a long period of time.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 45c; Lb. \$1.20.

BLIGHT-RESISTANT SAVOY. *Grow this variety for Fall Crops.*

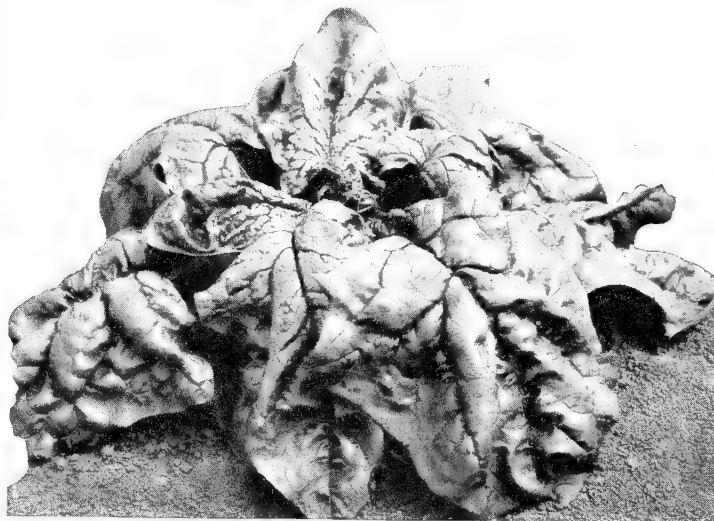
This strain of Norfolk or Bloomsdale Savoy is quite resistant to the blight or "yellows" which is destructive in many localities especially in the fall. A valuable variety in localities where blight injures fall spinach.

Although no spinach of this class will stand a long time when sown in the spring, our strain stands without bolting three or four days longer than most stocks, and is the most uniform stock of this variety.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 45c; Lb. \$1.20.

OLD DOMINION. *A Longer Standing Blight Resistant.* This new spinach is a cross between Blight Resistant Savoy and King of Denmark. It has the large dark green crumpled leaf of the Savoy and stands up longer than other Blight Resistant kinds. This variety yields large crops and holds up well when cut. It is a most valuable kind for fall, and for spring sowing in places where spinach blights.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 45c; Lb. \$1.20.



Viking Spinach—Large Tender Leaves.

New Zealand Spinach

Although this is not a true spinach, it is popular for summer "greens." It will grow during hot dry weather when other spinach would fail entirely and will furnish nice "greens" all summer. The seed is slow to germinate and should be soaked 24 hours before planting.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 70c; Lb. \$2.00.

SWISS CHARD or Spinach Beet

A packet of seed will sow 15 feet of row; an ounce 50 feet.

Swiss Chard is really a beet grown for its leaves. The entire leaf may be boiled and served as spinach or the midrib cooked alone; either way they are excellent. Sown in the spring the leaves are soon ready to eat and if cut will continue to grow and produce tender young leaves all summer and fall. If given a little protection it will survive the winter and make unusually good greens early in the spring.

FORDHOOK GIANT. *The Best Variety.* The leaves are

dark green, very large, much curled or "Savoyed," thick of texture and quite tender making excellent boiling greens. The stems are pure white, broad and thick and make an unusual vegetable when cooked separately. We have the true stock.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 60c; Lb. \$1.60.

LUCULLUS. This is a very large variety with curled leaves like a Savoy cabbage. The plants grow nearly 2 feet high and the leaves are very large and of fine quality.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.40.

SILVER LEAF. Large, smooth, dark green leaves with broad silvery white ribs and stems.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.40.



Fordhook Giant Swiss Chard

TOMATOES

A packet of seed will produce about 150 plants; an ounce 2000 plants.



Victor Tomatoes

A single plant in our field—Note the heavy set of smooth ripe fruit.

VICTOR. Best Extra Early. An All American Winner. We believe this is the best extra early tomato yet developed. It ripens enormous crops of large smooth solid fruit even earlier than the old extra early kinds. See full description on page 6.
N. Y. State Certified Seed. Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 40c; Oz. 75c; ¼ Lb. \$2.35.

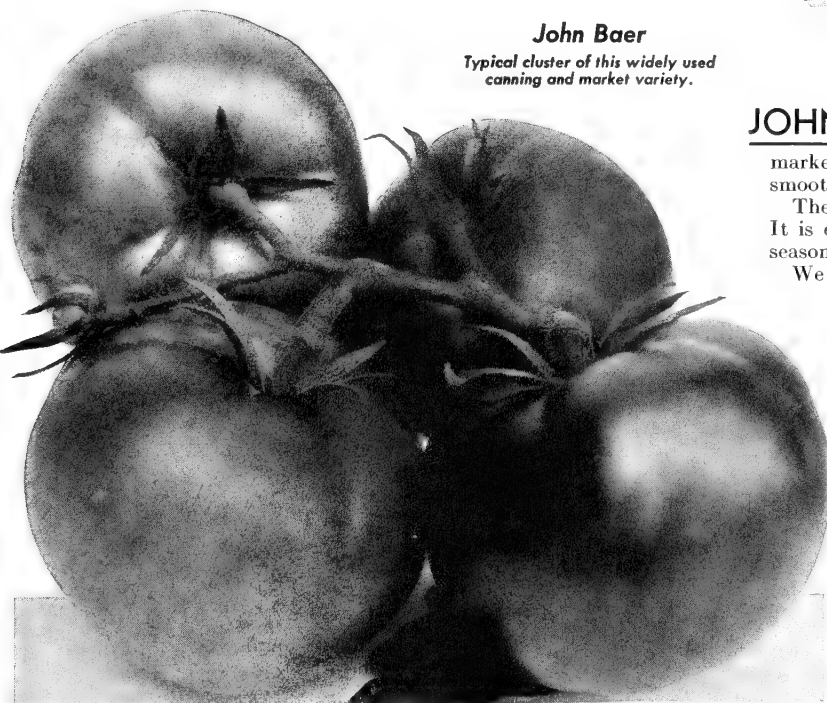
EARLIANA. Harris' Extra Early Strain. We have bred this strain of Earliana tomato for many years until now we have it so perfected that it not only ripens as early as any other strain of this variety, but is also much smoother and more regular in size and shape and colors better around the stem. This tomato is very early and the fruit is solid and meaty.
N. Y. State Certified Seed. Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50.

Vegetable Seed Collections

We have put up ready to mail, two collections of vegetable seeds for the home garden, at much reduced prices. These collections contain seed of the finest varieties, and will give one an excellent variety of vegetables in the home garden. See page 7.

John Baer

Typical cluster of this widely used canning and market variety.



Harris' New York State Certified Tomato Seed

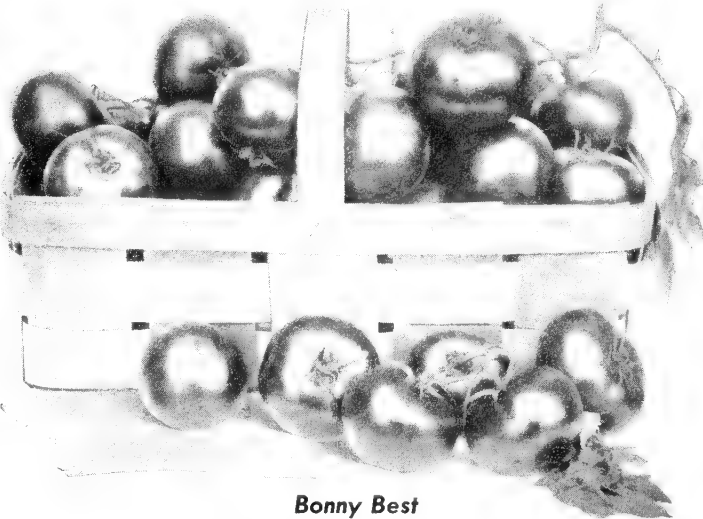
Our Certified Tomato Seed is all grown on our own farms in comparatively small fields that have our careful individual attention.

For years we have made a specialty of raising tomato seed of the best possible quality from pedigreed stocks on our own farm here in the North. In 1935 we pioneered in producing the first crops of New York State Certified tomato seed to be grown.

Again this year our tomato seed crops have been inspected by representatives of the New York Seed Improvement Cooperative Association, which is by law the official seed certifying agency in this State, and have fully passed their very strict requirements for trueness to type, purity of variety and freedom from disease.

BONNY BEST. Harris' Special Strain. This magnificent early variety should be largely planted for home use and market. The fruit ripens only a week later than Earliana and the plants produce enormous crops of beautiful, smooth, high colored fruit, practically all of which ripen before the vines are killed by frost.

The tomatoes are of good size, only slightly smaller than Improved John Baer, smooth as an apple and a deep scarlet color which extends right up to the stem without any green tinge. There is no finer strain of Bonny Best than the seed we offer, no matter what price is charged. N. Y. State Certified Seed. Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.35.



Bonny Best

Smooth, firm fruit of finest quality.

JOHN BAER. Improved Strain. Heavy Yielding. One of the most reliable sorts for canning, home garden and market. Ours is the Geneva strain which produces immense crops of smooth, handsome fruit larger than most strains of this variety.

The fruit is solid, deep red all through, and produced in great clusters. It is early enough to ripen the whole crop before frost in a normal season.

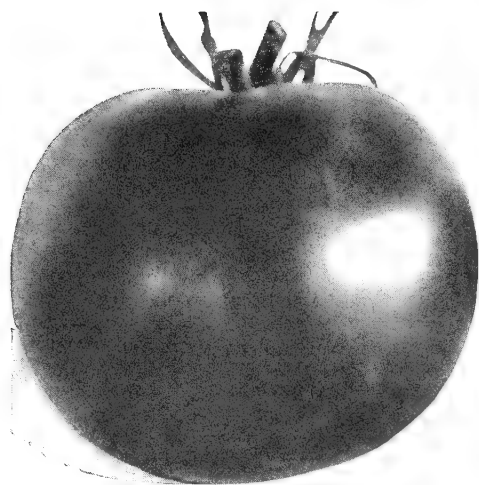
We find by carefully conducted trials and reports of critical growers that our strain of John Baer is fully equal to any stock of this variety obtainable and far superior to most of them.

N. Y. State Certified Seed. Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.45.

"I had excellent results from my garden last year entirely from your seeds and plants. They lived up to my greatest hopes. The tomatoes especially were admired by everyone who saw our garden." Harold N. Bates, Auburndale, Mass., March 21, 1942.

Harris' Tomato Plants

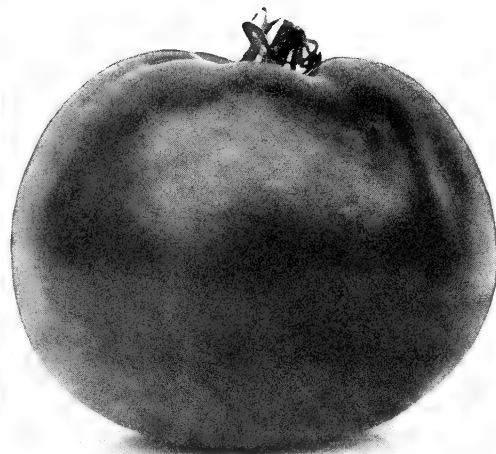
We make a specialty of growing the finest sturdy, true to name plants of the most popular varieties of tomatoes. They can be furnished either ready to set out in the open ground, or, if preferred, small plants which can be grown in frames for a few weeks before setting out. See pages 82 and 83 for full details.



Pritchard's Scarlet Topper
Deep scarlet fruit of finest quality.



Selecting Comet Tomatoes on our Farm
We carefully check every plant to be sure that you will get the finest seed obtainable.



Marglobe
Large solid deep red fruit.

PRITCHARD'S SCARLET TOPPER. Also called **Pritchard.** This is one

of the finest tomatoes ever grown. The fruits are medium to large, round, thick of flesh, firm and with small seed cavities. The color is a brilliant red throughout coloring right up to the top without any hard green spots. This tomato has been quite resistant to "cracking."

It is free from acidity and altogether a tomato of exceptionally fine quality. It is one of the best kinds for home canning we know. In season the fruit ripens only a few days later than the early kinds such as Bonny Best and John Baer. This is a very heavy yielding variety, consistently producing large crops of the finest fruit.

Home gardeners should not be without this valuable kind in their garden. Market gardeners and growers for roadside stands where quality counts will find this a profitable variety.

N. Y. State Certified Seed. Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 35c; Oz. 60c; ¼ Lb. \$1.75.

STOKESDALE. Prolific, Medium Early. This new tomato has become highly popular wherever grown and is of major importance as a canning crop in some sections. The fruit is of medium size, deep globe in shape, very smooth and has very little cracking. They are very solid, and a bright scarlet color throughout. The vines are strong and very prolific. In season Stokesdale ripens about with Bonny Best. Because of its fine quality and heavy yield it is well adapted for the home garden as well as market, shipping and canning.

N. Y. State Certified Seed. Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 35c; Oz. 60c; ¼ Lb. \$1.75.



Harvesting Certified Rutgers Tomatoes on our Farm

RUTGERS. Harris' Northern Grown Strain. We consider this the finest main crop tomato grown today. The fruit is large and round, firm and solid and colors a beautiful deep red all through the fruit. The quality is superb having the most delicious flavor of any kind we know. See photo and full description on page 6. N. Y. State Certified Seed. Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 35c; Oz. 60c; ¼ Lb. \$1.75.

Grow Victor for early and Rutgers for main crop:

"I harvested 10 acres of your Victor tomato last year and it's the best early tomato I ever planted." J. H. Peters, Benton Harbor, Mich., Feb. 16, 1942.

"I bought your Rutgers seed in 1941. On a measured 1/10 acre I netted \$98.86 outside of the family use for table and canning."

R. E. Carrington, Sanford, N. C., Feb. 2, 1942.

MARGLOBE. Blight Resistant. Main Cropper. Our original stock seed of this famous tomato was sent to us by the United States Department of Agriculture at Washington. We have grown and improved this variety on our farm for a number of years, until now we have a stock that is unusually good.

The tomatoes are large, globe shaped, smooth, color perfectly all over and are of deep red color all through. The vines are vigorous and resist blight well even in very wet weather. The fruit ripens medium late coming on just after John Baer and Bonny Best. It is so large, smooth and handsome that it is excellent for market, canning or any other purpose.

N. Y. State Certified Seed. Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 55c; ¼ Lb. \$1.60.



Stokesdale Tomatoes

COMET. For Greenhouse and Trellis Growing. Our strain is a great favorite around Boston and other sections in the East where trellis tomatoes are extensively grown. The fruit is smooth,

bright red and just the ideal size for individual salads. This stock has been found without superior for both greenhouse and growing outside on trellises or stakes. The seed was saved from carefully selected plants. N. Y. State Certified Seed. Pkt. 20c; ½ Oz. 50c; ¼ Oz. 90c; ½ Oz. \$1.65; Oz. \$3.00.

Grow Small Fruits in Your Own Garden

Small fruits such as Strawberries, Raspberries and Grapes take little space and add immeasurably to the value and pleasure of the home garden. See pages 83 to 85.



Comet Tomatoes
Note the set of fine smooth fruit.

PAN AMERICAN. New Resistant Large Fruited Marglobe Type. This new main crop tomato

developed by the United States Department of Agriculture is completely resistant to fusarium wilt, and has proved to be a very promising home and market variety.

The fruits carry the fine deep globe shape of Marglobe but average somewhat larger in size. They are so uniform that we found practically no small fruits in our crops, even late in the season. They ripen evenly to the stem and are an attractive bright scarlet color. The flesh is exceptionally firm, meaty, and solid.

Pan American has large robust plants producing enormous yields of fine fruit about the same time as Marglobe and Rutgers. It is an excellent variety to prolong the season as the fruit remains firm and delicious long after earlier varieties have become soft and watery.

N. Y. State Certified Seed. Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 40c; Oz. 75c; ¼ Lb. \$2.35.

HARRIS' EARLY STONE. An old favorite variety of good quality which has been widely grown for canning because it is free of acidity. The vines are very large and prolific but the fruit is flattened in shape and rather uneven.

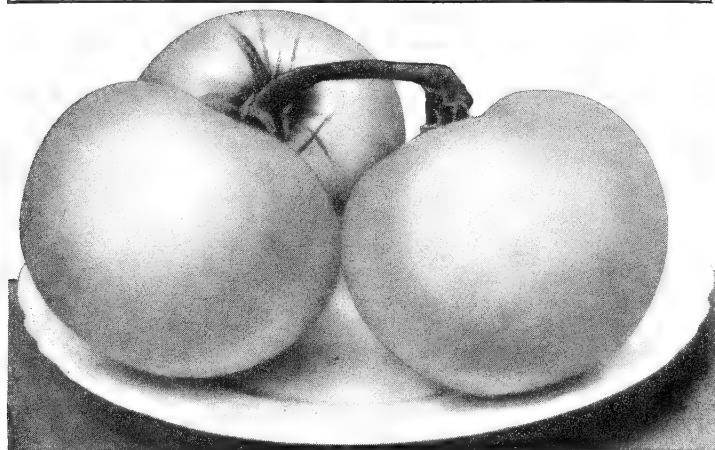
Because of crop failure, we are unable to offer any seed of Harris' Early Stone this year. To growers who have been using it, we recommend **Rutgers** as having much better shaped fruit and even finer quality. See photo and description of Rutgers on page 6.

ITALIAN RED PEAR (Pomo d'oro a Pero). This tomato is most prized by the Italian people for making their famous "tomato paste." It is also used extensively for canning. These tomatoes canned whole with a few leaves of Basil (See page 43) make a delightful change from ordinary canned tomatoes.

The fruit is very solid with thick walls, and deep red in color throughout. It is true pear shape but three or four times as large as the ordinary red pear tomatoes. Borne in clusters of 4 to 7 fruits on strong vines. N. Y. State Certified Seed. Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50.

Be sure your NAME and ADDRESS is on ORDER SHEET

Each year we receive a large number of orders which we are unable to fill because there is no name or address on the order sheet.



Golden Globe Tomatoes
Perfect globe fruits of deep golden color.

Small Fruited Tomatoes

These pretty little tomatoes are very useful for serving whole in salads, for preserves and pickles and for ornaments. They grow in clusters which ripen at one time. The vines are large and vigorous and produce an astonishing quantity of fruit.

Red Cherry. Bright red fruit about the size of a large cherry.

Red Pear or Fig. Pear-shaped fruit about one inch in diameter. Sweet and of good flavor and will keep a long time. Wonderfully prolific.

Red Plum. Small plum-shaped fruit, deep red and of good quality.

Red Currant. Small round red fruit about the size of a small red cherry.

Yellow Cherry. Bright yellow fruit, similar in shape to Red Cherry.

Yellow Plum. Small, plum-shaped, bright yellow fruit; fine for preserves.

Yellow Pear. Small fruit the same shape as Red Pear but of yellow color.

Ground Cherry. Also Called Husk Tomato. While this is not a true tomato, it belongs to the same family and is grown in the same manner as tomatoes. The small yellow fruit is borne in husks. They are of a pleasing flavor and are valued for salads and preserves.

PRICE: Any of the above Small Fruited Varieties. Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 35c; Oz. 60c.

SPECIAL COLLECTION: Any three packets of above small fruited varieties: 25c.



Pan American

A typical basket of fruit as picked in our seed field.

DWARF STONE. The plants grow very dwarf and stocky with short thick stems and heavy leaves and can be set out close together. The fruit is of flattened globe shape like Stone, medium size, solid and deep red, and of good quality. Ripens a little later than Early Stone, but produces fine solid fruit late in the season when most tomatoes are not so solid and firm.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.35.

Pink or Crimson Varieties

EARLY DETROIT. The best early crimson or "pink" tomato. The fruit is of good size, globe shaped, extremely smooth and well colored. It is medium early and very prolific.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.35.

DWARF CHAMPION. The vines are stocky and do not spread like other kinds. Fruit is of medium size, very smooth and of an attractive pink color. Ripens medium early and is used considerably in home gardens.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 50c; ¼ Lb. \$1.35.

PONDEROSA. Very Large. A late variety but with very large fruit that is more solid and "meaty" than any other kind. The tomatoes are of huge size, usually somewhat rough in shape, but of excellent quality. The color is a deep pink and the quality is so mild and fine that many people prefer them even to the best red tomatoes. This is a late variety but normally ripens a good lot of fruit even in our Northern climate and the fruit holds up very well in longer seasons.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 35c; Oz. 60c; ¼ Lb. \$1.90.

Yellow Variety

GOLDEN GLOBE. Deep orange fruit of finest quality. A distinctive new variety with deep globe shape, firm solid flesh, and high yield on strong sturdy vines. The fruit instead of being red has orange skin and rich orange flesh. The quality is fine and they are most attractive when sliced; the juice is rich, full flavored and orange colored, and much superior to ordinary yellow tomato juice.

Not an early variety but normally ripens good crops before frost. Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 35c; Oz. 60c; ¼ Lb. \$1.75.



Yellow Plum

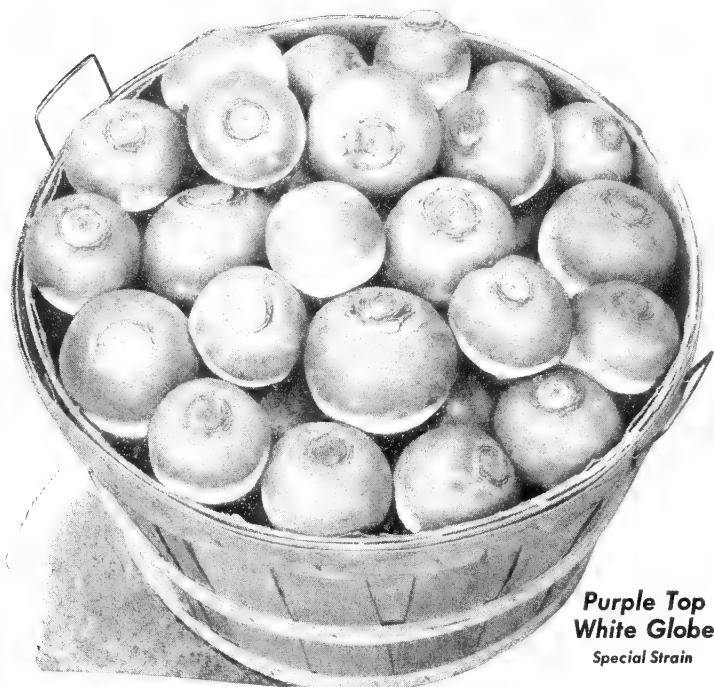
Red Pear

Red Cherry

Photographs are about ¾ actual size.

TURNIPS

A packet of seed will sow 50 ft. of row; an ounce 300 ft. It requires from 1 to 1½ lbs. of seed per acre in drills, or 2 to 2½ lbs. broadcast.



**Purple Top
White Globe**
Special Strain

EARLY WHITE MILAN. Very Early. Same as the Purple Top Milan except that the turnips are pure white.
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; ¼ Lb. 35c; Lb. \$1.00.

RUTA BAGAS or Swede Turnips

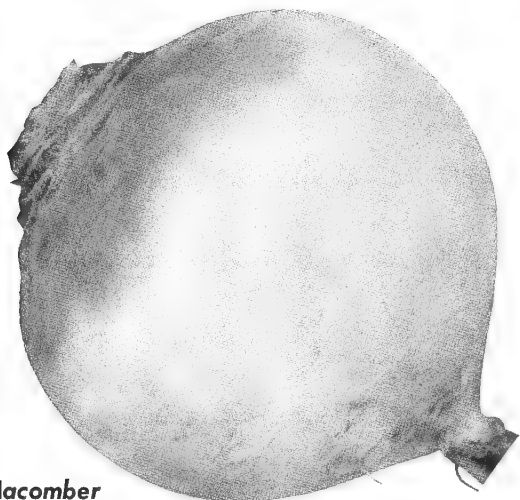
The ruta bagas, or Swede turnips, require longer to mature than the common turnips and should be sown earlier. To get heavy crops of large turnips sow the seed June 15 to July 1 in rows 2 to 2½ feet apart. Thin to a foot apart. Ruta bagas make excellent winter feed for sheep.

It is important to dust the young plants just after they break through the ground to prevent damage and stunting by a small black beetle which infests them. Use gypsum or "Sulrote."

For table use, ruta bagas can be sown later and will be of better quality, but not as large as when sown early. These ruta bagas keep well and may be stored in the cellar in moist sand or in pits.

MACOMBER. White Flesh. The Sweetest Ruta Baga. If you have not tried them before, you will be delightfully surprised with the Macomber turnip.

It is truly "a turnip of quality," and much superior in flavor and mildness to ordinary ruta bagas or turnips. See full description on page 5.
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; ¼ Lb. 60c; Lb. \$2.00.



Macomber

"Last year we had seeds of your 'Macomber' turnips. From them we had the best and sweetest turnips we ever ate. Have sold a lot, and everyone says the same."
Winfield B. Hefflon, Bradford, Vt., June 16, 1942.

Turnips should be sown late in the summer. In the northern states the seed of the quick-growing kinds, like Purple Top White Globe should be sown about the middle of July or the first of August, and the slower kinds a week or two earlier. Farther south, turnips may be sown later. Turnips do best on rather light, moist soil and are of superior quality when they grow rapidly on rich land.

Dust the soil with "Sulrote" (See page 87) just as the seed is breaking through and again in ten days to control the small black flea beetle.

PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE. Special Strain. We have never seen a strain equal to ours for smoothness and uniformity of shape and color. The turnips are large, globe-shaped, pure white, with purple tops. They are very handsome in appearance, yield fine crops and mature early. This is an excellent turnip for table use and the best white variety to grow for market.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 15c; ¼ Lb. 30c; Lb. 75c.

PURPLE TOP MILAN. This is the earliest variety in cultivation. The bulbs are very smooth, round and somewhat flattened. Clear white with purple tops. We have a true very early strain.
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 15c; ¼ Lb. 35c; Lb. \$1.00.

GOLDEN BALL. The Best Yellow Globe. A handsome, early yellow turnip, as round as a ball, with smooth, golden yellow skin and fine-grained yellow flesh. An excellent yellow turnip for table and market. Our stock is unusually uniform for globe shape.
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; ¼ Lb. 35c; Lb. \$1.00.

SHOGGIN. Best Variety for "greens." This turnip is grown mostly for "greens" and is much superior to the old "Seven Top." The tops grow rapidly and in great abundance; the foliage being nearly twice that of ordinary turnips and is of mild pleasant flavor when cooked. The turnips are flattened, pure white and of fine quality.
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; ¼ Lb. 40c; Lb. \$1.10.



Harris' Improved Long Island Ruta Bagas

IMPROVED LONG ISLAND. A fine strain of purple top yellow ruta bagas. The roots are very handsome, being bright yellow with purple tops and practically no "neck." They grow to a large size, round or globe-shaped, very smooth and of fine quality for table use. It is one of the best for this purpose.

The seed we offer is a fine strain of this variety being much more smooth and uniform in shape than most strains and is almost entirely neckless.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; ¼ Lb. 60c; Lb. \$1.50.

Aromatic and Sweet Herbs

Every garden should have a few herbs. Sow early in the spring in carefully prepared soil.

- BASIL, Medium Leaved.** Used for flavoring and sauces and tomatoes. Plants about 2 feet high.
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 80c; ¼ Lb. \$2.50.
- BORAGE.** Often used for bee pasture. Sow in the spring in the open ground.
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 35c; ¼ Lb. 85c; Lb. \$2.75.
- DILL, Long Island Improved.** See also page 19.
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; ¼ Lb. 50c; Lb. \$1.50.

For **Sage Plants, Chives** and **Spearmint**, see page 83

LAVENDER. Used for its perfume. It is a hardy plant and will last for years. The seed is slow to germinate; cover very little if at all.
Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 75c; Oz. \$2.50.

SUMMER SAVORY. Grows about 18 in. high with small leaves, which are dried on the stems and used for seasoning. Sow in the open ground.
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 80c; ¼ Lb. \$2.50.

We regret very much that because of crop failure we are unable to offer our customers any seed of the following herbs: **Caraway, Coriander, Rosemary, Sage, Sweet Marjoram** and **Thyme**.

Harris' Certified Seed Potatoes

Everyone knows the importance of using seed potatoes that are free from the diseases that are transmitted by the seed. Diseases such as mosaic, leaf roll, wilt, etc., may not be very apparent but they reduce the yield to a marked degree. The only way to raise potatoes at a profit is to plant seed free from these diseases. It will pay you well to discard your old seed and plant only clean seed.

We offer **N. Y. State Certified, U. S. No. 1** potatoes grown from clean high yielding stock seed.

We prepay transportation charges on potatoes to places in the United States where quoted "transportation paid." On larger quantities where quoted "not paid," purchaser is to pay transportation.

Please write for prices on larger lots than are listed here.

Shipping Season. It is usually not safe to ship potatoes from here by freight until about April 1st. If our customers wish us to ship earlier we will do so, but we will not hold ourselves responsible for loss by freezing if the potatoes are ordered sent earlier than in our judgment it is safe to ship them.

Half bushels will be sent at half the bushel price. We can send only one variety in a **sack**.

NOTE: A **sack** now contains **100 lbs.** A bushel weighs 60 lbs.

CHIPPEWA

Early, Fine Appearance

This new potato is now recognized as the outstanding early variety and it has become very popular because of the high yield of fine No. 1 potatoes which command a premium in markets wherever sold. It is only a few days later than Cobbler and has exceeded that variety in the production of No. 1 stock.

The tubers are attractive, being white, slightly flattened and with shallow eyes. They are remarkably uniform for size. This new variety is well worth while.

N. Y. State Certified, U. S. No. 1. 5 Lbs. 95c; 15 Lbs. (Pk.) \$2.00 transportation paid. Not paid: Bu. \$3.50; Sack of 100 Lbs. \$5.25.

IRISH COBBLER

This is the most largely planted early potato and still considered one of the best in this class. It yields better than any other kind (except Warba) that is equally early. The potatoes are round, white, have rather deep eyes, of fine quality and very early. The seed we offer is true to name.

N. Y. State Certified, U. S. No. 1. 5 Lbs. 95c; 15 Lbs. (Pk.) \$2.00 transportation paid. Not paid: Bu. \$3.50; Sack of 100 Lbs. \$5.25.

KATAHDIN

Outstanding New Main Cropper

This new potato has become established as a fine late or main crop variety, maturing a little later than Green Mountain but before the Rural Russet.

The tubers are white skinned, handsome in appearance, and have shallow eyes. This variety has been outstanding in the large percentage of good marketable potatoes it produces. Does best on light upland soil or muck land.

N. Y. State Certified, U. S. No. 1. 5 Lbs. 90c; 15 Lbs. (Pk.) \$1.90 transportation paid. Not paid: Bu. \$3.00; Sack of 100 Lbs. \$4.50.

"I find your seeds the most dependable of any I know. I have unhesitatingly recommended them to many of my acquaintances."

T. S. Sparrow, Munnsville, N. Y., March 18, 1942.

"There is none better in the whole U. S. than Harris Seed Co."

Mrs. T. Weber, Berwyn, Ill., Jan. 7, 1942.



Golden Rural Potatoes

GOLDEN RURAL or RURAL RUSSET Heaviest Yielding Kind

We are convinced that this variety will produce larger crops than any other kind where conditions of soil and climate suit it, as they do here and in a large part of the northern states.

The vines are strong, vigorous and healthy with dark green leaves and thick purple stems. They do not usually blight. The potatoes are round, flattened, quite shallow and the slightly russet skin is very rarely affected with scab. The flesh is pure white, very firm and of fine quality. Each hill usually has 7 to 9 good sized potatoes.

N. Y. State Certified, U. S. No. 1. 5 Lbs. 90c; 15 Lbs. (Pk.) \$1.90 transportation paid. Not paid: Bu. \$3.00; Sack of 100 Lbs. \$4.50.

GREEN MOUNTAIN Grow for Fine Quality

If you want nice mealy white potatoes of the finest quality, raise Green Mountains. They are far superior to most of the kinds usually grown. The tubers are round, slightly flattened, and have few shallow eyes. The skin is white with the slight netting which usually goes with fine quality.

This is a medium early variety and yields heavy crops on soil suited to it. It does best on rather light or gravelly soil and in the northern localities although it is largely grown and produces great crops on Long Island. An excellent kind for New York and all of New England.

N. Y. State Certified, U. S. No. 1. 5 Lbs. 90c; 15 Lbs. (Pk.) \$1.90 transportation paid. Not paid: Bu. \$3.00; Sack of 100 Lbs. \$4.50.

Treat Potatoes with Semesan Bel

One pound of the improved Semesan Bel will treat **50 to 60 bushels** of cut potatoes. It possesses great disease control properties especially in respect to Rhizoctonia and seed-born Scab. The "Instantaneous Dip" method of applying saves time and labor. Does not harm the seed pieces.

2 Oz. 30c; 1 Lb. \$1.65; 5 Lbs. \$7.15. Purchaser pays transportation. See page 86 for other Semesan products.



FIELD CORN

Harris' Northern Grown Seed Corn



29-3 Double Crossed Corn

All the seed corn we offer is grown here in Western New York from stocks selected for their earliness and high yield. It is of the greatest importance to growers in the northern parts of the country to use seed raised in the North. This insures early maturity as no late corn will get ripe in this locality.

Our seed corn is carefully grown, fully matured and cured under the most approved methods to insure high germination.

29-3. DOUBLE CROSSED HYBRID. The Best Hybrid Field Corn for New York and New England.

Since its introduction a few years ago this corn has proved to be outstanding as an ensilage and grain corn where a pure yellow corn is not required. Over a five year period it produced practically the same amount of green weight as Sweepstakes, but exceeded that variety in dry weight by 11% and in grain about 55%.

It is the result of years of work by the department of Plant Breeding at Cornell University. It is made by crossing pure lines of four separate varieties of corn: Luce's Favorite, Onondaga White Dent, Cornell No. 11 and Bloody Butcher. These pure strains are paired and crossed by Cornell University. We plant the resulting hybrid seed from each pair and make a second cross. This seed is known as **double cross corn**. In this manner the hybrid vigor is carried to the highest point with consequent increased yield of forage and grain.

The ears are good size, even and multicolored, showing to varying degrees all the colors found in the parent varieties. *Do not grow this corn if you desire a pure yellow grain.*

Due to the enormous crops and high proportion of digestible food in the ensilage it is the most economical ensilage corn to grow.

In season it matures about with Cornell No. 11 and in nearly all of New York State and New England can also be successfully used for a grain corn. Like all hybrid corn it should not be saved for seed.

N. Y. State Certified Seed. 2 Lbs. 50c; transportation paid. Not paid: Pk. (14 Lbs.) \$1.65; Bu. (56 Lbs.) \$5.50; Bag of 2 Bu. \$10.75.

CORNELL 34-53. New Early Yellow Double Cross Hybrid.

This new variety developed at Cornell University is a heavy-yielding yellow corn maturing earlier than Cornell No. 11. It will produce 10 to 15% more grain than Cornell No. 11 and the total dry weight for ensilage is at least as great. The ears are medium to small in size, 12-14 rows and very uniform. The color is deep yellow. Cornell 34-53 bears tremendous crops of ears, making it an excellent grain corn. Adapted for New York State and New England. 2 Lbs. 75c; transportation paid. Not paid: Pk. (14 Lbs.) \$2.00; Bu. (56 Lbs.) \$6.00; Bag of 2 Bu. \$11.80.

CORNELL No. 11.

In Western and Northern New York, Massachusetts and further north, Cornell No. 11 matures early enough for ensilage and yields immense crops of very rich fodder with an abundance of grain.

It has proved to be one of the heaviest yielding varieties that is early enough to mature in the northern states. It is quite similar to Davis' Early Huron, but is not quite so early and the ears and stalks are both somewhat larger. The ears are of good length, 9 to 10 inches long, have 14 to 18 rows of dented kernels and small cobs. The kernels are bright yellow, large, and very "deep" for so early a variety. The cob is red. The stalks often grow 8 feet tall.

Our seed is all grown here in Monroe County under our close supervision. It is a very superior stock.

2 Lbs. 40c; transportation paid. Not paid: Pk. (14 Lbs.) \$1.10; Bu. (56 Lbs.) \$3.25; Bag of 2 Bu. \$6.10.

Davis Improved Early Huron

The Earliest Dent Corn.



DAVIS' IMPROVED EARLY HURON. Earliest Dent Corn.

This is the earliest dent corn that we know and is a grand variety for New York and New England. It is earlier than most strains of Flint or "State Corn" and always gets ripe here if planted reasonably early. The ears of medium size, mostly 16-rowed, with deep yellow kernels and small red cob. The stalks are not coarse and often 7 feet tall. The yield of grain is greater than the flint or "State" varieties.

This is a very fine corn for the silo in the most northern parts of the country as thoroughly matured corn can be produced before danger from frost, even in short seasons.

We offer Northern Grown seed grown here in Monroe County. 2 Lbs. 45c; transportation paid. Not paid: Pk. (14 Lbs.) \$1.15; Bu. (56 Lbs.) \$3.35; Bag of 2 Bu. \$6.35.



Treated Corn Grows Better!

We find that seed corn even of high vitality which has been treated with **Semesan Jr.** has **twice** the chance of growing and making a good stand under unfavorable weather conditions, that untreated seed has. The cost is so small and the method so easy that no grower can afford not to take advantage of this easy **Crop Insurance**. 1½ Oz. (treats 1 bu. seed corn) 15c; 12 Oz. 60c; 6¼ Lbs. \$3.75. Purchaser pays transportation.



Certified West Branch Sweepstakes
These large ears and heavy foliage make excellent ensilage.

WEST BRANCH SWEEPSTAKES. NORTHERN GROWN.

N. Y. State Certified. Our northern grown strain of this famous ensilage corn is earlier and produces a larger per cent of ears than ordinary Sweepstakes. On our own farm this corn produced twice as many tons per acre as two other varieties in the same field. The stalks grow 10 to 12 feet high and are completely covered with leaves from near the ground to the top.

The ears are 12 to 15 in. long and have 14 to 18 rows of deep kernels. The color is red tinged with yellow. This early stock matures perfectly for the silo by the middle of September when planted the last of May or first of June.

Our Northern grown seed was all grown here in Monroe County from our own carefully bred stock seed, selected not only for earliness but for large size and trueness to type.

N. Y. State Certified Seed. 2 Lbs. 40c; transportation paid. Not paid: Pk. (14 Lbs.) \$1.10; Bu. (56 Lbs.) \$3.25; Bag of 2 Bu. \$6.00.

HARRIS' MAMMOTH YELLOW FLINT.

The Best Flint Corn. We have grown and bred this fine corn here in the North for a good many years and consider it one of the best Flint or "State" corns. The ears grow very long, some measuring 13 inches and more, and are filled right out to the tips. They have eight rows of large broad kernels, of bright yellow color. The cob is small. The stalks grow about 6 to 8 feet tall, have numerous broad leaves and make excellent fodder. The ears are produced well above the ground, so the stalks can be readily cut with a binder. Considered a 90 day corn.

For the Silo. This is a valuable ensilage corn for northern sections (even in Northern Maine) where dent varieties cannot be grown. 2 Lbs. 40c; transportation paid. Not paid: Pk. (14 Lbs.) \$1.15; Bu. (56 Lbs.) \$3.50; Bag of 2 Bu. \$6.60.

Use Stanley's Crow Repellent to Protect Your Seed Corn from Crows and other Seed Pulling Birds!

We have found that these birds will not bother corn treated with **Stanley's Crow Repellent**. The small cost is many times repaid by the time and labor saved in not having to replant. See page 87.

Soy Beans

Grow Soy Beans for High Value Feed and to Improve Your Land!

Soy Beans should always be included in your rotation.

They are not only valuable for stock feeding on account of the high protein content of the beans and plant, but being a legume they actually improve the soil by adding nitrogen thereto. This is true whether they are grown for feed and cut or plowed under as a cover crop. Cows give more milk and sheep fatten better on Soy Bean hay than other kinds. The vines can be cut and used as hay or they may be left until the beans are ripe and fed without threshing. They will often yield 3 to 4 tons of hay and 20 bushels or more of grain per acre.



FOR SOY BEANS. More than with any other crop it is important that Soy Beans be inoculated with nitrogen fixing bacteria. Lack of proper inoculation may reduce the crop as much as 50%. See page 88.

SENECA. (New) New York State Certified. This new yellow seeded type is the best variety that we offer for producing grain in New York State. It was developed by the N. Y. State College of Agriculture, and as a combination grain and forage variety it has great merit. The yellow seed is the type desired for most purposes and the yield of grain is greater than other kinds in this section. Seneca is about a week later than Cayuga but can be depended on to produce seed in our climate if planted in May or early June.

The plants are tall and make an abundant leafy growth so that it is also excellent for hay or ensilage. It makes ensilage of very high protein content.

N. Y. State Certified Seed. 15 Lbs. (Pk.) \$1.30; 60 Lbs. (Bu.) \$4.25; Sack of 2 Bu. \$8.10. Purchaser pays transportation.

MANCHU. Best for hay or cover crops. This variety is better suited to the northern states for hay and ensilage than for seed. The plants are 3 feet tall, upright, with few branches near the ground. The foliage is heavy, giving large yields of the finest hay. It is a week later than Seneca and cannot be depended on to always ripen seed in this climate. Its fine stems make hay of high quality.

This variety is also the best for cover crops to be plowing under as its heavy growth of foliage adds a large amount of humus to the soil. 15 Lbs. (Pk.) \$1.20; 60 Lbs. (Bu.) \$3.50; Sack of 2 Bu. \$6.60. Purchaser pays transportation.

EDIBLE SOY BEANS. See page 9.

For Grain drill in rows about 28 inches apart and cultivate two or three times, or they can be drilled with a grain drill in 7-inch rows and dragged over with a rotary hoe when the beans are about 5 inches high. It is important to kill the weeds when the plants are still young. For seed it is better to cut with a grain binder when the leaves fall making the bundles small, although some farmers use a mower with swather attached to cutting bar.

Harvesting with the combine has been found a very satisfactory method of handling soy beans. The beans should be fully ripe and the leaves off the stalks for best results. Sow one bushel of seed per acre.

For the Silo. Soy beans grown with corn make ensilage far superior to corn alone. It is recommended to use about 11 qts. of Soy Beans and 9 qts. of corn per acre. Sow the corn and beans together keeping them well mixed in the planter box. They can be harvested with the corn.

For Plowing Under. A crop of Soy beans plowed under in the fall adds a large amount of nitrogen and humus to the soil. Use 2 bushels of seed per acre in drills 7 inches apart. They should be plowed down just as the pods begin to form.

For Hay. Soy beans make excellent hay. They should be sown in solid drills at the rate of about 2 bushels per acre, cut with a mower and handled like alfalfa.



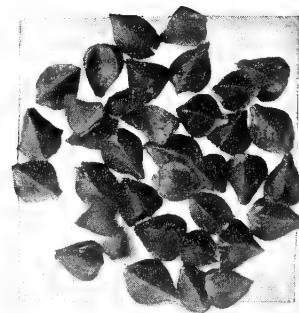
Soy Beans grown for Seed on our Farm



Alpha Barley



Threshing our crop of Japanese Buckwheat on Moreton Farm.



Japanese Buckwheat

BARLEY

New York State Certified Seed

NOTE: We handle only the highest grade seed barley. Samples or information regarding purity and germination will be gladly sent to anyone interested.

Cheaper Feed for Hogs, Cattle or Horses. Barley can be raised at much less expense and labor than corn and is of equal food value. An acre of barley will often produce nearly as much as an acre of corn and the expense of raising it is less than half. Barley is an excellent crop with which to sow grass or clover seed.

ALPHA. This is now the most popular variety for feed and is more largely grown than any other kind in the East.

This variety originated at Cornell University and is a two-rowed barley with very large, plump heavy grain. The heads are usually 4 to 5 inches long and well filled. The straw is long, very strong and stands up well. The yield on good land is usually 45 to 50 bu. per acre.

This barley matures later than the common 6 rowed kinds and is therefore better for raising with oats, as the two crops mature at the same time. Alpha Barley and Cornelian Oats are ideal companion crops.

Malt houses require a six rowed barley so that Alpha is not suitable for malting.

N. Y. State Certified Seed. Pk. 65c; Single Bu. (48 Lbs.) \$1.95; Sack of 2 Bu. \$3.60; 5 Sacks or more at \$3.50 per Sack. Purchaser pays transportation.

WINTER BARLEY

WONG. This is a new variety developed by Cornell University and has proved to be the most successful winter barley yet found for New York State.

If sowed in September, it comes through the winter with good stands and produces good yields.

Wong is a six-rowed barley with upright heads and very short beards. It has an erect habit of growth and a very stiff straw. Ready to harvest in late June and makes a very suitable nurse crop for new seedings.

We expect to have seed of this variety to offer after harvest this summer. If you are interested, let us know and will quote you when the seed is ready.



Harvesting Lenroc Oats on Moreton Farm

WINTER WHEAT

YORKWIN. This variety is now considered the best white winter wheat grown as it is much more resistant to loose smut than Honor. The heads are of good size, smooth chaff, and well filled with kernels of medium hardness and are very plump. The yield is high and the milling qualities are very good. The yield is much higher than common kinds.

We will have **New York State Certified Seed** of Yorkwin to offer in August. Lowest prices will be quoted after harvest. Please write.

BUCKWHEAT

JAPANESE. The best variety. This is the largest and best buckwheat.

The plant grows taller, makes a more vigorous growth than the common kinds and yields more. The kernels are very large, dark brown or black, plump and heavy.

Buckwheat is easily raised and will often make a profitable crop on rather poor land, where other grain would fail. It is also largely used as a cover crop in orchards and many farmers use it for controlling weeds. It is very effective for this purpose as the rapid vigorous growth crowds the weeds out before they can get started. If plowed under before the grain ripens it will add valuable humus to the soil. Sow in June or July.

Our strain of this variety has uniform large plump kernels and is not mixed with the small grey kinds. We believe ours is the best seed of Japanese Buckwheat that can be obtained.

Pk. 80c; Bu. (48 Lbs.) \$2.40; Sack of 2 Bu. \$4.40; 5 Sacks or more at \$4.20 per Sack. Purchaser pays transportation. Sample gladly sent on request.

SEED OATS

New York State Certified

There is a vast difference in the purity and quality of seed oats offered for sale. Those we offer this year are the finest that can be obtained.

It costs a whole lot less per bushel to raise a big crop of oats than it does a small one. The difference most often lies in the seed oats used. Plant Harris' Certified Seed oats this year and you'll have the best.

Our oats are of the highest purity and germination. We will not handle any other kind. Send for free samples if you are interested in better oats.

LENROC. A New Heavy Yielding White Oat. This new variety

was introduced by the Cornell University Agricultural Experiment Station in 1935. Over an 11 year period it gave an average yield per acre of 62.1 bu. or 1.3 bu. higher than Cornelian, the next highest yielding sort. Tests made in six counties in New York State from 1931-34 inclusive indicate that under most conditions it is superior in yield to all varieties tested.

Lenroc is slightly taller than Cornelian, with **white** kernels which are similar in shape to Cornelian but somewhat larger and plumper. The hull is a little heavier but the percentage of meat nearly the same.

It has proved equal or better in production than Cornelian and is superior in color because of the white kernels.

N. Y. State Certified Seed. Pk. 70c; Single Bu. (32 Lbs.) \$1.70; Sack of 3 Bu. \$4.50; 5 Sacks or more at \$4.35 per Sack. Purchaser pays transportation.

CORNELLIAN. This is a remarkable heavy yielding variety and

is a favorite oat in New York State. The heads are large, branching or tree-shaped, and stand up well. The kernels are long, rather slender but have *very thin hulls* so the "meat" is large. The color is gray shading to almost brown or black on some kernels. The yield is often 60 bu. per acre, on very ordinary land, which is 20 bu. more than common kinds produced under the same conditions.

Our seed of this variety is remarkably pure and free from mixture. Sample sent on request.

N. Y. State Certified Seed. Pk. 70c; Single Bu. (32 Lbs.) \$1.70; Sack of 3 Bu. \$4.50; 5 Sacks or more at \$4.35 per Sack. Purchaser pays transportation.

One of our customers writes about his Lenroc Oats:

"I got a big yield of oats from the seed I purchased from you last spring. Nearly 100 bushels from a little less than two acres—half of which was broke up in the fall. I used 500 lbs. of potato fertilizer to the acre which I think helped me with a big yield. The man who reaped them, who has lived in a grain country, said they were the best and tallest (average about 5 feet) he had ever seen." Norman S. Soule, Freeport, Maine, Nov. 17, 1942.

RYE

Used extensively for grain but mostly in our part of the country for cover crop. If you have any bare land, sow rye or rye and vetch (see below). Sown after crops in late summer and fall, it prevents leaching and soil erosion, through the winter and early spring.

CORNELL NO. 76. This robust new variety is the best all round kind for grain or cover crops. We will have seed of this variety to offer after harvest in August. If you are interested, let us know and we will quote you when the seed is ready.

FORAGE CROPS, COVER CROPS, Etc.

There are many plants suitable for forage and soiling that should be better known and grown more than they are. They are of great value both for stock feeding and improving worn-out soil.

They are also of great value to provide emergency hay and feed crops.

Quantities of Seed Required per Acre

The table given below gives the average requirements for good seed. Amounts will vary somewhat according to the vitality of the seed, fertilizer, etc., and the soil and weather conditions.

Variety	Lbs. per Acre	Lbs. per Bushel
Alfalfa, drilled	12-15	60
Alfalfa, broadcast	18-25	60
Barley	96	48
Barley, Winter	72	48
Blue Grass (Kentucky)	20-30	14*
Buckwheat, Japanese	50-60	48
Clover, Alsike, alone	6-10	60
Clover, Alsike, in mixture	2-4	60
Clover, Crimson	12-15	60
Clover, Ladino, in mixture	1-2	60
Clover, Medium Red, alone	8-12	60
Clover, Medium Red, in mixture	4-6	60
Clover, Sweet	20	60
Clover, White	4-8	60
Clover, Wild White, in mixture	1-2	60
Corn, for grain	7-14	56
Corn, for silage	42-56	56
Fescue, Meadow	20-30	24
Millets, for hay	50	50
Millets, for grain	30	50
Millet, Japanese	15-20	35
Oats	64-80	32
Orchard Grass for hay	21-28	14*
Orchard Grass for seed	10-14	14*
Pasture Mixture (Cornell) See page 49		
Peas, Canada Field, broadcast	120-160	60
Peas, Canada, with oats	75-90	60
Peas, Cow, broadcast	60-90	60
Peas, Cow, in drills	45-60	60
Rape, broadcast	6-8	50
Rape, in drills	4-5	50
Red Top, Fancy, Recleaned	6-8	32
Rye, Early Sown	56-70	56
Rye, Late Sown	84-112	56
Rye Grass	28-35	24
Rye Grass, Domestic	20	24
Soy Beans, See directions on page 45		
Sudan Grass, in drills	10-12	35
Sudan Grass, broadcast	20-25	35
Sunflower	10-12	24
Timothy	9-12	45
Timothy & Clover		
Timothy	8	
Clover	4	
Timothy & Alsike	12-15	45
Vetch Hairy, drilled (plus 1 bu. grain)	30-40	60
Vetch Hairy, broadcast (plus 1 bu. grain)	50-60	60
Vetch—Spring	80	60
Wheat—Spring	120	60
Wheat—Winter	90	60
Tall Meadow Oat Grass	30-40	11

*Weights per bu. of certain grasses are old minimum standards. Our recleaned seed is much heavier.



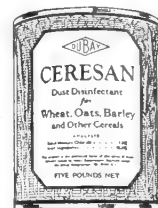
Sudan Grass

Produces immense crops of excellent hay on dry soil.

USE—New Improved CERESAN for Grains

This economical seed treatment for barley, oats and wheat is recommended by leading authorities. Effectively controls many grain diseases. One-half ounce treats one bushel of wheat, oats or barley.

Price: 4 Oz. 30c; 1 Lb. 80c; 4 Lbs. \$2.70. Purchaser pays transportation.



Prices quoted here are subject to market changes and to our stocks being unsold. **Purchaser pays transportation**, except where quoted "Transportation paid."

CANADA FIELD PEAS

Being a legume Canada Field Peas take nitrogen from the air and thus enrich the soil.

Grown principally for the vines which make hay, equal to the best clover hay. Sow with oats and cut when the oats head out, but before the grain is ripe. This makes excellent hay for sheep, horses and cows. It is as easily cured as clover and will yield large crops. Sow 1½ bu. of peas and 1 bu. of oats per acre. Treat peas with **NITRAGIN** (See page 88).

Pk. \$1.45; Bu. (60 Lbs.) \$5.00; Bag of 100 Lbs. \$8.25. Price for larger lots will be quoted by letter at any time.

MILLET

JAPANESE. One of the largest millets. Very large crops can be raised with this variety, nearly double that of common millet. The hay is relished by horses, cows and sheep. Even when allowed to ripen its seed and threshed out, the remaining hay is readily eaten by stock, so that there is no waste.

Sow about the same time corn is planted. It is usually sown broadcast. Cut when it heads out, and before the seed ripens. Does best on sandy loam or medium light soil.

Pk. 65c; Bu. (35 Lbs.) \$2.00; Sack of 100 Lbs. \$5.50.

Golden Millet. Makes a good heavy growth of hay suitable for cattle. Grows 2½ feet high, has large yellow and brown seed heads. Sow in July for fall crops.

Pk. 90c; Bu. (50 Lbs.) \$3.10; Sack of 100 Lbs. \$6.00.

Hungarian. Matures a week or so earlier than Golden Millet, and thus can be sown later. It makes fine quality hay. Grows 2 feet tall. The heads are brown.

Pk. \$1.00; Bu. (48 Lbs.) \$3.25; Sack of 100 Lbs. \$6.50.

SUDAN GRASS

A Wonderful Forage Plant. Sudan grass succeeds well on dry soil where other millets would not amount to anything. Immense yields of excellent hay are obtained, especially when the seed is sown quite early and two cuttings are made. If left to mature it grows 5 to 6 ft. tall and makes excellent ensilage. Cows, horses and sheep eat it readily and eat it up clean. Sow broadcast or drill in rows 20 to 24 inches apart about the time corn is planted, and cultivate two or three times.

Sudan Grass can be sown as late as July but it will only give one cutting when sown this late.

Lb. 35c; 5 Lbs. 75c; transportation paid. Not paid; 25 Lbs. \$1.70; 100 Lbs. \$6.50; 50 Lbs. or more will be supplied at the 100 Lb. price.

VETCH

HAIRY or SAND VETCH. Vicia villosa. A trailing plant of the pea family which grows 4 to 5 feet in length and has dark green leaves and small stems. It makes fine hay, but is used mostly as a cover crop. Being a Legume it takes nitrogen from the air and adds it to the soil.

The best time to sow is from August 15th to September 15th. Mix the vetch with rye. (1 bu. grain and 30 to 40 lbs. of vetch per acre.)

It is best to drill the seed in, but it may be sown broadcast if well covered. The rye helps to support the vetch vines and makes them easier to mow or plow under. On fairly good soil, vetch will make a great growth, forming a mat 2 ft. deep. Vetch and rye sown in corn after the last cultivation makes an ideal seed bed for potatoes.

Pk. (15 Lbs.) \$2.80; Bu. (60 Lbs.) \$9.70; 100 Lbs. \$16.00. Purchaser pays transportation.

Rye and Vetch Mixed. After harvest next summer we can furnish Hairy Vetch and Winter Rye mixed at a lower price than for the two separate. Write next August for full particulars and prices.

DOMESTIC RYE GRASS FOR COVER CROPS

During the past few years, the use of rye grass for cover crops in the fall has proved very satisfactory. Sown at the last cultivation of corn, tomatoes or cabbage it makes a fine ground cover and also produces a mass of fibrous roots, so that a good rye grass cover crop turns under like good sod. See prices of Domestic Rye Grass on page 49.

FORAGE CROPS—Continued on next page.

SUNFLOWER

Mammoth Russian. Best for Seed and Silage. Sow in rows 3 to 3½ feet apart and thin to a foot apart. Treat the same as corn. Sunflower stalks are often used to mix with corn when filling a silo and the seed makes excellent feed for hens.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; 1 Lb. 35c; 5 Lbs. \$1.15; 10 Lbs. \$2.00 transportation paid.

DWARF ESSEX RAPE

This valuable plant which belongs to the cabbage family, produces a mass of broad, smooth leaves which are greatly relished by sheep and hogs. It can be pastured off and if the stock is removed before it is eaten too close, will grow up again. Does well on any good soil but does best on rather moist land. The seed is usually sown broadcast, from the 1st to the 15th of August. This seed is far superior to that usually sold.

Lb. 40c; transportation paid. Not paid: 10 Lbs. \$2.60; 25 Lbs. or more at 25c per Lb.; 100 Lbs. \$24.00.

ALFALFA, CLOVER and GRASS SEEDS

We sell only grass and clover seeds of the highest grade. There are no finer seeds sold anywhere, no matter under what "brand" they may be put up. If you want the best seed write us for samples and prices for what you need. You can get seed of ordinary quality at the corner store.

The prices quoted below are for the seeds delivered to the railroad or express companies.

ALFALFA

We do not need to say that every farm should have a field of alfalfa. Everyone knows it. The thing to do is to get started. Sow some this spring with wheat, oats, or barley. It is not difficult to raise and is worth more for feeding than any other hay.

Culture of Alfalfa. The seed may be sown either in the spring or in July or August. In the spring seed may be sown on wheat or with oats or barley. Sow 12 to 15 pounds of the seed per acre, depending on the quality of the seed and how well the land is prepared. For summer seeding plow the land **early** (*this is important*) and keep it well worked and free from weeds until the seed is sown in July. It is advisable to inoculate the seed with nitrogen fixing bacteria before sowing. See "Nitragin" described on page 88.

For spring seeding prepare the land as for oats or barley, drill in barley or an early variety of oats, using about 1½ bushels per acre, then sow the alfalfa. It is a good plan to cut the barley or oats for hay when it heads out and before it gets ripe.

Alfalfa Seed for 1943

There is a great shortage of alfalfa seed this year and some of the seed we formerly offered is simply not available at the present time. We may be able to offer some additional seed later, and if you are interested please write to us giving the kind and quantity you would like. We shall be glad to quote on any seed, we may have.

GRIMM ALFALFA, NORTHERN GROWN. Grimm is the most widely grown alfalfa for the North and is much superior to common alfalfa as it resists cold weather and does not heave. On certain soils and exposed fields the common alfalfa is apt to winter kill, but northern grown Grimm stands up well.

The seed we offer was grown in the northwest part of the country and is an excellent lot of seed. We are sure it will prove satisfactory in every way. Our seed is 99.50% pure and of high germination. *Samples and analysis sent on request.*

Pk. (15 Lbs.) \$9.50; Bu. (60 Lbs.) \$33.25; 2 Bu. \$66.00.

GRIMM ALFALFA, CERTIFIED BLUE TAG. We regret very much that we are unable to quote on Certified Blue Tag Grimm. No seed is available at the present time.

ONTARIO VARIEGATED. This hardy strain of alfalfa is grown in Canada and is an excellent variety for this state and elsewhere in the North. It is of the Grimm type, and like that variety very hardy and stools out well.

No seed available.



We consider this the most reliable inoculant for legumes. Inoculating alfalfa and clover with nitrogen fixing bacteria, increases the crop and enriches the soil. See page 88 for prices.

About Buying Field Seeds

When you buy Field Seeds remember that their value to you is determined by the germination and purity of the seed as well as the price. This is especially true of the finer seeds such as alfalfa, clover and the grasses. The difference between a purity of 99% and 99.50% may seem small, but an increase in purity of even ½ of 1% is very significant. Clean seed of high purity is usually correspondingly low in weed count and any good farmer knows it is good business to sow seed that is as pure and free from weed seed as possible. We will be glad to send you a sample, with complete analysis, of any varieties of our field seeds that you are interested in. Compare before you buy.

Don't Forget the Home Garden

We have put up ready to mail, two collections of vegetable seeds for the home garden, at much reduced prices. These collections contain seeds of the finest varieties, and will give one an excellent variety of vegetables in the home garden. *See page 7.*

Except where marked "transportation paid" the purchaser pays transportation charges. We make no charge for bags. **If the seed is to be sent by mail add the necessary amount for postage.**

These prices are subject to change without notice and to our stocks being unsold.

CLOVER

ALSIKE. Grows well on low, wet land where Red Clover does not thrive.

It is a perennial and will last for a good many years, either for hay or in pasture. It makes fine hay of high feeding value and is very valuable in pastures. Seed of highest quality.

Lb. 55c; transportation paid. Not paid: Pk. (15 Lbs.) \$6.00; Bu. (60 Lbs.) \$21.00; 2 Bu. \$40.00. Lowest prices will be quoted by letter at anytime.

MEDIUM RED. Domestic Grown. This is the common Red Clover, so extensively grown. It is a biennial in most places, living but two years if allowed to seed. It is usually sown early in the spring on winter wheat or with oats or barley, but can be sown in July or August. This seed is American grown and the highest grade. Experiments have proved that you get better value and that it is better to use true American grown seed under all circumstances. *Sample or analysis sent on request.* Pk. (15 Lbs.) \$6.00; Bu. \$21.00; 2 Bu. \$40.00. Lowest prices will be quoted by letter at any time.

SWEET CLOVER. White Blossom. Very high grade Scarified seed. Sweet clover makes a fine cover crop and should be used more extensively for this purpose. It will grow on rough land where alfalfa would not do well and makes an immense growth. If cut before it is too ripe makes excellent hay. It is also valuable for pasture for hogs, sheep and cattle. The seed may be sown in the late fall and winter, in early spring or in the summer. For summer sowing use *scarified* seed. Seed not scarified germinates slowly and often lies in the ground a long time without sprouting.

Lb. 40c; transportation paid. Not paid: Pk. (15 Lbs.) \$3.00; Bu. (60 Lbs.) \$10.00; 2 Bu. \$19.50.

LADINO WHITE CLOVER. A large growing strain of White Clover. Recommended for use in combination pasture and hay mixtures, or straight hay mixtures where the fertility of the soil is high.

It may also be used as a cover crop on tomatoes or corn if adequately fertilized. Sow about two pounds per acre in July. Under proper conditions it will make an excellent cover and add much nitrogen to the soil.

Lb. \$1.70; 2 Lbs. \$3.30; 5 Lbs. or more at \$1.60 per Lb. transportation paid.

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER. Used principally for lawns and sheep pasture. ¼ Lb. 35c; Lb. \$1.10; 2 Lbs. \$2.10. 5 Lbs. or more at \$1.00 per Lb.; transportation paid.

WILD WHITE CLOVER. Wild white clover is the type that has long been used in England in their famous pastures. It resembles ordinary White Dutch Clover in general appearance, but blossoms much less freely. It is a low growing and tenacious perennial, forming a thick sward and covers the ground quickly. Being a legume it takes nitrogen from the air and adds it to the soil to increase the growth of the companion grasses in the pasture. Should be in all pasture mixtures, 1 to 2 lbs. per acre is sufficient.

This is also a very valuable clover for lawns. See page 51.

Oz. 20c; ¼ Lb. 55c; Lb. \$1.70; 2 Lbs. \$3.25; 5 Lbs. or more at \$1.50 per Lb. transportation paid.

GRASSES FOR PASTURE and HAY

25 Lbs. or more will be supplied at 100 Lb. rate.

DOMESTIC RYE GRASS. For Cover Crops. Sow broadcast in corn, tomatoes or cabbage at time of last cultivation at the rate of about 20 lbs. per acre. It does not compete with crops before harvest but makes a strong growth in the fall. Forms a dense mass of fibrous roots which go down to plow depth. A most economical method of keeping up the humus content of the soil, and providing a winter cover.

It is also excellent to supply organic matter in home gardens. Sow between rows at last cultivation or in midsummer among vine crops. Use 1 Lb. to 1000 sq. feet.

1 Lb. 35c; 2 Lbs. 60c; 5 Lbs. \$1.30; transportation paid. Not paid: 10 Lbs. \$1.35; 100 Lbs. \$11.50.

ENGLISH PERENNIAL RYE GRASS. This is a desirable grass for pasture as it forms a heavy close sod and grows up quickly after being eaten or cut off. Good for hay if cut when in bloom and affords good pasture after hay is cut. Does best on moist and heavy soil.

Valuable to make a quick covering in new lawns but will not make a permanent sod.

Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 80c; 5 Lbs. \$1.85; transportation paid. Not paid: 10 Lbs. \$3.40; 25 Lbs. \$7.50.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS. One of the best grasses for pasture and lawns. It starts to grow very early and remains green late in the fall. It does well on either high, dry land or places that are quite moist. We sell only seed of the highest quality. The standard weight of a bushel of seed is 14 pounds, but the re-cleaned seed we sell weighs over 21 pounds per measured bushel. *Ask for analysis or sample.*

Kentucky Blue Grass is the "back bone" of most fine lawn mixtures. See page 51.

Lb. 55c; 2 Lbs. \$1.00; 5 Lbs. \$2.30; transportation paid. Not paid: 10 Lbs. \$4.00; 25 Lbs. \$8.75.

RED TOP. Fancy Re-cleaned Seed. (Called "Hurds Grass" in the South.) Does well on a large variety of soils and will withstand both drought and wet ground. Grows 2 to 3 feet high, and makes a very good hay. We offer finest re-cleaned seed weighing 32 pounds per bushel which is superior to much of the Red Top offered.

Used also in lawns, see page 51.

Lb. 30c; 2 Lbs. 55c; 5 Lbs. \$1.20; transportation paid. Not paid: 10 Lbs. \$1.75; 25 Lbs. \$4.00.

TIMOTHY. One of the most popular grasses for hay and pasture. We sell only the *choicest re-cleaned seed.*

Pk. \$1.60; Bu. (45 Lbs.) \$5.20; 2 Bu. \$10.20; Sack of 3 Bu. (135 Lbs.) \$15.00. Price subject to market changes. Lowest prices will be quoted by letter at any time. Purchaser pays transportation.

TIMOTHY and ALSIKE Mixed. (25% Alsike Clover). An excellent mixture to sow either for hay or pasture. As it requires considerable time and expense to separate the Clover seed from Timothy when grown together, the mixed seed can be sold cheaper than the two separate. The mixture we offer contains 25% Alsike Clover. It is an unusually fine lot of seed, much superior to most mixtures which often contain only 15 to 20% Alsike.

Pk. (11¼ Lbs.) \$2.15; Bu. (45 Lbs.) \$7.00; 2 Bu. \$13.75; Bag of 3 Bu. (135 Lbs.) \$20.00. Purchaser pays transportation.

Other Grasses can be supplied. Please write for prices on what you want, stating quantities required.

Be sure your NAME and ADDRESS is on ORDER SHEET

Every year we receive a number of orders which we cannot send because there is no name or address on the order sheet.



Short Thick Turf Makes the Best Pasture

Cornell Pasture Mixtures for 1943

Improved Formulas for Permanent Pastures Recommended by the New York State College of Agriculture

These mixtures have been developed as a result of much time and research by experts at Cornell University to improve the permanent pastures and hay fields of New York State and vicinity.

The mixtures we offer conform exactly to the strict requirements of the Cornell specifications for the amounts of the various grasses, Wild White Clover, etc. and in most cases the seed we use greatly exceeds the minimum requirements for germination and purity. In comparing prices of the

CORNELL SPECIAL PASTURE MIXTURE. Recommended for permanent pastures in New York State and vicinity. It is intended for use on good land which has been adequately fertilized and should be used where good grazing management is employed. This mixture contains *Wild White Clover*, one of the most important plants in the famous permanent pastures of England, and when fertilized and grazed properly will produce more high protein feed to the acre than any farm crops ordinarily grown for feed. Sow 25 lbs. per acre. 10 Lbs. \$3.10; 100 Lbs. \$27.00. Purchaser pays transportation. 25 Lbs. at 100 Lb. price.

CORNELL GENERAL PURPOSE MIXTURE. Formerly called Mixture No. 2. Should be used under much the same conditions as the Special Mixture but is adapted for combination hay and pasture or it can be used for pasture alone. Sow 22 lbs. per acre. 10 Lbs. \$3.70; 100 Lbs. \$33.00. Purchaser pays transportation. 25 Lbs. at 100 Lb. price.

Cornell Pasture Mixtures for 1943 it is well to check on the sources and quality of the various ingredients. *Sample or analysis gladly sent on request.*

Leaflets issued by Cornell University giving specifications of the mixtures and directions for fertilization, seeding and management of permanent pastures will be sent with each order. We will gladly send you a copy if you ask for it.

CORNELL UTILITY MIXTURE. Formerly called Mixture No. 3.

Intended for pasture and hay on land at a lower fertility level than the above two mixtures. Use 22 lbs. per acre.

10 Lbs. \$3.40; 100 Lbs. \$30.00. Purchaser pays transportation. 25 Lbs. at 100 Lb. rate.

Other Seedings

The College of Agriculture at Cornell University has recommended a number of other formulas for particular purposes. If the above mixtures do not suit your needs, write us about your conditions, or we can supply mixtures of your own formula. Send us your specifications and we will be glad to quote.

"I wish to express gratitude for your high quality seeds. Each year I sow them with assurance that I will have satisfactory results and have never been disappointed." Mrs. W. N. Dinwiddie, Columbia, Mo., Feb. 11, 1942.

Harris' Lawn Grass Seed



You too can have a Beautiful Lawn

A beautiful lawn sets off your flowers and enhances the beauty of your garden as nothing else will and is a real necessity if you want your house and garden to look its best. Contrary to popular belief it is not difficult to have a beautiful lawn, but it does require a little preparation and care. The first and most important thing to do is to use *good seed*. **Harris' Lawn Grass Mixtures** are carefully blended of the finest quality grass seeds. Each mixture is made up from tested formulas and contains only

the finest seed obtainable of those grasses *best suited to the purpose* for which the mixture is intended. Our fine lawn mixtures are free from timothy and other cheap and unsuitable grasses.

You want your lawn to last for a number of years—sow only the best seed. If you want *really good* seed we have it, but if you want ordinary "Lawn Grass" seed you can get it at the corner store.

Harris' Superfine Lawn Grass Mixture Now Better Than Ever!

Composed of the pure seeds of those fine leaved and deep rooted grasses which we have found by long experience to be the most desirable and best suited for lawns. They are the finest seed of these varieties which can be obtained and are all tested for purity and germination before being mixed together. None are used which do not come up to the highest standard of excellence. These grasses will form a thick fine sod that will stand drought well and maintain a deep, soft, green turf for many years. We do not "load" our mixtures with cheap, bulky seed or numerous varieties which have "high hat" names but little permanent value.

We have now made this famous mixture better than ever by replacing the White Dutch Clover, which we formerly used, with Wild White Clover, because of the superior quality of this latter variety.

Our seed is so pure, clean and free from chaff that a bushel weighs 30 lbs. instead of 20 lbs. which is the usual weight of lawn grass seed.

Sow about 1 lb. to 300 to 400 square feet.

1 Lb. 60c; 2 Lbs. \$1.10; 5 Lbs. \$2.60; 10 Lbs. \$5.00; 25 Lbs. \$11.50; 50 Lbs. \$22.00; 100 Lbs. \$43.00 transportation paid.

Note—Harris' Superfine Lawn Grass Mixture contains Wild White Clover which we consider highly desirable in a lawn. However, if you do not desire clover we can furnish the seed without Wild White Clover at the same price. Ask for **Harris' Superfine Without Clover**.

Special Formula Mixtures

We will be pleased to supply our grass seeds mixed according to your own formula for your particular conditions. As in our regular mixtures we use only the best grass seed obtainable. Send us **your specifications** and we will be glad to quote you promptly.

"Last fall I planted a new lawn using your Superfine mixture. It turned out to be the most beautiful lawn in this section. Everyone admires it."

Henry F. Gerhard, Middletown, Ohio, Feb. 5, 1942.

Harris' English Blend Superior Mixture for Fine Turf—Contains Bent Grass

This blend is designed to make a lawn of thick velvety turf which will remain green and attractive throughout the dry summer months *and be free from objectionable blossoms*. It contains Bent Grass and also the proper proportion of Wild White Clover, and will thrive on close cutting. It is also especially fine for large expanses of lawn which ordinarily do not get as much care in watering and fertilizing as is usually given smaller plots. Wild White Clover which we have included in this mixture is so often found in the finest English lawns, because of its aggressiveness, very sparse blossoming habit and ability to blend with the companion grasses. It actually aids their growth on account of the large amount of nitrogen it puts in the soil. Do not sow too thick. Use 1 lb. to 500 or 600 square feet on new seeding.

1 Lb. 75c; 2 Lbs. \$1.45; 5 Lbs. \$3.45; 10 Lbs. \$6.70; 25 Lbs. \$16.00; 50 Lbs. \$31.00; 100 Lbs. \$60.00 transportation paid.

Bent Grass Mixture Specially Blended for Fine Lawns

With this mixture and a little extra care you can have a *putting green on your own lawn*, equal to the best golf greens.

This is the mixture for the person who wants a very fine leaved velvety lawn and is willing to take the time and trouble to get it. It is comprised entirely of seed of the *Agrostis* species; that is, the best Bent grass varieties together with the finest recleaned Red Top. These varieties require more plant food than ordinary grass to do their best and should therefore be sowed on well fertilized soil and the ground enriched by the regular application of a good fertilizer. Keep the grass cut short and roll regularly. Fertilize lightly (2 lbs. per 100 sq. ft.) two or three times during the season and water copiously. Sow about 1 lb. to 300 sq. ft.

1 Lb. \$1.15; 2 Lbs. \$2.20; 5 Lbs. \$5.35; 10 Lbs. \$10.50 transportation paid.

Building and Care of Lawns

We have published a pamphlet giving directions for building and care of lawns, including rehabilitating old lawns.
We will send you a copy free on request. Ask for it.

DON'T BE DECEIVED

by the large packages of so called cheap Lawn Grass seed on sale at many hardware and grocery stores. They usually contain a large per cent of chaff, dirt and other inert matter, and seed of low germination.

Good lawn grass seed is the cheapest in the long run.

Terrace Mixture

It is composed of fine leaved grasses which have strong, tenacious, spreading root systems that will hold on slopes and terraces without washing out. It also does well on shallow soil, producing a fine velvety turf that remains green throughout the season.

In preparing the ground on terraces and slopes it is especially important to mix a liberal amount of humus and fertilizer with the soil before sowing the seed. Sow 1 lb. to 200 to 300 square feet.

1 Lb. 75c; 2 Lbs. \$1.40; 5 Lbs. \$3.40; 10 Lbs. \$6.50; transportation paid.

Grass for Annual Seeding

There are often places under large deciduous trees and shrubs which the sun cannot reach at any time during the day when the leaves are out. Under these conditions, no grass of any kind will continue to thrive for any length of time and it is impossible to make a good lawn. The best thing for such places is to sow some quick growing grasses, either in the autumn when the leaves fall, or in the early spring before the leaves come out. The grass will then cover the ground and remain green until late in the summer. Ground that is heavily shaded nearly all the time has to be reseeded each year. We can furnish a mixture of grasses which are the most suitable for this purpose. Sow about 1 lb. to 300 sq. ft. (This mixture contains timothy.) Please order by name as follows:

Grass Mixture for Annual Seeding: 1 Lb. 30c; 2 Lbs. 50c; 5 Lbs. \$1.15; 10 Lbs. \$2.00 transportation paid.

SEPARATE VARIETIES OF GRASSES MOST SUITABLE FOR LAWNS

The seed we offer in this list is the highest quality only. We do not handle inferior quality grass seeds. Samples will be gladly sent on request.

CHEWINGS FESCUE. For places that get hard wear. Forms a fine-leaved matlike sod which is resistant to hard wear. It does well in shady spots and on most all kinds of soil. Used extensively in putting green mixtures. Also valuable as a pasture grass.

1 Lb. \$1.20; 2 Lbs. \$2.30; 5 Lbs. \$5.65 transportation paid. Not paid: 10 Lbs. \$10.50; 25 Lbs. or more at \$1.00 per Lb.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS. The "Backbone" of Fine Lawn Grass Mixtures. Kentucky Blue Grass is the ideal lawn grass. It does well on high dry land and also in moist places. It is very aggressive and spreads rapidly by means of underground stems and makes a sod of fine texture when cut at lawn length. It starts to grow early in the spring and maintains its green color until late in the fall. It is an ideal companion grass growing well with other lawn varieties. We offer the finest quality seed.

1 Lb. 55c; 2 Lbs. \$1.00; 5 Lbs. \$2.30 transportation paid. Not paid: 10 Lbs. \$4.00; 25 Lbs. or more at 35c per Lb.

FANCY RED TOP. Fine for Lawns. A remarkably rapid growing and aggressive lawn grass. It does well on a large variety of soils and will withstand both drought conditions and wet ground and thrives under moderate close cutting. This is an excellent kind to mix with Kentucky Blue Grass, although it does not persist as long.

1 Lb. 30c; 2 Lbs. 55c; 5 Lbs. \$1.20 transportation paid. Not paid: 10 Lbs. \$1.75; 25 Lbs. or more at 16c per Lb.

WHITE CLOVER FOR LAWNS

WILD WHITE CLOVER. Best Clover for lawns.

When kept cut at lawn length, this clover shows scarcely any blossoms.

This is the type of clover which is found in the wonderful English lawns, and we recommend it highly. The plant is creeping in habit, low growing and tenacious. It is inconspicuous and blends readily with the companion grasses forming a thick velvety sward which remains green all summer. Wild white clover actually takes nitrogen from the air and adds it to the soil thus improving the growth of companion grasses. The leaves are smaller than White Dutch Clover and it blossoms much less. A very light seeding in the spring (1 lb. to 7500 sq. ft.) will get Wild White Clover started.

1 Oz. 20c; ¼ Lb. 55c; 1 Lb. \$1.70; 2 Lbs. \$3.25; 5 Lbs. or more at \$1.50 per Lb. transportation paid.

White Dutch Clover. Has been largely superseded by Wild White Clover in fine lawn mixtures.

¼ Lb. 35c; 1 Lb. \$1.10; 2 Lbs. \$2.10; 5 Lbs. or more at \$1.00 per Lb.



Shady Spots Require Special Seed

Grass Seed for Shady Lawns Best for Seeding Under Trees

Many lawn grasses do not thrive in shady places. We have put into this mixture those kinds which will grow and make a good sod under trees and in the shade of buildings where most lawn grass would not do well.

This seed should be sown in the early spring or fall. Stir the ground thoroughly and rake smooth. Sow the seed at the rate of 1 lb. to 250 to 300 square feet for new seeding or one half that amount to renew old lawns. A dressing of 2 to 4 lbs. of a good fertilizer to 100 sq. ft. raked in before seeding will be very beneficial.

Shady Lawn Mixture: 1 Lb. 85c; 2 Lbs. \$1.60; 5 Lbs. \$3.80; 10 Lbs. \$7.50; 25 Lbs. \$18.00; 50 Lbs. \$34.00 transportation paid.

RHODE ISLAND BENT. Also known as Colonial Bent and Prince Edward Island Bent. A very excellent grass where a fine close cut lawn is desired and is probably the most common of the bent grasses. Used to a large extent in fine lawn and greens mixtures. It will form an excellent sod and stand quite close mowing. It does well on poor and acid soil and being of a semi-creeping habit will recover the ground after injury. Sow 1 lb. to 300 sq. ft.

1 Lb. \$1.65; 2 Lbs. \$3.15; 5 Lbs. \$7.50; 10 Lbs. \$14.50 transportation paid.

SEASIDE CREEPING BENT. Best for Putting Greens. This is the true creeping type and forms a very dense sod of beautiful dark green color, with narrow leaves. Will stand very close cutting and resist hard wear. We offer the true Seaside Creeping Bent. Sow one pound to 300 sq. ft.

1 Lb. \$1.60; 2 Lbs. \$3.05; 5 Lbs. \$7.25; 10 Lbs. \$14.00 transportation paid.

PERENNIAL RYE GRASS. (English.) For Quick Covering. Excellent where a nurse grass is wanted as it will make a quick covering of bright green grass on new lawns and protect the slower germinating permanent kinds. It makes a good growth in a few weeks but will not make a permanent sod. For new seeding a mixture of 10% Rye Grass may be safely used.

1 Lb. 45c; 2 Lbs. 80c; 5 Lbs. \$1.85 transportation paid. Not paid: 10 Lbs. \$3.40; 25 Lbs. or more at 30c per Lb.

No Corner Store Seeds For Him:

"My gardener says your seeds are so much finer than any he has ever used that he would rather wait to get Harris' Seeds than to take an inferior grade from the corner store.

It may interest you to know that your seeds were recommended to me by the assistant Librarian of the Academy of Natural Science in Philadelphia. The gardener that I have has been in the business for 28 years and he says that the germination from your seeds was outstandingly and consistently better than any in his years of gardening experience."

Mrs. F. R. Schwenkel, Scarsdale, N. Y., May 18, 1942.

FOR YOUR VICTORY GARDEN

We offer two fine collections of vegetable seeds at much reduced prices. See page 7.

"You have the best vegetable collection that there is."

Miss Ella Grace Brown, Madison, Ohio, Jan. 23, 1942.

THE NEWEST FLOWERS FOR 1943

★ ★ ★ INCLUDING ALL-AMERICA SELECTIONS ★ ★ ★

HARRIS' TWO NEW All-America Winners for 1943

"IGLOO" PETUNIA The New Extra Compact White Petunia Bronze Medal All-America White Petunia

3851—The advantages of this new petunia are its unusually free-blooming habit and its compact and uniform growth. We have never seen a petunia that continues to have such a wealth of flowers throughout the entire summer.

The flowers are medium size and every one just alike, while every plant is a perfect mound of white 8 to 10 inches high, reminding one of an Eskimo igloo. It makes an ideal white border.

Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 50c.

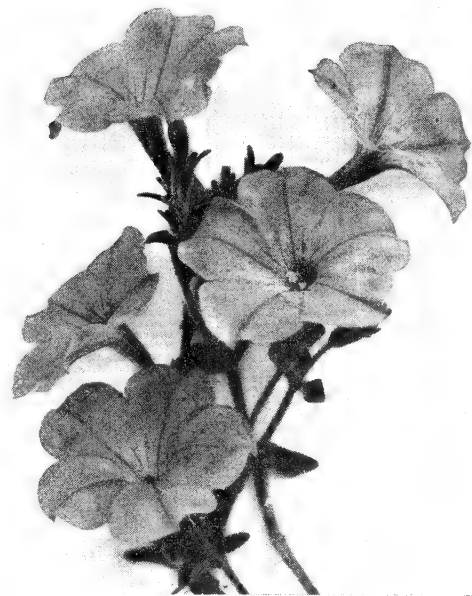
"ENGLISH VIOLET" PETUNIA

Honorable Mention All-America Selections 1943

3847—A new and much more pleasing shade of violet-blue, different from any other mid-blue variety. It is very similar to the beautiful blue of the English violets, being lighter than Dark Purple and darker than Heavenly Blue (see page 60.) The plants grow 15 to 18 inches tall, and every plant and every flower are exactly alike. We believe this is the best mid-blue petunia ever introduced.

Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 50c.

Other Petunias on pages 58, 59, 60 and 61



"English Violet" Petunias

"VICTORY GIANT" ASTERS

Honorable Mention All-America Selections 1943

1700—Mixed Colors. A new race of Asters sure to become very popular. The flowers are enormous, the stems long and clean, and the colors unusual. There are salmon shades and stripes in addition to white, light pink, rose and various shades of blue. They start flowering earlier than any other such large flowered variety.

Pkt. 25c.

Other Asters on pages 62 and 63



"Igloo" Petunias

"SUNKIST" MARIGOLD

Silver Medal All-America Selections 1943

3432—A very dwarf, compact growing bright orange. It comes into bloom very early and continues all summer. The plants remain very low and uniform, making it an ideal variety for a beautiful pure orange border. It is a splendid companion to "Spry" and "Pygmy" (page 69.)

Pkt. 25c.

Other Marigolds on pages 68 and 69



Sunkist Marigolds

JOHNNY JUMP-UP

3768—Viola Tricolor. These pretty little pansy-like hardy Violas of our grandmother's garden are just as enchanting today as they were then. If left undisturbed they will eventually make a dense carpet, blooming all summer in combinations of purple, blue and yellow.

Pkt. 25c.

TAHOKA DAISY

7952—Blue Daisy. The daisy-like single flowers of pure blue-lavender are profusely borne on bushy, compact plants 18 to 20 in. tall. The foliage is fine and fern-like, the flower stems of good length for cutting. They seem to thrive and continue to bloom throughout the most severe summer heat. Sow the seed outdoors in the early spring.

Pkt. 15c; ¼ Oz. 75c.

STAR OF TEXAS

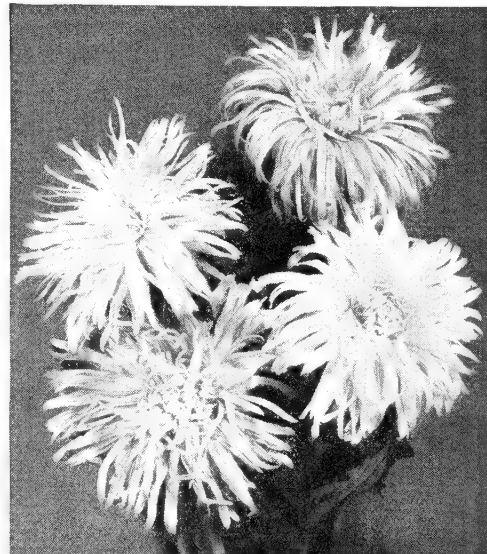
5194—Xanthisma Texanum. A new free-flowering annual for dry, sunny locations. The bright yellow daisy-like flowers are on neat, bushy plants 18 inches tall. Very easy to grow from seed sowed in the open.

Pkt. 15c; ¼ Oz. 75c.

TOBATY VERBENA

7946—A giant Verbena from Paraguay. It grows to 3 ft. tall and each long slender branch is topped with a large flat cluster of soft blue blooms. Sown in the early spring it will bloom continuously until severe freezing weather.

Pkt. 25c.



"Victory Giant" Asters



Larkspur, Carmine King and Adorable

ANNUAL LARKSPUR

Is An Ideal Garden Flower

Larkspur is ideal for both your garden and bouquets in the house. It grows an ideal height (3 to 4 ft.) to use for cutting, and from a fair-sized planting you can cut an almost endless number of flowers from mid-summer until late fall.

GROWING LARKSPUR FROM SEED is really very easy. The seed requires cool weather for good germination. Spring sowing outdoors should be done as early as it is possible to work the soil. About April 15th is usually an ideal time. Seed sown about the middle of September will survive the winter and usually start blooming early the following summer.

NEW LARKSPURS

The Choice of All The Recent Introductions

3250—**Giant Imperial Variety Mixture.** An unusually good mixture especially made up of equal amounts of the following six kinds. This makes a particularly good mixture for cut-flowers as well as the garden. It will give you a splendid balance of colors. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 35c; Oz. \$1.00.

3248—**Los Angeles (Improved).** A clear soft salmon pink that has never been equalled and is still a favorite with florists.

3252—**Carmine King.** A glorious carmine-scarlet. The brightest Larkspur we ever saw.

3254—**Blue Bell.** An entirely new shade of medium blue that has been much desired.

3255—**Adorable.** We call this variety "Adorable," because that is just what it is. A lilac or lavender shade surpassing all others for length of stem, size and richness of color.

3256—**White King.** A very large, vigorous growing, double pure white.

3258—**Blue Spire.** Long spikes of deep velvety blue.

Any color: Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 45c.

C325—**Collection,** one packet each of the six new Larkspurs for 45c (saving 15c).

"I wish to tell you that I am more grateful to you than I can say for the lovely garden and beautiful flowers which I have had year after year from your seeds."

Mrs. Winthrop H. Wade, Dedham, Mass.

CALENDULA *Indispensable for Fall Flowers*

THE BEST WAY TO GROW BETTER CALENDULA for fall flowers is not to sow the seed until late June or early July. You get more, larger, and better flowers during the cooler weather of August, September and October. For early summer flowers the seed can be started indoors about April 1st.

These seven varieties were unquestionably the best on our farm last summer.

2201—**Orange King.** This is an especially fine stock of the finest orange Calendula ever introduced. Large double flowers of bright deep orange. No other flower has ever taken its place in the garden. Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 25c; Oz. 70c.

2202—**Lemon Queen.** A large-flowered double, bright lemon-yellow of the same type as Orange King and a splendid companion to it.

Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 25c; Oz. 70c.

2204—**Apricot Queen.** A very distinctive color. The foundation color is soft cream, but each petal is streaked with deep orange, the effect being a lovely rich apricot.

Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 25c; Oz. 70c.

2208—**Sunshine** (Chrysantha). If you want the most fascinating of all Calendula be sure to sow Sunshine, a pleasing shade of yellow, long stems, and gracefully formed flowers.

Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 25c; Oz. 70c.

2214—**Campfire.** The largest and brightest orange of all Calendula. Unusual in size and brilliancy.

Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 30c; Oz. 80c.

2206—**Orange Fantasy.** A very distinct type of large flowering Calendula. The outside petals are long and twisted, while the inner rows of petals are shorter and fantastically curled and interlaced, literally piling over one another. The color is a very pleasing shade of coppery orange while the center is mahogany-bronze.

Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 30c; Oz. 90c.

2209—**Twilight** (Chrysantha). Actually a new color in Calendula. Varying from a very light to a very deep soft creamy yellow blended with white. The flowers are extra large and the unusually long stems more slender and wiry than other varieties.

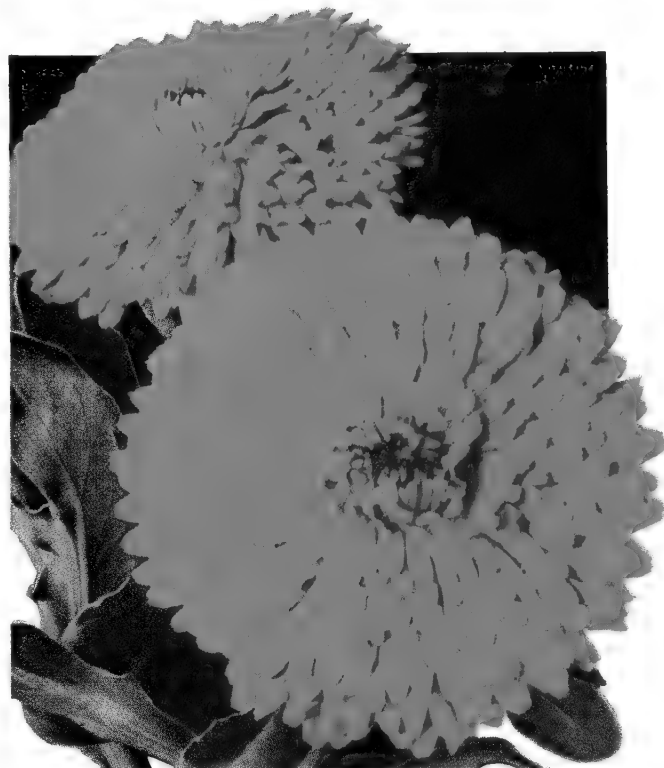
Pkt. 10c

C220—**Special Collection** of one regular packet each of the seven Calendula for only 55c (saving you 15c).

AN EXTRAORDINARY CALENDULA MIXTURE

2215—**Harris' Special Giant Flowered Mixture.** This is a new mixture we make up using only the seven best large flowered varieties described above. This assures you of having only the outstanding colors and the largest flowers in your garden.

Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 20c; Oz. 60c.



Orange King Calendula

NEW GIANT SNAPDRAGONS

Tall Growing—Rust Resistant . . .

We consider the development of "Rust-Resistant Snapdragons" one of the outstanding horticultural achievements.

5050—**Special Varieties Mixed.** As most mixtures we have seen were not well balanced for colors, we have made up our own mixture of equal proportions of the seven colors described below. It can't be compared with any cheaper mixture. Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; ¼ Oz. 55c; ¼ Oz. 90c.

Separate Colors of Rust-Resistant Giants

5051—**Pure White.** Immense flowers well spaced on tall stiff stems.

5053—**Bright Rose.** Exceptionally large flowers of pure soft rose-pink.

5055—**Crimson Red.** A luminous deep crimson with dark foliage.

5057—**Canary Yellow.** Closely placed immense flowers of bright pure yellow.

5054—**Wallflower Red.** A most attractive combination of deep red and brown.

5052—**Autumn Glow.** An unusual and decidedly appealing color, which might be described as beautiful terra-cotta pink shades.

5056—**Orange.** Various shades of copper, deep golden, and orange.

Any color: Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; ¼ Oz. 60c; ¼ Oz. \$1.00.

C505—**Giant Rust-Resistant Collection.** One packet each of the seven colors for 80c (saving you 25c).



New Giant Rust-Resistant Snapdragons

New Half-Tall Snapdragons

Although these grow only 18 to 24 inches tall, they are preferred by many for outdoor summer bedding. They flower very freely with good stems.

5115—**New Color Mixture.** Here is something special in Snapdragon mixtures. It is a mixture we make by using the light and unusual colors. Might be called a "Pastel Mixture." Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 65c.

Harris-Grown Snapdragons

HARRIS' NEW COLOSSAL SNAPDRAGONS

In our fields these new tall Snapdragons of our own growing are more vigorous, larger blooming. Also, they are acclimated to our northern gardens.

5030—**Colossal Mixture.** A thorough mixture of all colors. Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 35c; ¼ Oz. \$1.00.

5031—COLOSSAL WHITE

5032—COLOSSAL PINK SHADES

5034—COLOSSAL YELLOW

5035—COLOSSAL CRIMSON

5036—COLOSSAL ORANGE

Any color: Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 40c.

"I have been having very good success with your seeds. As I sell flower plants in the spring I must have the very best. I must say your seeds are superior to any I've ever bought anywhere. For instance, the Snapdragons I received from you were more colorful than any I've ever had."

Benjamin Rothermel, Bethlehem, Penna.

Harris' Two New Half-Tall Snapdragons

5108—**Royal Rose.** A free-flowering glowing deep rose with dense spikes and good stems. Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 40c; ¼ Oz. \$1.00.

5107—**St. George.** Very heavy spikes of a most attractive shade of bright orange-cerise, that changes tones so throughout the season. Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 40c; ¼ Oz. \$1.00.

5109—**Guinea Gold.** Thickly set spikes in a beautiful combination of golden-orange and terra-cotta. Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 40c; ¼ Oz. \$1.00.

Portulaca

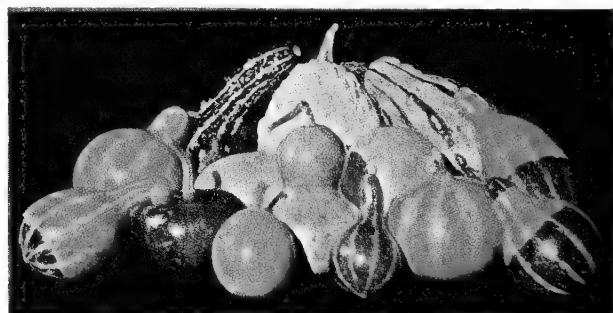
(Moss Rose.) Often called "Sun Plant," as it loves a warm sunny place in the garden. It is most effective when sown around in front of flower beds or along walks.

Double Portulaca

3870—**Mixed Colors.** Beautiful double flowers in a wide range of colors. Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 35c; ¼ Oz. 50c; ¼ Oz. 85c.

Single Portulaca

3880—**Mixed Colors.** Open cup-shaped flowers in a variety of many colors. Grows very easily and self-sows. Portulaca needs full sun and a dry location. Pkt. 15c; ¼ Oz. 45c; ¼ Oz. 75c.



A photograph in natural colors of our mixture of Small Gourds

Gourds

2985—**Small Sorts Mixed.** A new mixture we make up using only the most desirable and colorful small-fruited kinds. This special mixture contains the largest possible assortment of the best kinds. Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 15c; Oz. 50c.

2981—SMALL SPOON

2984—SMALL BICOLOR

2982—SMALL ORANGE

2986—SMALL WARTED

2983—SMALL EGG

All kinds: Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 25c; Oz. 75c.

C298—**Collection** of one regular packet each of the five kinds for only 40c.

2989—**Large Sorts Mixed.** All large-fruited kinds such as Calabash, Dipper, Hercule's Club, etc.

Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 15c; Oz. 50c.



Double Portulaca



New Double Nasturtiums

Single Nasturtiums

Many people still prefer the old-fashioned single Nasturtium with their large, long-stemmed flowers in so many different colors.

3500—**Tall or Climbing Mixture.** There is nothing better for trailing over walls or climbing a low trellis.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 40c; Lb. \$1.25.

3600—**Dwarf Mixture.** A particularly good mixture of all colors. Grows about 12 to 15 inches high.

Pkt. 10c; Oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 40c; Lb. \$1.25.

VERBENAS *After growing all kinds, we know these are the BEST Verbenas*

POSSIBLY you don't realize how much pleasure you can have from good Verbenas. Grow them along the front of a flower-bed, along a walk or driveway, in beds by themselves, as a ground-cover around perennials, or in porch boxes.

They make a continuous bright showing of flowers for 3 to 4 months, and they are beautiful to pick for table decorations.

Do not sow the seed outdoors until the soil gets warm (May 15th to June 1st). May also be started earlier indoors to advantage. Grows only 6 to 12 inches tall, but spreads to 2 feet across.

A BETTER MIXTURE

8015—**New Giant Flowered Mixture.** An especially good bright-colored mixture. This is actually an extraordinary fine mixture of our own.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 65c; Oz. \$2.20.

THE FOUR BEST VARIETIES

The four varieties we offer are definitely the finest and most satisfactory of the separate colors of the newest giant-flowered Verbenas.

8007—**Red Emperor.** A large-flowered intense bright scarlet.

8005—**Purple King.** A new rich velvety deep violet-blue with white eye.

8003—**Rose Queen.** A large irresistible salmon-pink shade.

8008—**Snowstorm.** The largest and best pure white.

Any of above colors: Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 35c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. 60c.

C801—**Special Offer** of one packet each of the four finest Verbenas for only 45c (saving you 15c).

8025—**Royal Bouquet.** Mixed Colors. A new type. The plants grow upright to 12 and 15 inches high, with large white centered flowers in a splendid range of colors. Excellent for cutting. Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 50c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. \$1.00.

VERBENA PLANTS. A special mixture of the four colors on page 74.

Nasturtiums that Bloom

Now you can have all the Nasturtium flowers you want. For several years we have been searching for Nasturtiums that will flower more profusely for you—Nasturtiums with blooms *above* the foliage.

Four New Double Nasturtiums

"More Flowers Than Leaves;" It doesn't seem possible, but we actually saw them in bloom. The flowers were all on *top* and one could hardly see any leaves. These four new kinds were so outstanding in this respect we are calling them "Top-Flowering."

Culture: For best results all Nasturtiums should not be sown until June 15th. Sow in full sunlight and where the soil is not very rich. Too rich soil causes an excess of leaf growth.

3623—**Double Scarlet Emperor** (Top-Flowering). Very low dark-leaved plants completely covered with deep scarlet flowers. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 25c; Oz. 40c.

3622—**Double Sunset Glow** (Top-Flowering). A most attractive bright flaming apricot of large size. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 25c; Oz. 40c.

3620—**Double Art Shades Mixture** (Top-Flowering). We have never seen so many flowers on one low-growing plant, and apparently every plant a different shade of some light color. From the lightest cream to deep apricot. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 25c; Oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. \$1.00.

3615—**Double Gem Mixture** (Top-Flowering). All quite small very compact plants with masses of flowers in almost every color found in Nasturtiums. Makes a very neat border. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 20c; Oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 90c.

C362—Special New Nasturtium Collection of one packet each of the above named four kinds for only 30c.

Glorious Gleam Nasturtiums

These marvelous double and semi-double Nasturtiums are very free-flowering on low growing, larger, more vigorous plants. The flowers are also larger in bright solid colors, mostly with the delicious fragrance of Golden Gleam.

3607—**Double Golden Gleam.** The original bright golden yellow fragrant double Nasturtium. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 15c; Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 75c.

3611—**Double Salmon Gleam.** Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 20c; Oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 90c.

3612—**Double Orange Gleam.** Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 20c; Oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 90c.

3610—**Glorious Gleam Hybrids.** A beautiful mixture of all the new and unusual colors. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 60c.

C360—Glorious Gleam Collection of one packet each of the four Gleam Nasturtiums described above for only 25c.

"I had some of your Nasturtiums last year and they were grand."

Mrs. F. R. Wade, Albany, N. Y.



New Giant-Flowered Verbenas



Harris' Magnificent Giant Zinnias

GIANT ZINNIAS

Harris Selects the Most Magnificent

EACH year we grow the different colors, including all the newest kinds, in order to assure you of the *Best Colors* and *Largest Flowers*.

HARRIS' MAGNIFICENT VARIETY MIXTURE

8120—Our own mixture made from equal proportions of the ten best Zinnias described below. You *know* what colors are in this mixture. It can't be compared with any other mixture—it's absolutely *the best!*
Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 40c; Oz. \$1.25.

THE TEN BEST GIANT ZINNIAS

Carefully selected to give you all giant flowers of the most satisfactory colors in complete range with no duplicates.

- 8154—**Canary Bird**—The brightest deep yellow
- 8155—**Crimson Monarch**—Brilliant deep crimson-scarlet
- 8146—**Violet Queen**—Immense rosy purple
- 8147—**Cherry Queen**—Attractive bright cherry-red
- 8156—**Golden Dawn**—Large deep golden yellow
- 8137—**Miss Willmot**—Exquisite bright salmony-pink
- 8152—**Oriole**—Beautiful combination of orange and gold
- 8131—**Purity**—A mammoth pure white
- 8151—**Orange King**—A mammoth bright orange
- 8149—**Illumination**—A gorgeous deep pink

Prices: Any of above colors—Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 50c; Oz. \$1.75.

C815—Special Ten-Zinnia Collection, 75c. A special bargain offer of one regular packet each of the Ten-Best Varieties described above for only **75c** (saving you 25c).

New Very Dwarf Zinnias

Cupid Zinnias. Here is actually a new style of Zinnia that we feel sure you will like. They grow as bushy little plants only 15 inches high and are covered with very tiny, bright, double flowers excellent for small bouquets.

- 8220—**Mixed Colors.** Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 50c.
 - 8221—**Snowdrop.** Pure white.
 - 8223—**Pixie.** Very double bright yellow.
 - 8224—**Tiny Tim.** A rich bright scarlet.
- Any color: Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 60c.

Mexican Zinnias

8280—Haageana, Double Hybrids. These low-growing and small-flowered Zinnias have a charm not found in any other variety or type of Zinnia. The single, semi-double, and double flowers are of various shades of red, salmon, rose and cream, all tipped in golden yellow. They make a most brilliant display in the garden and in small vases.
Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 65c.



Mexican or Haageana Zinnias

New Fantasy Zinnias

A most fascinating type of informal shaggy flowers in quite unusual colors. The flowers are of medium size, growing about 2 ft. tall, and with good stems for cutting. Rapidly increasing in popularity.

- 8285—**Mixed Colors.** Many unique colors. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 50c.
 - 8286—**Star Dust.** Bright pure yellow.
 - 8287—**Orange Lady** (New). Deep brilliant orange never before seen in Zinnias.
 - 8288—**Rosalie** (New). Extraordinary shade of rosy-carminé.
 - 8289—**White Light** (New). The best white Zinnia for bouquets.
 - 8284—**Wild Fire** (New). The brightest red Zinnia we have ever seen.
- Any color: Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 60c.



New Fantasy Zinnia, Wildfire

"Cut-and-Come-Again" Zinnias

We can enthusiastically recommend these two medium-sized Zinnias for their desirability as cut-flowers. They grow only about 2 ft. tall and it does seem as if the more flowers you pick, the more there are left.

- 8262—**Pinkie (Salmon Rose).** A most popular soft shade of clear salmon-pink. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 40c.
- 8263—**Spun Gold.** A new beautiful tone of creamy-yellow blending well with "Pinkie." Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 40c.
- 8260—**Cut-and-Come-Again Special Mixture.** We are sure you will be pleased with this special mixture of these two colors. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 30c; Oz. 90c.

The Most Luxuriant of All Flowers

No other flower will make such a brilliant display from July until frost.

Easiest to grow of all gorgeous flowers. They can be sown in rows, in beds, or among the perennials or bulbs. Just sow the seed where they get the full sunlight.

Pompon Zinnias

THE lower growing plants and smaller flowers make Pompon Zinnias most satisfactory to use in any planting arrangement.

Blooms in only a few weeks from seed sown outdoors and continues until frosts. 15 to 18 inches high. Ideal for flower beds and borders in any sunny place.

You will have an abundance of small flowers ideal for table decorations.

8230—Harris' Variety Mixture. An unusually good mixture of equal amounts of the six colors.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c;
¼ Oz. 30c; Oz. 90c.

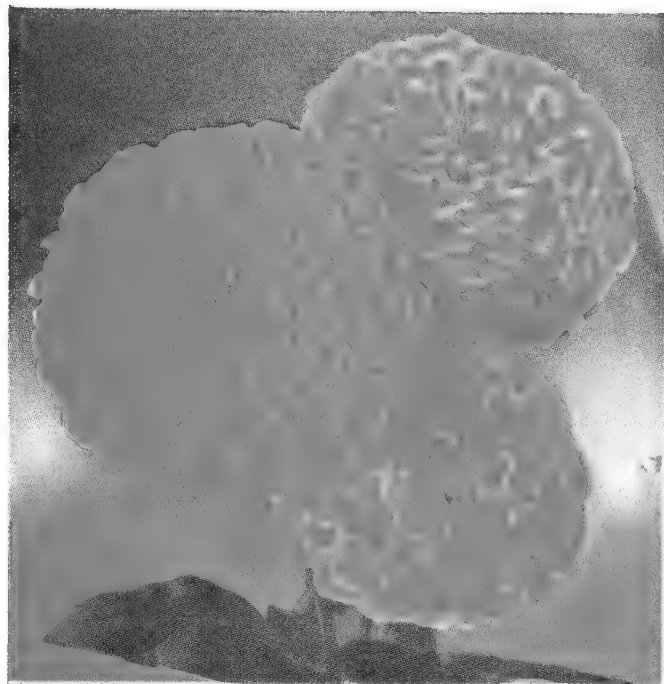
8231—**White Gem**
8232—**Salmon Gem**
8233—**Yellow Gem**
8234—**Scarlet Gem**
8236—**Orange Gem**
8237—**Purple Gem**
8238—**Black Ruby**

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 45c; Oz. \$1.20.

C820—Collection. One packet each of the six for 45c.



Pompon Zinnias will give you color in the garden and bouquets all summer.



New Giant "Two-Tone" Zinnias

Two-Tone Zinnias

"PASTEL GIANTS"

8160—Special Light-Color Mixture. We consider these new Zinnias the finest of all the new flowers to be recently introduced.

The colors are not only distinctly different, but very pretty. The light foundation colors are overlaid with a deeper tone, giving the "two-tone" effect. All the harsh colors have been eliminated, leaving the many different "pastel" shades of yellow, golden, apricot, orange, pink and rose.

The flowers are of giant size and exceptionally full double. There was not one poor flower in the entire field.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 65c; Oz. \$2.00.

Giant Dahlia-Flowered Zinnias

Low in Price—High in Quality

8150—Gold Medal Mixture. This is no ordinary cheap mixture, but a most excellent mixture we have especially made from all different colors of the Giant Dahlia-flowered Zinnias. It differs from our Magnificent Mixture on page 56 in that it contains all the known colors in no definite amounts. It is only because we use a very large quantity of this seed that we can sell such an extraordinary mixture of Giant Zinnias at this low price.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 30c; Oz. 90c; ¼ Lb. \$3.00.

Morning Glories

3474—Pearly Gates. (1942 Silver Medal All-America Winner.)

The new pure white mammoth-flowered Morning Glory. It is the same size and earliness as Heavenly Blue, and a perfect companion.

Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 40c; ¼ Oz. 95c; Oz. \$3.00.

3475—Improved Heavenly Blue, or Clark's Blue. There is no flower that can offer quite the same cozy attractiveness to a cottage porch or garden. The flowers bloom early and many have a diameter of four inches.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 45c; Oz. \$1.40.

3477—Scarlett O'Hara (1939 Gold Medal All-American). The deep wine-red flowers which are 4 inches across start making their appearance while the plants are still small. This new strain is much early blooming and very free-flowering.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; ¼ Oz. 60c; Oz. \$2.00.

3478—Crimson Rambler. Here is a very rapid-growing, tall-climbing, early flowering, bright crimson-red Morning Glory of medium size to plant with the Heavenly Blue.

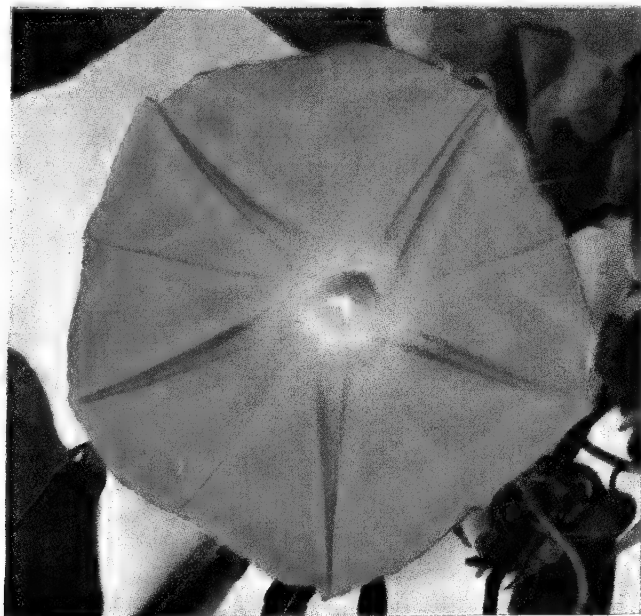
Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 35c; Oz. \$1.00.

3480—Mixed Colors. Combination of pink, white and blue of the good old-fashioned Morning Glories.

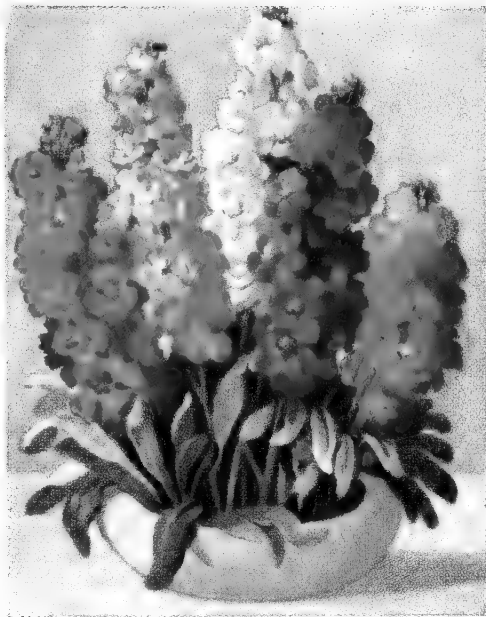
Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 15c; ½ Oz. 20c; Oz. 35c.

3476—Moonflower. Very large white flowers in the evening and on dull days.

Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 30c; Oz. 90c.



New Heavenly Blue Morning Glory



HARRIS' "SURE TO BLOOM" STOCKS

A variety of Stocks that have always bloomed 100% in this locality. It is the only kind we have found to be "Sure-to-Bloom" from seed sowed outdoors in the spring.

6020—Mixed Colors. Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 25c.

Seed of eight different colors on page 71.

Early started plants on page 74.



HARRIS' EXHIBITION AQUILEGIA

We feel that Aquilegia seed grown here on Moreton Farm is more vigorous, of better quality, and certainly better adapted to the north.

2074—Mixed Colors. Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 35c.

2075—Blue Shades. Very pretty combinations of blue and white. Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 45c.

Plants of these and many other hardy perennials on pages 79 and 80.



BACHELOR BUTTONS AND ORANGE COSMOS

These two easily grown annuals also make a splendid showing in the garden when sowed together. Both grow 3 to 4 feet tall and bloom at the same time.

2325—Double Blue Centaurea. *Other colors on page 65.* Pkt. 10c; 1/4 Oz. 25c.

2475—Orange Flare Cosmos. *Other Cosmos on page 66.* Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; 1/4 Oz. 30c.



HARRIS' NEW HARDY CARNATIONS

A development of our own that is rapidly becoming popular. Easy to grow from seed, very fragrant, lots of flowers to cut, and perfectly hardy.

2310—Mixed Colors. Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 45c; 1/4 Oz. \$1.25.

For seeds and plants of other hardy perennials see pages 75 to 80.



NEW SALMON BEAUTY SCABIOSA

A new beautiful shade of salmon-rose in the new tall, Giant-Flowered Scabiosa. An easily grown annual excellent for cutting. Grows 3 or 4 feet tall, flowering profusely in late summer. Larger flowered and more vigorous growing than ordinary Scabiosa.

4649—Salmon Beauty. Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; 1/4 Oz. 60c.

Seed of other dwarf and tall Scabiosa on page 71.

HARRIS GIANT RUFFLED PETUNIAS



Harris' Paramount Ruffled Giant Petunias, one-half actual size

A Giant Ruffled Salmon

3808—**Harris' Salmon Beauty.** A new giant ruffled Harris grown Petunia we know you will like. The flowers are immense, well ruffled and frilled, with large open throats of bright golden yellow, beautifully veined. The color is a brilliant clear salmon pink and is the only variety of this same beautiful color. The plants are vigorous and are sure to be admired wherever they are planted.

Pkt. (200 seeds) 35c; 500 seeds, 60c; 1000 seeds, \$1.00.



Harris' New Petunia, "Royalty"

Harris Paramount Ruffled Giants THE LARGEST FLOWERS—THE BRIGHTEST COLORS THE MOST COMPACT PLANTS

THE flowers are the largest we have ever seen, with wide-open, well-veined throats, and the edges of the flowers are most beautifully waved and fringed.

One of the most outstanding features of our Paramount Ruffled Giants is that the plants will stay low-growing, even during our hottest summer weather. This is a real worth-while advantage over any other strain of Giant Ruffled Petunias we have been able to discover.

3802—**Harris Paramount Ruffled Giants.** Pkt. (100 seeds) 25c; Lg. Pkt. (200 seeds) 40c; 500 seeds, 80c; 1000 seeds, \$1.30.

The Best Frilled Pink Petunia

3813—**Theodosia** (Harris Grown). The flowers are large, beautifully frilled, with large open yellow throats. The color is uniformly a most attractive shade of bright salmon.

Pkt. (200 seeds) 25c; 500 seeds, 45c; 1000 seeds, 75c.



Theodosia Petunia and Blue Bedder Salvia

PETUNIA PLANTS

All leading
varieties.

See page 74.

Salvia Farinacea, Blue Bedder. Long, graceful spikes of light blue, splendid for cutting. See full description on page 72.

Harris Purple Prince

AT LAST—We again have what you have been looking for—A new Petunia of deep velvety blue-purple.

We are exceedingly proud of being the ones to develop the largest and deepest blue Petunias we have ever seen. The flowers, which are freely borne on vigorous plants, are well waved. Many of the flowers are almost as big and ruffled as our Paramount Ruffled Giants.

3816—**Harris' Purple Prince.** Don't confuse this with any other Petunia with a similar name. Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 50c.

Harris Giant Snowstorm

Here is a new mammoth white, also of our own growing, to plant with Purple Prince and Black Prince. Although the plants are lower growing than the other two, the flowers are immense and waved.

3814—**Harris' Giant Snowstorm.** Growing in our field, the plants were well covered all summer with the mammoth glistening pure white flowers. don't miss it. Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 60c.

Harris' New "ROYALTY"

Actually New, Different and Worthwhile

3809—**Royalty** (Harris Grown). Of all the Petunias we have grown, we consider this new 1941 introduction of our own as "tops" for anyone's garden. As shown in the photograph, the colors vary from almost pure white to deep velvety violet-blue, with most of them starred and blotched. In fact, almost the complete range will frequently appear on one plant. The flowers are immense, well waved, and of a very velvety texture. Just imagine a border bed, or window box of these entrancing Petunias continually changing from day to day, and positively amazing for bouquets.

Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.25; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. \$2.00.



Harris' New Cream Star Petunia



New Radiance Petunia



Harris' New Eleanor Blue Petunia

HARRIS SINGLE BEDDING PETUNIAS

Realizing this type of Petunia is, in general, the most important flower in your garden, we have grown these four favorite colors on our own farm.

Only in this way can we assure you of the best. By growing them ourselves we know what they will do for

you. They are acclimated to northern gardens and you can sow them with a feeling of assurance you are getting the best available.

Harris' Eleanor Blue

3829—A Harris-Grown Introduction. It is the only Petunia of this desirable shade of medium-blue or light purple that really does go well with other colors. All who saw it were very much pleased with the shade and it is exceptionally free-flowering.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. 70c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.25.

Harris' Rosy Morn

3823—White-Throated Pink. An unusually good strain of our own growing. The color is a bright glistening pink with a large white throat. The flowers are larger than other strains and more compact growing.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.00.

Harris' Celestial Rose

3826—Without exception, this is still the most satisfactory pink Petunia for most any situation. Bright silvery pink flowers of good size on plants that remain quite compact. They start blooming early and continue all summer in spite of most any weather. It's much better than Rosy Morn in color, size, uniformity and compactness.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. 70c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.25.

Harris' Heavenly Blue

3827—Improved. This is an entirely new strain. The color is a beautiful light blue and the plants much more compact and uniform. In fact, in our field we did not have even one plant "off-color." This is remarkable for Heavenly Blue, and we sincerely believe is far superior to any other stock on the market.

Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 40c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. 95c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.50.

Harris' Dark Purple

3825—This is a very much improved stock of the low-growing deep violet-blue. A remarkably uniform strain, and a splendid companion to sow with the other colors.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.00.

Harris' Snowball

3821—It has been almost impossible to find a good low-growing white bedding Petunia. You don't need to worry about our Snowball;—it's really good, and is a fit companion for the other three colors.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.00.

Harris' Special Four-Color Mixture

3840—Variety Mixture. We make up this special mixture by using the proper amounts of *only* the four bright colors as pictured. This gives you not only a well balanced color display, but plants of the same height. Without question this is the finest bedding Petunia mixture ever offered.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 85c.

C380—Special Offer of one regular packet each of Harris' six favorite kinds described above for only **75c.** (Saving you 20c.)

New Cream Star

3844—An Ideal Harris-Grown White. We consider this the finest single white Petunia. The plants are more uniformly compact and keep completely covered with large creamy-white flowers, and remain in such very good condition all through the summer.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. 70c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.25.

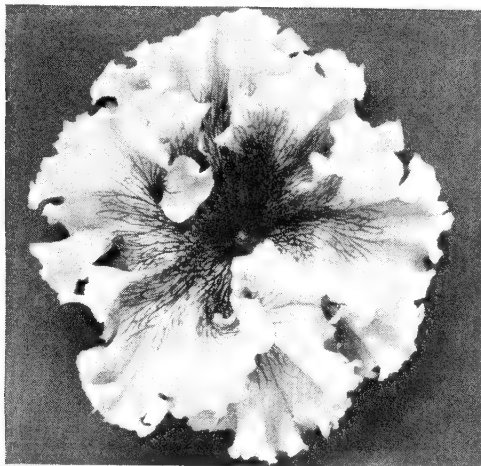
Harris' Black Prince

3836—After comparing all the different dark red Petunias we still believe this is the best. It is the most uniform and the deepest red. Very effective planted with Snowball or Cream Star. Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 50c.



Harris-Grown Celestial Rose, Heavenly Blue, Dark Purple and Snowball

New Petunias of Recent Introduction



Harris "Quaker Lady" Petunia

NEW SINGLE-FLOWERING PETUNIAS

3846—**Radiance.** All-America Selections winner for 1941. It is such a brilliant red and so very free blooming. Practically the same dazzling color as "Glow," but taller growing. See color photograph on page 60.

Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 40c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. 95c.

3843—**Glow** (Harris Grown). This is the brightest Petunia we have ever seen. The dazzling rosy-scarlet flowers actually sparkle in the sunlight. The plants are low-growing and bushy, and covered with a profusion of good-sizes flowers.

Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 50c; $\frac{1}{16}$ Oz. \$1.25.

3822—**Salmon Supreme.** The color is a rich coral-salmon changing to a soft salmon-pink. The plants are very low growing and retain their compact, rounded form.

Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 60c; $\frac{3}{32}$ Oz. 90c.

3824—**Topaz Rose.** The color is a brilliant carmine-pink, slightly deeper than Celestial Rose, and with a large golden throat. Taller than Celestial Rose.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. 60c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.00.

A NEW SALMON PINK

3842—**First Lady** (Harris-Grown). A new very beautiful soft salmon-pink, also known as "Fair Lady." We never expect to see another Petunia of such a clear soft shade. The large single flowers do not have even the slightest suggestion of magenta. The plants are uniformly compact. In our field every plant was exactly alike.

Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 50c; $\frac{1}{16}$ Oz. \$1.25.

"Your Paramount Ruffled Petunias I received from you last year were wonderful and everyone spoke about them."
Wm. G. Ellicott, Boston, Mass.



New "First Lady" Petunia

A NEW GIANT RUFFLED

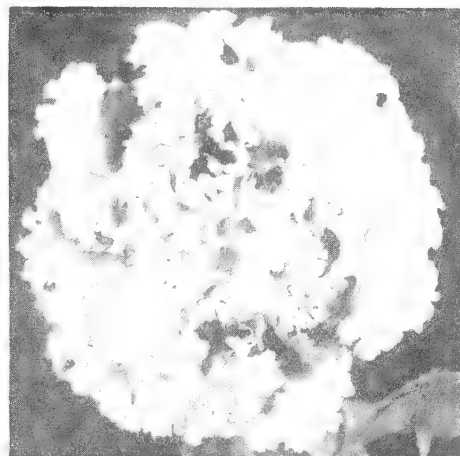
3811—**Quaker Lady** (Harris-Grown). An unusually attractive color of giant flowered, ruffled Petunia. The background is a beautiful soft shade of rosy-lilac, tinting to an almost pure white at the edges, while the wide-open throat is very heavily veined with a deep royal-purple. You can make the most beautiful bouquets by cutting branches of flowers.

Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 60c.

A NEW FRINGED PETUNIA

3817—**The Art** (Harris-Grown). For a long time we have been searching for a strain of fringed or lace-edged Petunias we could enthusiastically recommend. Now we have it. The flowers are good sized and in a delightful range of colors from white to bright carmine-pink with many striped and blotched. The plants are very upright growing and crowded with flowers.

Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 60c.



Giant Double Petunia

GIANT DOUBLE PETUNIAS

We are offering what we consider the best strain of American grown Double Petunias. Although not 100% double, they do average a good percentage of double flowers, and mostly very large flowers on vigorous tall plants.

Note—When transplanting seedlings, use *only* the smallest plants. The earliest larger seedlings will be smaller flowered and may be single.

3789—**Mixed Colors.** An unusually good mixture of separate colors.

Pkt. 50c; 500 seeds, \$1.25; 1000 seeds, \$2.00.

KING PETUNIAS

UNSURPASSED for uniformity of colors and growth of plants, besides being the easiest Petunias to grow.

The plants are tall, vigorous growing and unusually free-flowering. The flowers are large and in brilliant colors, starting to bloom early and continuing until after frosts. The general type is similar to the well-known "Balcony" Petunias, but we consider them superior and at lower prices.

3830—**Special Formula Mixture.** Scientifically proportioned from separate colors.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 50c.

"Your Royalty Petunia is the loveliest I have ever had. It's what you say and much more. Everything I have gotten from you has been extra fine this season. Thanks."
Therese M. Miller, Baltimore, Md.



Celestial Rose growing in the field a long distance from any other kind to prevent crossing with other colors. Note the uniformity of growth.
Described on page 60

HARRIS' TWO NEW All-America Winners for 1943

Petunia "Igloo" and "English Violet"
See page 52

YELLOW PETUNIA

3807—**Dainty Lady.** The flowers are of medium size, daintily fringed, and of a delicate light yellow deepening to golden yellow at the throat. The semi-dwarf plants are uniformly neat and compact. Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 60c.

EXTRA DWARF RUFFLED

3812—**Martha Washington.** A well ruffled, blush-pink deepening to a dark violet throat. The plants are very dwarf and compact.

Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 50c.



King Petunias



Harris' Eight-Best Aster Mixture

**An Exceptional Mixture of Our Best Asters
Best Colors—Wilt-Resistant—Best Varieties**

1500—8-BEST MIXTURE, Mixed Colors. There aren't any better Asters for your garden than these eight. They are all good for cutting and all are good, vigorous, branching plants. There are three different types and seasons of flowers in the following range of colors: white, shell-pink, deep rose, red, azure, lavender-pink, purple, and bright pink, all mixed together in the proper amounts for the best color balance. The seed used is the same fresh, new-crop seed described in the separate varieties.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 60c; Oz. \$2.00.

DEEP ROSE CREGO

1403—An enormous midseason Aster resembling a large shaggy Chrysanthemum. It is a beautiful shade of bright rose with long, clean stems.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; ¼ Oz. 75c.

AMERICAN BRANCHING, WHITE

1601—A pure white Aster of unusually fine form with a whorled center and free from yellow centers. The average plant has eight to ten large flowers with long stems almost entirely free of small side flowers.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; ¼ Oz. 75c.

AMERICAN BRANCHING, PURPLE

1605—We have developed this into a most perfectly formed large flower of rich royal-purple with tightly incurved petals. The stems are long and free from small side flowers.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; ¼ Oz. 75c.

NEW EARLY GIANT LIGHT BLUE

1824—Not only is this new Aster a better shade of light blue than any we have ever seen, but the flowers and plants are far superior. The flowers are extremely large on long clean stems while the color is a brighter shade of clear light blue.

Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 40c; ¼ Oz. \$1.00.

HEART OF FRANCE

1078—Deservedly the most popular red Aster. The deep garnet-red flowers are produced freely on medium height plants. A decided improvement over stock previously offered.

Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 40c; ¼ Oz. \$1.00.

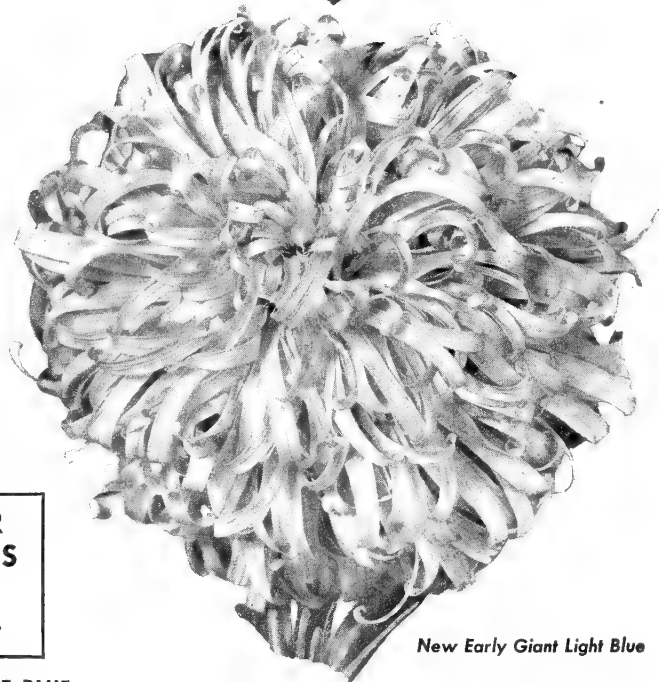
PEERLESS PINK

1066—The most reliable shell-pink Aster ever produced. The large globular flowers are a lovely soft pink on long, stiff, very clean stems.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; ¼ Oz. 75c.



Peerless Pink



New Early Giant Light Blue

**ASTER
PLANTS
on
Page 74**

CREGO, AZURE BLUE

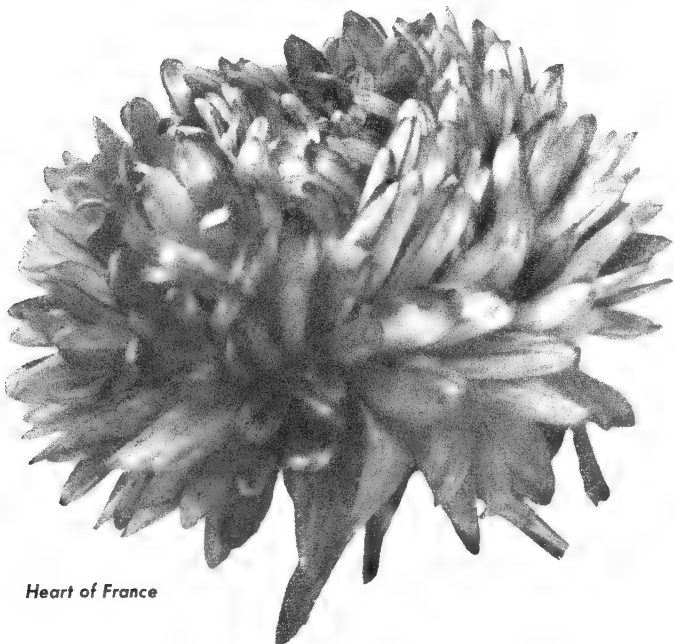
1404—The most beautiful of the clear, light-blue Asters. The flowers are large, with long twisted petals, making them look like pretty blue ostrich-feathers. The plants grow vigorously, are wilt-resistant, and bloom profusely. In our opinion they are the finest light-blue Asters we have ever seen for either the garden or bouquets. They are earlier flowering than the new Early Giant Light Blue.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; ¼ Oz. 75c.

NEW EARLY GIANT PEACH BLOSSOM

1823—Very large flowers with broad curled and twisted petals opening almost white and gradually passing through light pink to a bright lavender-pink. The tall vigorous growing plants start blooming very early. The long stems are straight and free from little side-flowers. We know you will like it.

Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 40c; ¼ Oz. \$1.00.



Heart of France

Special 8-Best Aster Offer

C150—If you prefer to plant the colors separately you can save 35c by ordering this special collection of one full-sized packet each of the eight varieties described above for only \$1.00 (saving 35c).

Simply order C150

HARRIS' ASTERS—Continued

Lilliput Asters

(Harris Grown)

Early and profuse blooming; each plant is a bouquet in itself. The flowers are fully double, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in. across, with exceptional keeping qualities when cut. The plants are of compact, upright growth, 10 to 12 in. tall, well branched and very attractive for bedding, edgings or borders.

1100—**Variety Mixture.** An excellent mixture made from separate colors of our own growing.
Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 60c.

New Sunshine Asters

1010—**Variety Mixture.** Most attractive new type of flowers with long feathery petals and creamy-white quilled centers. The colors are in beautiful combinations of azure, rose, and purple with cream, white and yellow centers.
Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.00.



New Sunshine Asters

Crego Asters

We have chosen the most satisfactory colors with large, fluffy flowers on vigorous plants.

1400—**Variety Mixture.** Especially made up from the five colors. The seed used is the same fresh, new-crop seed as the named varieties. The colors are proportioned for a good balance of color.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 60c; Oz. \$2.00.

1401—WHITE	1403—ROSE
1402—SHELL PINK	1404—AZURE BLUE
	1405—PURPLE

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 75c; Oz. \$2.50.

C140—**Collection.** One packet each of the five colors for 60c (saving 15c).

New Early Giant Asters

1822—**Rose Marie.** A new color in a new group. A rich bright rose of an unusually attractive shade. The large flowers with their broad intertwined petals are on rugged, clean stems.

Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.00.

1823—**Peach Blossom.** The large flowers are continually changing in tone from almost white through light-pink to bright lavender-pink.

Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.00.

1824—**Light Blue.** An All-America winner in 1939. It is the finest shade of light blue we have ever seen in Asters.

Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.00.



California Giant Asters, Light Blue

California Giant Asters

Enormous plants and immense flowers with long, broad, twisted petals. As they flower late they lengthen the season of bloom.

1810—**Variety Mixture.** A special mixture of the six colors named below. All fresh seeds.
Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 80c; Oz. \$2.50.

1811—WHITE	1814—LIGHT BLUE
1812—DEEP ROSE	1815—DARK PURPLE
1813—PEACH BLOSSOM	1816—SHELL PINK

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 90c; Oz. \$3.00.

C180—**Collection.** One packet of each of the six colors for 70c (saving 20c).



The New Lilliput Asters make beautiful cut flowers

American Branching Asters

Also called "Late Branching." The flowers are full-double, large, and on long stiff stems ideal for cut flowers. They bloom after the Cregos and ahead of the California Giants.

1600—**Variety Mixture.** A splendid mixture we make using fresh seed only of the seven separate colors as named below. This assures you of a well-balanced mixture of all colors.
Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 60c; Oz. \$2.00.

1601—WHITE	1604—AZURE BLUE
1602—FLESH PINK	1605—PURPLE
1603—ROSE	1606—CRIMSON
	1607—PEACH BLOSSOM

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 75c; Oz. \$2.50.

C160—**Collection.** One packet each of the seven colors for 80c (saving 25c).

Harris' New Early Dawn Asters

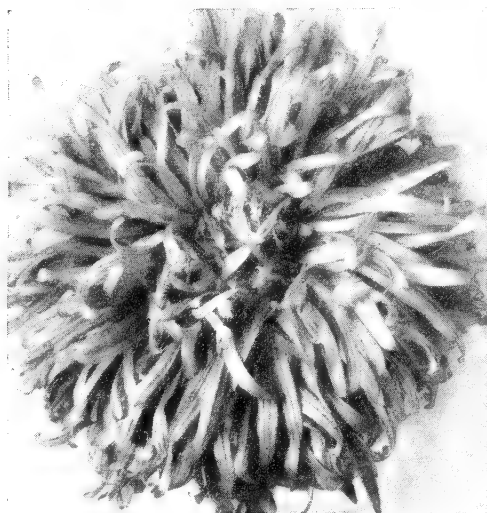
Easiest to Grow and Earliest Flowers

Developed and Grown on Our Own Farm

A new class of extremely early Asters of our own growing with large, long-petalled flowers. Sow the seed outdoors very early for the best growth and largest flowers.

1251—WHITE 1253—ROSE 1254—LAVENDER
Any color: Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.00.

1250—**Variety Mixture.** A special mixture made up of the three colors.
Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 75c.



Harris' Early Dawn Asters



Daisy Asters for bouquets

Daisy Asters

(Single Giants of California)

The Most Artistic for Bouquets

1830—**Mixed Colors.** A new strain of single-flowering Asters. The immense flowers in a mixture of all colors are most attractive with their bright yellow centers. They have long graceful stems which make them ideal for cutting.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 30c; Oz. \$1.00.



Ageratum

AGERATUM

A most popular blue flower with dense heads of small fluffy flowers, being a mass of bloom from early summer until frost. Easy to grow and does well in sun or half-shade.

2012—**Midget Blue** (New). 4 to 6 inches high, and practically smothered with small blue flowers. Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 55c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. \$1.15.

2014—**Blue Ball**. Plants a little larger (8" tall) than Midget Blue. The flowers are larger and light blue. Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 35c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. 60c.

2015—**Swanley Blue** (Tall). About 2 ft. tall. The light blue fluffy flowers are very effective both in the garden and for bouquets. Grows easily and rapidly from seed sowed outdoors in sunlight. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 50c.

2013—**Blue Bedder** (New). A very low compact bright blue with large flower-clusters. Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 45c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. \$1.00.

CASTOR OIL BEAN

2500—**Harris' Tropical Mixture** (Ricinis). The immense red and green leaves on plants 8 to 10 ft. high give a semi-tropical effect.

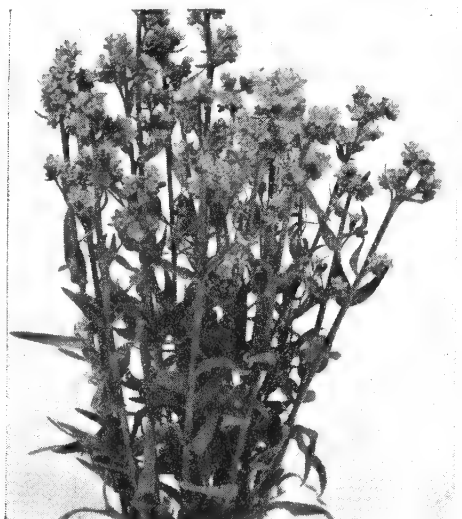
Pkt. 10c; Oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Lb. 85c.

ANCHUSA

2041—**Blue Bird**. Sprays of vivid indigo blue all summer. Good to mix with other flowers in bouquets and one of the easiest flowers to grow. 2 ft. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 40c.

ARGEMONE

2087—**Species Blend** (Prickly Poppy). Most easily grown, free-blooming annuals thriving in full sun and dry soil. The large, single poppy-like flowers are borne continuously on bushy plants about 2 ft. high. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 50c.



Anchusa, Blue Bird

ALYSSUM

The quickest and easiest growing and longest blooming edging and border plant with tiny white sweet-scented flowers all summer.

2022—**Carpet of Snow**. The best for a very low flat edging or ground cover. They grow as round flat plants only 3 to 5 in. high and 12 to 15 in. across. If the sides of the plants are kept sheared back they will make a very low, compact white edging for all summer.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 30c; Oz. 90c.

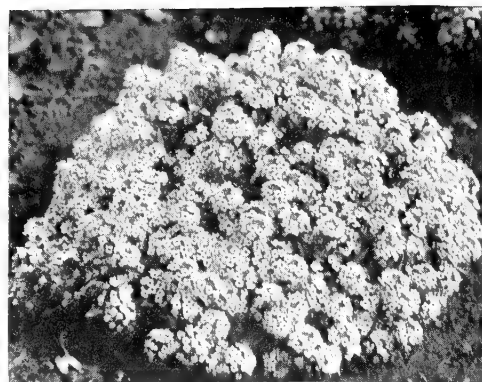
2021—**Little Gem**. Unexcelled for white edging. The most upright growing plants are small round mounds about 6 in. high and 10 in. across.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 25c; Oz. 75c.

2020—**Sweet Alyssum**. Very fragrant. Grows 10 in. high and 2 feet wide. Very good to sow in front of Purple Prince Petunias or Bonfire Salvia.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 20c; Oz. 50c.

2023—**Violet Queen** (New). Here-to-fore this color has been too pale, but now we have a much deeper and more uniform deep lilac. The plants are of the same popular size as Little Gem. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 45c; Oz. \$1.30.



Alyssum, Little Gem

ARCTOTIS

2085—**Blue-Eyed African Daisy**. A good long-stemmed cut-flower for a dry sunny location. The flowers are like large white daisies with blue centers. Easy to grow and very effective planted among other medium tall flowers.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 40c.



New Dwarf Bush Balsam

BALSAM

2110—**(Lady Slippers) Brilliant Mixture**. A charming old favorite with double flowers like Camellias. The symmetrical bushy plants are sure to grow well all summer in any good but slightly moist soil. Excellent for a 2 ft. high summer hedge. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 30c; Oz. 90c.

NEW BUSH BALSAM

or "Gardenia Flowered"

2115—**Mixed Colors**. We know you will like this new Balsam. It's just the right height (about 18 inches) and the flowers are above the foliage. This is a new development in Balsams. The flowers are double, similar to and as beautiful as Gardenias, in a mixture of rose, red and white.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 60c; Oz. \$1.80.

CUPHEA

2590—**Avalon Hybrids** (Firecracker Plant). Curiously attractive, irregularly shaped blossoms in season-long profusion. The compact growing plants are seemingly covered with fluttering bright-hued butterflies of all colors. They grow quickly in most any sunny location.

Pkt. 20c.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS

Summer Chrysanthemums. The large daisy-like flowers blooming profusely during the late summer. Fine for cutting. Prefers heavy soil and not too hot weather. 2-3 ft.

400—**Mixed Colors**. A mixture of the finest varieties in all the color combinations.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 30c.

Hardy Chrysanthemums

We make a point of growing Hardy Chrysanthemum plants of *only* those kinds that bloom sufficiently early to be satisfactory in our northern latitude. See page 80.

CARNATIONS

2290—**New Giant Double Chabaud**. Mixed Colors. The most satisfactory of the annual Carnations for the outdoor gardens. They are larger, more free flowering and with a larger percentage of double flowers than the other kinds. Their delicious fragrance and rich coloring makes them even more desirable. Flowers in late summer, but if planted in a protected location they will usually survive the first winter and flower profusely the following summer. Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 85c.

Hardy Carnations

A Harris introduction of our own growing, steadily increasing in popularity. Page 58.



Annual Carnation, Giant Chabaud



Candytuft, Rainbow Mixture

CANDYTUFT

Most people do not realize how easy and quickly they can grow a colorful display of Candytuft. Successive sowings should be made in the spring and during the summer. 1 ft.

2270—**Rainbow Mixture.** A special mixture made up of the brightest colors.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 20c; Oz. 50c.

2272—ROSE CARDINAL 2276—LAVENDER

2274—FLESH PINK 2271—WHITE

Any color: Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 25c; Oz. 70c.

C270—**Collection.** One packet each of the 4 varieties for 30c (saving 10c).

2275—**Giant Hyacinth Flowered, White.**

Long heavy spikes of large flowers resembling a hyacinth. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 30c; Oz. 80c.

COLEUS

2511—**Harris Extra Fancy Mixture.** A new and much better Coleus of our own growing. Much larger leaves in many new and brighter colors. Especially good in shade and semi-shade. Pkt. 25c.



Double Clarkia

CENTAUREA

or Bachelor's Button

Cornflower, Ragged Sailor, Blue Bottle

Centaurea Cyanus. This new strain of double Cornflowers makes most excellent and satisfactory flowers for both the bouquet and garden, blossoming profusely until snow flies. The flowers are more double, of brighter clearer colors and with long graceful stems for cutting.

2320—**Harris' Special Color Mixture.** Extra fine. A special mixture we make of equal proportions of the different colors.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 20c; Oz. 50c.

2325—BLUE

2321—WHITE

2322—ROSE

2324—RUBY

Any color: Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 25c; Oz. 75c.

C230—**Collection.** One packet each of the four colors for 25c (regular value 40c).

2332—**Jubilee Gem.** A new low-growing vivid blue Bachelor's Button. An ideal flower for the foreground. Grows only 15 to 18 inches tall and starts blooming very early.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 35c; Oz. \$1.00.

Sweet Sultan (Centaurea Imperialis). Large delicately colored and exquisitely fringed flowers on long stems. Easy to grow from seed sowed outdoors and will give good results if sown early. 2 ft. tall. Splendid for bouquets.

2340—**Mixed Colors.** A well-balanced mixture.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 35c; Oz. \$1.00.



Crested Cockscomb

CLARKIA

Double. There are few plants more beautiful or graceful than Clarkia. The brilliant flowers, like small double roses, are arranged along the many graceful stems. They are so very pretty in both the garden and bouquets, and so easy to grow that you are missing a great deal of pleasure if you don't sow them. 2 ft.

2420—**Sunrise Mixture.** A mixture of pretty shades from white to scarlet.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 35c.

CYNOGLOSSUM

or "Chinese Forget-Me-Not"

2583—**Firmament (New).** This is the new more compact and improved strain that recently won All-America recognition. It is a very satisfactory bright deep-blue for your garden. The flowers are in sprays like "Forget-Me-Nots" on plants 18 inches tall. One of the easiest flowers to grow from seed sowed outdoors.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 50c; Oz. \$1.50.



Centaurea Cyanus Blue

COCKSCOMB

Dwarf Feathered Cockscomb

These two new varieties are exceptional. The large feathery plumes on 18-inch high plants are completely covered all summer.

2376—**Fire Feather.** The brightest red flowers we have ever seen. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 95c.

2377—**Golden Feather.** Bright golden yellow contrasting with the red. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 80c.

Tall Plumed Cockscomb

2370—**Mixed Colors.** Long, graceful feathery plumes ranging in color from intense red to bright yellow. Splendid to cut and mix in bouquets. 2 ft. tall.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 35c.

Crested Cockscomb

2380—**Variety Mixture.** The large showy heads of odd-shaped flowers look like immense rooster combs in bright colors on dwarf plants. 1 ft. tall.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 75c.

CHINESE WOOLFLOWER

2385—**Celosia Childsii, Mixed Colors.** Each branch is tipped with a large, round, woolly flower head lasting a long time on the plant or when cut for bouquets. The plants are well branched, $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. tall, and easy to grow in full sun.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 50c.



Cynoglossum, Firmament



Cosmos, Early Flowering Giant and Double Crested

NEW CALIFORNIA POPPY

2780—**Golden Nugget (Eschscholtzia).** A California Poppy we can recommend wholeheartedly for this latitude. The handsome saucer-shaped blossoms fully 3 inches across, are a brilliant golden-yellow. 1 ft. high.

Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 20c; Oz. 50c.

2785—**New Mixture.** An especially good mixture of the new erect growing Eschscholtzia.

Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 50c; Oz. \$1.50.

DIANTHUS

Double Annual Pinks

Few flowers can equal the annual Dianthus in profusion and long season of bloom. They are most easily grown in most any soil and in most any location and produce a brilliant display from July to snow fly. The neat, low-growing plants are ideal for a low border. 1 ft.

2670—**Mixed Colors.** A mixture of all colors ranging from rich crimson to delicate pink.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; ¼ Oz. 40c.

2672—**New Salmon Shades.** A new variety of our own growing. Large, carnation-like double flowers from dark to light salmon.

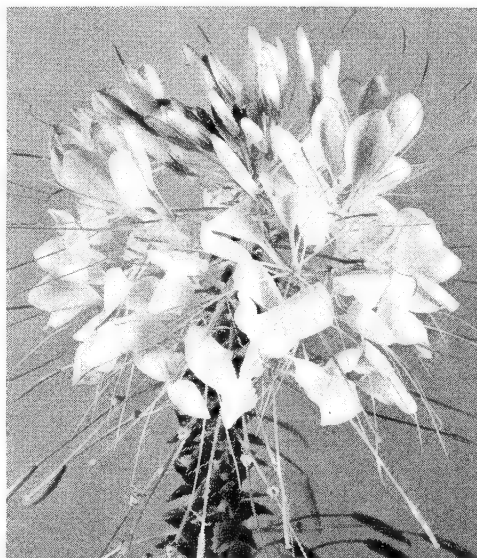
Pkt. 25c.

DAHLIA SEED

Raising Dahlias from seed is both interesting and satisfactory. The marvelous new varieties are selected out of mixed varieties raised from seed. See what you can find. Seed started very early indoors will usually bloom the first year. Tubers can then be stored over winter.

2606—**Unwin's Dwarf Hybrids (New).** An entirely new race growing 18 to 24 inches high, single and semi-double and in a wide range of colors. Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; ¼ Oz. 75c.

2607—**Extra Choice Double.** Comprises the best types and colors of tall Double Dahlias in existence. Pkt. 25c; ½ Oz. 95c.



"Pink Queen" Giant Cleome

A New Dahlia for Cutting VOSSBERG'S HYBRIDS

2605—**Meadowbrook Strain.** Here is a new Harris Dahlia easy to grow from seed and ideal for cutting. The large single and crested long-stemmed flowers are on rapidly growing vigorous plants 3 to 4 ft. tall; just right for your garden and bouquets. The color range is superior, including many new pink, salmon, and apricot shades. And most important—this strain has been especially bred for its long-keeping quality when cut. Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 40c; ½ Oz. \$1.00.

"I want to thank you for the packet of Dianthus you sent me last spring. They were beautiful and a gorgeous mass of bloom all summer until late fall."

Madge A. Devans, Plattsburg, N. Y.

COSMOS

New Mammoth Early Cosmos

2465—**Sensation Mixture.** A mixture of the pink and white as well as including the new red Sensation. This is, by far, the best strain of Cosmos you can sow, especially if you want to cut the flowers for bouquets. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 15c; ¼ Oz. 30c; Oz. 85c.

2467—**Sensation Pinkie.** The largest, earliest and brightest pink Cosmos in existence. The gigantic bright pink flowers often measure 4 inches across. Blooming early from seed sown outdoors it is the best for northern climates. 4 ft. tall. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 35c.

2466—**Sensation Purity.** A new mammoth-flowered pure white companion to go with Pinkie. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 35c.

2468—**Sensation Red.** We believe we have a better red Cosmos of the early-flowering Sensation family. In our field the flowers were very large and all of a bright deep red color. They flowered very early on large vigorous plants. It is well worth your trial. Pkt. 20c.

New Orange Cosmos

2475—The best bright orange annual flower for backgrounds. Flowers early and easy to grow. 3 ft. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 30c.

Early Flowering Giant Cosmos

For a pleasing display in your garden and an almost unlimited supply of fascinating cut-flowers, and at the same time Cosmos you know will bloom, we most enthusiastically recommend to you this improved strain.

2450—**Variety Mixture.** A well balanced mixture of white, pink and red. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 15c; ¼ Oz. 25c; Oz. 50c.

Early Double Crested Cosmos

2460—**Mixed Colors.** A very interesting and truly exquisite type of Cosmos. The flowers vary from large single to single with a crested or tufted center, and to fully double flowers. Blooms a little later and the seed should be sown earlier. Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 40c; ¼ Oz. 75c.

NEW GIANT CLEOME

A 1942 All-America Silver Medal Winner

2416—**Pink Queen.** A new color in this once popular old-fashioned flower. Pink Queen is destined to be seen in most every garden in the near future.—It is so easy to grow, continually in bloom, and such a pleasing bright pink. 3 to 5 feet. Pkt. 25c; ¼ Oz. \$1.50.



New Dahlias for cutting, Vossberg's Hybrids



Double Annual Gaillardia

GAILLARDIA

Blanket Flower. The attractive double yellow, red and white flowers make a brilliant show of color in the garden and vase. 18 inches.

2900—**Mixed Colors.** A mixture of all the double colors in well balanced proportions.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 15c; ¼ Oz. 25c; Oz. 90c.

GYPSOPHILA

2992—**Elegans Alba.** The sprays of white Baby's Breath are almost indispensable for bouquets in the house, to give them that exquisite delicacy and daintiness that most all flowers need. Sow every two or three weeks in order to have a succession of bloom. 15 to 20 inches.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 30c; Oz. 45c.



Annual Gypsophila or Baby's Breath, the new Covent Garden Strain

HELIOTROPE

3133—**Giant Blue Shades.** Because of its delightful fragrance and long duration of bloom, everyone loves Heliotrope. The large heads are in various shades of blue. 2-3 ft.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; ¼ Oz. 75c.



Heliotrope, Giant Blue

HELICHRYSUM

Strawflowers. A flower that is impressive in the garden and its beauty can be brought into the house during the winter. 3 ft.

3070—**Mixed Colors.** A special mixture carefully made of the most brilliant colors.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 30c.

NEW ANNUAL HOLLYHOCK

(1939 All-America Silver Medal Winner)

3127—**Indian Spring.** A beautiful Hollyhock flowering the first summer from seed sown early in the spring. The flowers are fringed, and the color bright pink and looks just like the hardy perennial Hollyhock.

Pkt. 15c; ¼ Oz. 65c.

LAVATERA

3280—**Loveliness** (Mallow). The most beautiful large, bright clear pink blossoms all summer. Every year we become more pleased with this variety of Lavatera. The color is so pleasing and, with us, they bloom through a long season. 2 ft.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 40c.



Lavatera, Loveliness

MIGNONETTE

3429—**Common Sweet Scented.** No other flower will give the garden such a delightful fragrance during the hot summer. 1 ft.

Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 20c; Oz. 30c.

INSECTS AND DISEASES In your Flower Garden

We feel, from our own experience, that the following two sprays will control most all your insect pests and the usual plant diseases.

PYROTE. An ideal spray for killing both sucking and chewing insects. It is an easy to use combination of pyrethrum and rotenone, not poisonous to animals or humans.

1 Oz. (makes 3 to 6 gal. solution) \$.35 postpaid

5 Oz. (makes 15 to 30 gal. sol.) \$1.00 postpaid

BORDEAUX MIXTURE. The standard fungicide for combatting rust, mildew, blight, etc. on all kinds of plants. Consistent spraying will prevent these foliage diseases.

1 lb. bag (makes 6 gal. sol.) \$.40 postpaid

4 lb. bag (makes 25 gal. sol.) \$.95 postpaid

For other recommended Sprays, See page 87.

GARDEN SPRAYERS

HAYES-ETTE SPRAYER. Uses all liquid sprays. Simply attach it to your garden hose and press the button. Very light weight and easy to use. \$.3.10 postpaid.

HARCO SPRAYER. A small, efficient 1 quart sprayer for liquids. Quick and easy to handle. For house plants and small gardens. \$2.45 postpaid. Complete descriptions on page 87.



New Annual Hollyhock, Indian Spring

MYOSOTIS or Forget-me-not

So welcome in the early spring, particularly in a shady location and among the shrubbery. If the seed is sowed this summer they will start flowering next spring and continue to resow themselves.

3493—**Royal Blue.** A good upright growing bright blue of our own growing.

Pkt. 15c; ¼ Oz. \$1.00.

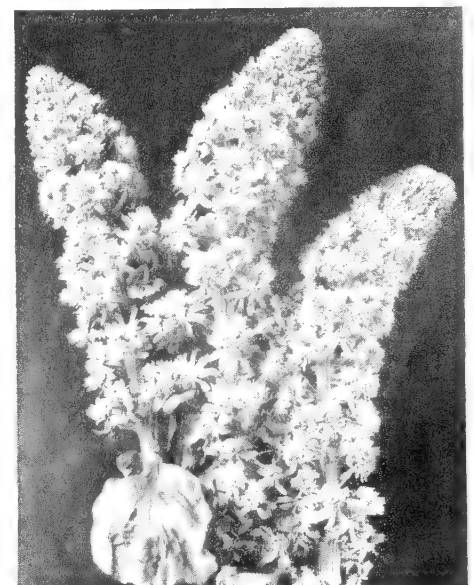
3490—**Mixed Colors.** A mixture of blue, pink and white.

Pkt. 15c; ¼ Oz. 75c.

FERTILIZER For Your Flower Garden

We recommend "**Chargro**," a charcoal base, high analysis, non-leeching, well balanced plant food. It is easy to apply, long lasting, and the most economical to use. No other fertilizer can give you such good value.

5 Lbs. 55c prepaid. Not prepaid: 10 lbs. 75c; 25 Lbs. \$1.25. See page 86.



Mignonette

Tall Growing MARIGOLDS Large Flowering

The earliest blooming and largest flowered kinds, growing 2 to 3½ feet tall. We had an excellent display of flowers this summer on all varieties from seed sowed outdoors in May.



Guinea Gold Marigold

EARLY SUNSHINE

3428—A beautiful type of Chrysanthemum-like flower in bright lemon-yellow, and early enough for Northern gardens. The blooms are 2 to 2½ inches in diameter and the plants 1½ to 2 feet tall. It's decidedly different.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 60c.

LIMELIGHT

3412—A new chrysanthemum-flowered type. The color is a most pleasing very light primrose-yellow. It has in its favor, color, earliness, uniformity, and good stems for cutting.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 60c.



New Early Sunshine

RED and GOLD HYBRIDS

3413—The most brilliantly colored Marigolds in existence. Some of the large flowers are solidly colored bright mahogany-red while others vary from almost pure gold through every imaginable combination of red, brown, and gold. As the season advances the reds become more intense. The plants grow 18 to 24 inches tall and the flowers are 2 to 3 inches across. When thinning out seedlings, remember that those with dark stems have the reddest flowers.

Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 40c; ¼ Oz. \$2.00.

SUNSET GIANTS

Largest Marigold in Existence

3407—**Mixed Colors.** You've probably admired this recent introduction in the garden of a friend. Because of its broad, beautifully shaped petals and delicately sweet fragrance, it is an outstanding favorite. Colors ranging from lemon yellow to rich, golden orange. Since this is a new development there is an interesting variation in the types and sizes of the flowers. Grows 3 to 4 ft. tall.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 60c.

TALL AFRICAN DOUBLE MARIGOLDS

The tallest (3½-4 ft.) longest stemmed Marigolds. The flowers are immense, round, tight-petalled balls. They are later flowering and should be started indoors for northern gardens.

3400—**Mixed Colors.** Both yellow and orange.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 60c; Oz. \$2.00.

3404—**Orange**

3405—**Lemon**

Either color: Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; ¼ Oz. 75c.

"The Royalty Petunias far exceeded any I have ever raised, and I've tried many different kinds. They started to bloom early and kept it up all summer and until very late into the fall, and were greatly admired by everyone who saw them."

Miss Effie L. Clemons, Marblehead, Ohio.

Early Blooming MARIGOLDS Free-Flowering

GUINEA GOLD

3427—A new earlier strain of that most satisfactory brilliant golden orange. The long-stemmed flowers are large, with loose wide petals. This has been the most dependable tall Marigold. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 50c; Oz. \$1.50.

YELLOW SUPREME

3426—A medium tall bright-yellow with huge fluffy flowers of the same beautiful type as Guinea Gold. The flowers do not have the usual Marigold color. Early flowering and a splendid companion to sow together with Guinea Gold.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 50c; Oz. \$1.50.

BURPEE GOLD

3423—**Odorless foliage.** Of the same handsome color and type as Guinea Gold, but with odorless foliage. Could well be called an "Odorless Guinea Gold."

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 50c; Oz. \$1.50.

A NEW SPECIAL MIXTURE

3424—**Golden Supreme Mixture.** Here is an exceptionally fine mixture we make by using equal amounts of Yellow Supreme and Guinea Gold. Lots of flowers with long stems.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 15c; ¼ Oz. 35c; Oz. \$1.00.

GOLDEN GLOW MARIGOLD

3409—Odorless foliage, and a distinct form of flower which is very well shown in the accompanying photograph. The bright golden yellow flowers were over 2 inches across and borne in clusters of 5 to 8 on each stem. The plants 2 to 2½ feet tall. We like it.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 60c.

CROWN OF GOLD

3406—Odorless foliage and one of the earliest to flower. Bright orange globe-shaped flowers about 2 in. across on plants 2 feet tall.

Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 30c.

"Your Royalty Petunias were beautiful last summer and even better than described in your catalog."

A. H. Hutchinson, New Brighton, Penna.



Tall African Double Marigolds

The Newest DWARF DOUBLE MARIGOLDS

The low-growing Marigolds are earlier flowering and have so many uses in every garden. Clustered in the foreground of beds, along the house or driveway, wherever there is full sunlight. And they are excellent for low bouquets and vases.



New Dwarf Marigold, "Melody"

MELODY

(All-America Winner for 1942)

3419—The new dwarf double Marigold we have been looking for. The compact, bushy little plants are uniformly about 12 inches tall and in continuous bloom profusely all summer. The flowers are about 1½ inches across, fully double, and of a beautiful brilliant clear orange. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 55c.

"SUNKIST", the new 1943 All-America winner is described on page 52.



"Spotlight" Marigold. The flowers of "Spry" are about the same, but the plant is lower growing.

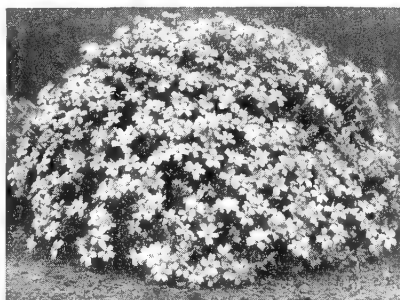
HARMONY HYBRIDS

3415—**Mixed Colors.** Destined to be the most popular dwarf Marigold. The plants have the same uniform compactness of Harmony, and the same brilliant large double flowers. The difference is that almost every plant has a different combination of maroon and gold. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 55c; Oz. \$1.50.

SPRY

(All-America Winner for 1941)

3416—Lilliput plants about 9 in. tall starting to bloom in only 9 weeks from seed. The crested center of bright yellow is surrounded by rows of mahogany-red guard petals. Recommended for its earliness and complete satisfaction. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 60c; Oz. \$2.00.



Dwarf Scotch Marigold, Little Giant

SPOTLIGHT

(All-America Winner for 1940)

3411—A new variety of the same excellent characteristics as Harmony, except the flowers are more brilliant. The centers are larger, clearer yellow, with the mahogany border more distinct. We considered this one of the very best new Marigolds. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 60c; Oz. \$1.50.

HARMONY MARIGOLD

3422—This has been a truly wonderful Marigold. Each bushy plant is only one foot tall, and, from early in the summer until late fall, it is a mass of large, bright, full-double flowers. The center of each flower is a brilliant golden yellow bordered with a deep mahogany brown. Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 40c; Oz. \$1.25.

"I was so pleased with the Marigolds I secured from you last season that I desire to order more for this season."

Mrs. R. L. Lovelace, Worcester, Mass.



New Pygmy Marigold

PYGYM

3414—The lowest growing Marigold and one we feel is sure to become popular. The 6-inch tall plant is first in bloom and all summer smothered with double, bright yellow flowers 1 to 1½ inches across, each on a stem 4 to 6 inches long. Very fine for edging or rock gardens. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 55c; Oz. \$1.70.

DWARF SCOTCH MARIGOLD

3421—**Little Giant (New).** A more compact growing type of the popular Dwarf Scotch. The plants of this variety do not split apart but remain neat and attractive all summer and fall. Grows only about 10-14 inches tall and is a continued mass of little single golden-yellow flowers. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 60c; Oz. \$2.00.

SCARLET GLOW

(All-America Winner for 1941)

3417—The brightest of all low-growing double French Marigolds. Fully double 2-in. flowers opening a deep scarlet and turning to rich tangerine. Blooms very early. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 60c.



"Orange Blossom" Nicotiana

A New Harris-Grown White Flower Every Garden Needs More Continuous-Flowering White Flowers

TALL NICOTIANA

Flowering Tobacco. At last Nicotiana is becoming recognized as one of the most satisfactory annual flowers. It is such a mass of flowers throughout such a long season in almost any situation, particularly during hot dry weather. During periods of severe drought and in hot dry locations where all other flowers failed, we have seen Nicotiana flourishing beautifully. 4 ft.

3670—**New Hybrids Mixed.** A mixture of tall kinds in shades of white, pink and deep red. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 35c.

3671—**Affinis.** Fragrant pure white. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 30c.

ORANGE BLOSSOM NICOTIANA

3675—**Suaveolens.** This new low-growing Nicotiana or Flowering Tobacco will be the most pleasing flower in your garden. It makes a neat growth with smooth green leaves close to the ground, and doesn't seem to be troubled by insects or diseases. All summer long the plants continue to send up 20 to 24-inch straight wiry slender stems surmounted by sprays of tubular pure white flowers, each about 2 or 3 inches long and one inch across. We have never seen any plant more constantly in bloom. Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 50c.



3700—Harris' Special Early Market Pansies. Pkt. 25c.

THE NEW SWISS GIANT PANSIES

3705—**Magnificent Mixture.** If you really want extraordinary Pansies, by all means sow these New Swiss Giants. They are, without exception, the most gorgeous Pansies we have ever seen. They are of immense size, thick velvety texture, and the colors include many of the deep red and brown shades. Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 50c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. \$1.35; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$2.25.

MAPLE LEAF GIANT PANSIES

3703—**Mixed Colors.** The largest Pansies known to exist. Under the best cultivation they have been produced 4 and 5 inches across in a bright range of colors. The stems are long and the plants extremely vigorous. Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 50c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. \$1.50; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$2.75.

VIOLA or TUFTED PANSIES

Although the flowers are not as large as Pansies, they bloom more profusely and continue even during hot weather.

3760—**Mixed Colors.** Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 35c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. 85c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.50.

3761—**White Perfection** 3763—**Lutea** (Yellow)

3762—**Chantryland** (Apricot) 3764—**Blue Perfection**

Either color: Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. \$1.00.

NEW HARRIS-GROWN PANSIES

3700—**Early Market Mixture.** Here is a new strain of large-flowered Pansies in an unusually bright and pleasing range of colors. They start flowering very early and continue throughout the entire summer. The plants remain low-growing and very compact, with the flowers held straight up above the plant. Excellent for picking.

Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 45c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. \$1.15; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$2.00.

SEPARATE COLORS OF GIANT PANSIES

3735—**White Swiss** (Harris-Grown). Large, pure, creamy white flowers on very compact plants. In our field they continued to bloom all summer and the plants remained very compact. Pkt. 30c; Lg. Pkt. 60c.

3736—**Porcelain Blue** (Harris-Grown). A new color of unusual beauty and delicacy. They are a clear, light blue with brighter blue blotches. The low, compact plants were in full bloom from May until November and the plants were never long or floppy. Pkt. 30c; Lg. Pkt. 60c.

3738—**Blue Swiss.** Large dark purple blue. Pkt. 30c.

3739—**Red Swiss.** Immense deep mahogany. Pkt. 30c.

PHLOX

Grandiflora. For gorgeous masses of the most vivid colors all summer, there are no flowers to take their place. In sunny situations they start blooming in early summer and continue into late fall. 15 to 18 inches high.

3860—**Mixed Colors.** A well balanced mixture of the most brilliant colors.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 75c; Oz. \$2.50.

SHIRLEY POPPIES

There are no flowers with such delicate and harmonious colorings and at the same time as easy to grow. They may be sown in rows, in clusters, or broadcast among other flowers, or in out-of-the-way places. 2-3 ft.

3900—**Harris' Eldorado Mixture.** An especially fine mixture containing double, semi-double and single flowers. Many of the flowers are ruffled and in all delightful shades of pink, salmon rose and scarlet.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 25c; Oz. 75c.

3903—**Sweet Briar** (New). A new double Shirley of enchanting wild-rose pink.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 30c.



Harris' Eldorado Shirley Poppies



Bedding Phlox

SCABIOSA

There is no tall-growing annual flower nicer for late summer and fall bouquets.

They have such long graceful stems and last so long when cut, and are so easy to grow from seed sown outdoors in the spring. 3 ft.

4650—**Variety Mixture.** An unsurpassed mixture of the six varieties named below.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 25c; Oz. 75c.

4654—**Blue Cockade.** Clear azure blue.

4648—**Shasta.** Large pure white.

4659—**Fire King.** Bright scarlet.

4647—**Loveliness.** Large light pink.

Any color: Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 40c.

C460—**Collection.** One packet each of the four colors named above for 30c.

New Giant Scabiosa

4655—**Blue Moon.** Not only is the color a deeper, clearer shade of blue, but the flowers are larger and without the old-fashioned "pin-cushion" center. Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 85c.

4646—**Rosette.** A recent introduction with larger flowers of a new and brighter shade of rosy-red. Like Blue Moon, the center is well filled with the broad petals. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 55c.

4649—**Salmon Beauty.** Another new color in the new giant-flowered family. The beautiful shade of salmon-pink is a color very much desired for bouquets. See color photograph on page 58. Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 60c.



Heavenly Blue Dwarf Scabiosa

Dwarf Scabiosa

4643—**Heavenly Blue.** It grows uniformly about 18 inches tall, blooms earlier than the tall varieties from seed sowed outdoors and is a pleasing shade of light blue.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 85c.

4641—**Peace.** A new white with the same ideal characteristics as Heavenly Blue, and a splendid companion to sow with it. They are both excellent to cut as well as ideal in the garden.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 85c.

4640—**Dwarf Mixture.** A new mixture of our own growing, including many different colors of the new long-growing Scabiosa. 12 to 18 inches tall and early flowering.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 60c.

Harris' Olympian Scabiosa

Much larger flowers, longer and stronger stems, taller and more vigorous plants, being far superior to the ordinary Scabiosa.

4660—**Spectrum Mixture.** A blending of every imaginable color, many of them never before seen in Scabiosa. Tones of orchid, crushed strawberry, royal purple, and pink.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 70c; Oz. \$2.00.



Large Flowering Emperor Salpiglossis

SALPIGLOSSIS

The Prettiest Flower in the Garden. It is impossible to describe the exquisite charm of a mass of Salpiglossis. The deep velvety trumpet-shaped flowers with their delicate gold penciling defy description. The slender upright plants are 3 ft. high and when planted throughout the border add a certain charm and delicacy.

Salpiglossis Grows Easily from Seed if you don't sow until the soil is warm (after May 15) and don't cover the seed with soil. Simply cover it with a shade until the seed starts to sprout.

4500—**Large-Flowering Emperor Mixture.**

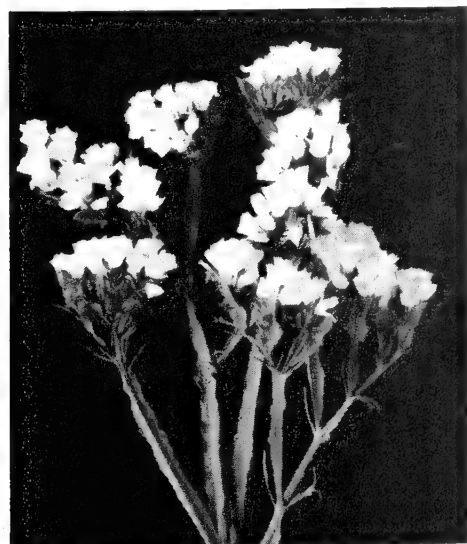
Every imaginable shade with gold veinings.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 50c.

STATICE

Sinuata. One of the prettiest of the various "Everlastings." Their long sprays of bright-colored paper-like flowers are just as decorative in the garden as they are in the winter. 2 ft.

6170—**Regal Mixture.** A mixture of all different shades. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 20c; Oz. 40c.



Statice Sinuata



Salvia Farinacea, Blue Bedder

HARRIS-GROWN SALVIA

Salvia Farinacea

The Graceful Blue Salvia

4603—**Blue Bedder.** At last we have been able to grow our own seed of this new blue Salvia. The long graceful spikes are a most attractive shade of light blue, and the long stems make it ideal for cutting. The 2-ft. tall plants are grown in the same way as the scarlet Salvia and continue flowering until almost snow-time.

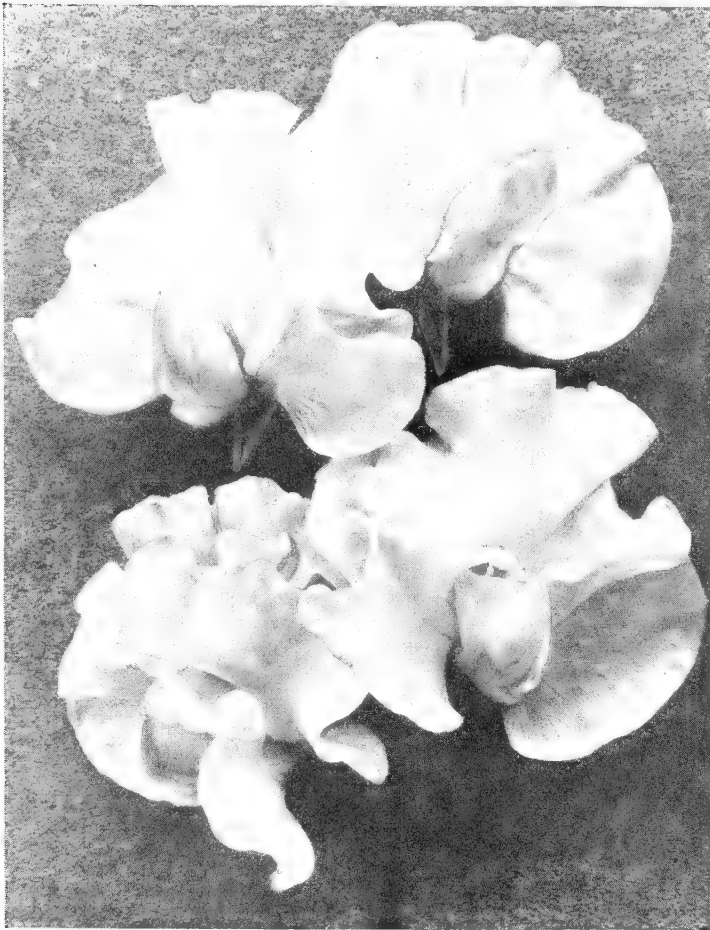
Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.00.

4600—**Harris' Special Bonfire.** This special strain of Salvia is of our own development and introduction. The seed being constantly grown in the north makes it more suitable for northern latitudes. It grows about 2 ft. tall and is more uniform than any other we have seen. Also the spikes of bright scarlet flowers are larger and longer.

Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 35c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. 75c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.25.



Harris' Special Bonfire



7600—New Ruffled Sweet Peas, Mixed Colors, Pkt. 10c.

NEW RUFFLED SWEET PEAS Large Ruffled Flowers in New Colors

7600—**Mixed Colors.** A new type of Sweet Pea with immense ruffled flowers and duplexed or double standards. We are now able to have them in a mixture of many new colors. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; ¼ Lb. 75c.

THREE NEW SPRING-FLOWERING SWEET PEAS

These new varieties are the beginning of an entirely new and distinct family, decidedly worth-while to the home gardener. They bloom earlier than the regular Spencer, and are bred for heat resistance and freedom of bloom. In our plantings they "out-perform" all others.

	Pkt.	½ Oz.	Oz.
7110— Mixed Colors. A mixture of these new large-flowering, heat-resistant varieties.....	\$.20	\$.50	\$.85
7111— White. Long stemmed vigorous pure white...	.25	.75	1.25
7112— Clear Pink. An attractive shade of soft pink	.20	.60	1.00
7113— Rose Pink. A clear, bright pink on white.	.20	.45	.75
7114— Lavender. Large clear light lavender.....	.20	.45	.75
7115— Blue. A beautiful marine blue.....	.20	.45	.75

HARRIS "Sure-To-Bloom" STOCKS

Just imagine! Stocks actually flowering all summer from seed sowed outdoors about May 15th. In the last four years we have had *every plant* of these new Stocks flowering in a few weeks after the seed was sown, and continue until freezing weather. As the summer advances, the flowers are more plentiful and the stems longer. The plants are of branching habit, eventually growing to about 18 inches high, with a large percentage of large, double flowers. For the best results do not sow Stocks in very rich soil, and they need the full sunlight.

6020—**Harris' Variety Mixture.** A mixture especially made up of equal amounts of all the colors named. Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; ¼ Oz. 65c.

6023—Red	6025—Blue	6021—White	6026—Yellow
6024—Azure	6027—Rose	6022—Pink	

Any color: Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 40c; ¼ Oz. 85c.

C602—Collection of one regular packet each of the seven colors for 85c.

SWEET PEAS

NEW SPENCER OR SUMMER-FLOWERING VARIETIES

- 7501—**Gigantic.** The best large frilled glistening white.
 7502—**Pinkie.** Is still the largest and finest bright rose-pink.
 7507—**Welcome.** The most vivid, dazzling, sun-proof scarlet.
 7515—**Amethyst.** A beautiful clear light blue on long stems.
 7508—**Pirate Gold.** An immense bright golden orange.
 7509—**Red Boy.** The best deep rich crimson.
 7510—**King Lavender.** A new and better clear lavender.
 7503—**Ecstasy.** A beautiful large clear blush pink.
 7504—**Mastercream.** Immense deep cream colored flowers.

Price of any of the colors: Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 25c; Oz. 40c; ¼ Lb. \$1.20.

C750—**New Spencer Collection** of one regular packet each of the nine kinds for 70c (saving you 20c).

7550—**Superb Spencer Mixture.** A splendid mixture of all excellent varieties in a wonderful range of colors. This is truly an exceptionally fine mixture. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 20c; ¼ Lb. 60c; Lb. \$2.00.

New Spencer Varieties Mixed

7675—**Harris' Special Mixture.** An unsurpassed mixture of all the nine kinds described above. They are carefully mixed to give the finest possible blending of colors. You *know* just what varieties and colors you will get. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 25c; ¼ Lb. 75c.

EARLY FLOWERING SWEET PEAS

When sown at the same time as Spencer Sweet Peas they will commence blooming ten days to two weeks earlier. By sowing them in combination with Spencers you will have a longer flowering season. The following nine varieties proved to be the finest in our testing garden.

- 7001—**Hope.** A large long-stemmed black-seeded pure white.
 7003—**Pride.** Especially large flowers of an even shade of deep cerise.
 7004—**Boon.** Rich even salmony rose-pink of large size and long stems.
 7011—**Star.** The best deep clear rose-pink.
 7007—**Mrs. Herbert Hoover.** A medium deep blue of good size and extra long stems.
 7014—**Mars.** The best large sunproof deep blood-red.
 7015—**Bridesmaid.** Silvery-pink on cream ground. Extra large.
 7013—**Mariner.** A large flowered vigorous growing dark blue.
 7012—**Memory.** The largest and best clear lavender-blue.
 Any color: Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 35c; Oz. 60c.

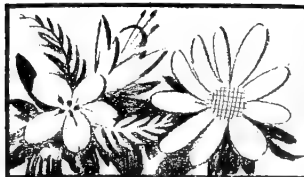
C700—**Early Flowering Collection** of one regular packet each of the nine varieties above for 70c (saving you 20c).

Early Flowering Sweet Pea Mixture

7050—An exceptionally well blended mixture of all the best varieties. Pkt. 10c; ½ Oz. 20c; Oz. 35c; ¼ Lb. \$1.00.



A typical plant of Harris "Sure-to-Bloom" Stocks dug in early August.



OTHER GOOD FLOWERS

We are pleased to recommend



2184—**BROWALLIA Elata, Blue.** Neat little bushy plants 12 to 18 inches high and completely bedecked with flowers of intense indigo blue. For borders and boxes. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c.

2210—**CALLIOPSIS, Tall Mixture.** Here is an especially good mixture of those very showy mid-summer flowering yellow and brown long-stemmed, easily grown flowers. Likes full sunlight. 2 ft. tall. Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 25c.

2315—**CARDINAL CLIMBER.** A pretty fine-leaved vine dotted with bright cardinal-red flowers all summer. Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 40c.

2572—**COBAEA SCANDENS (Cathedral Bells).** Grows very rapidly, making a thick mass of foliage. Bell-shaped bluish flowers. Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 40c.

2746—**DIDISCUS, Queen Anne's Lace Flower.** Each branch ends in an umbrella-like spread of the most exquisite shade of sky-blue flowers. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; ¼ Oz. 50c.

2730—**DIMORPHTHECA, African Golden Daisy.** New Mixture. The brilliant single flowers actually glisten in the sunlight all through the summer. 1 ft. Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 45c.

2950—**GODETIA, Dwarf Single Mixed Colors (Satin Flower).** The large Azalea-like flowers are among the brightest colored combinations of red, pink and white. The bushy plants are about 15 inches tall. Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 40c.

3178—**HONESTY (Lunaria Biennis).** Also called "Money." The flat silvery white seed pods are most attractive when used with other flowers. Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 35c.

3300—**LOBELIA, Crystal Palace Compacta.** A very compact variety with a mass of pretty little dark blue flowers and dark foliage all summer. 5 in. Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 35c; ½ Oz. 60c.

3301—**LOBELIA, Cambridge Blue.** Compact small plants with graceful light green foliage and clear light-blue flowers. Pkt. 20c; ½ Oz. 75c.

3302—**LOBELIA, Bedding Queen.** The most dwarf plant with medium dark foliage. The good sized flowers are dark blue with white eye. Pkt. 20c; ½ Oz. 65c.

3315—**ANNUAL LUPINS, Mixed Colors.** White, blue and lilac. Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 35c; Oz. \$1.00.

3190—**KOCHIA, Summer Cypress.** Dense bushes with feathery light-green foliage. A splendid hedge. 2 ft. tall. Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 15c; Oz. 40c.

3380—**MARVEL OF PERU (Four O'Clock)** Mixed Colors. An old-fashioned flower useful to grow by the side of walls and fences, or as borders. 2 ft. tall. Pkt. 10c; Oz. 50c.

3650—**NEMESIA, Triumph Mixture.** The flowers are like miniature orchids, thickly massed on little bushy plants only 1 ft. high. Prefers cool weather. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c.

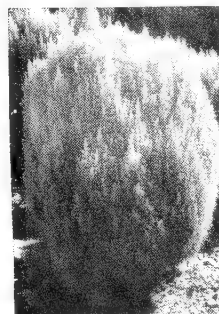
3664—**NIEREMBERGIA, Purple Robe.** One of the outstanding new flowers. The plants are very compact and low growing, suitable for edging, rockeries, etc. From mid-summer until frost they are almost completely covered with bright, lavender-blue cup-shaped flowers. Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 50c.

4686—**SANVITALIA (Trailing Zinnia).** For masses all summer of bright yellow in low beds, borders, or rockeries, sow this very easily grown trailing plant. Resembles tiny Zinnias. Pkt. 10c.

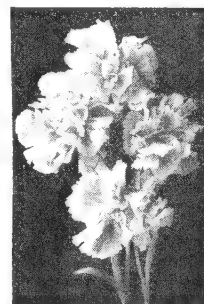
4638—**SCHIZANTHUS (Butterfly Flower).** A quick growing plant only 1 ft. tall almost completely covered with small butterfly-like flowers in all colors and combinations of white, pink, and purple. Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 45c.

5192—**SNOW-ON-THE-MOUNTAIN (Euphorbia Variegated).** Bright green foliage margined white. To cut for mixing in bouquets. (Poisonous to some people.) 3 ft. Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 25c; Oz. 70c.

7940—**THUNBERGIA, Black-Eyed Susan.** A small, easily grown vine having yellow and creamy-white flowers with black centers or "eyes." Grows very rapidly from seed. Usually used in porch vases, window boxes, etc. Pkt. 15c; ¼ Oz. 75c.



Kochia



Godetia



Honesty

NEW FLOWER SEED MIXTURES

For Sowing Broadcast

If you have no particular planting plan in mind, and simply want a lot of flowers at very low cost, why not sow our Flowers for the Wild Garden.

We have two mixtures, both especially made up to give you genuine

Culture. It is only necessary to stir up the soil, mix in the fertilizer and rake it smooth.

Then scatter the seed (one ounce on about 100 square feet) and lightly rake it over again.

TALL GROWING MIXTURE

8392—Ten kinds growing about 3 ft. tall and good for cutting as well as a riot of color. Includes such kinds as Larkspur, Zinnias, Lupins, etc. Price: Pkt. 5c; ½ Oz. 15c; Oz. 25c; ¼ Lb. 85c.

NATURALIZING MIXTURE

8395—A new and quite different mixture to sow in vacant lots, meadows, and unsightly spots where you want the flowers to continue year after year.

This mixture is very carefully made up of at least 20 varieties of both annual and perennial flowers that self-sow each year, thus perpetuating themselves without further effort on your part.

No packets. Oz. 30c; ¼ Lb. 95c; Lb. \$3.00.

satisfaction. The same good seed is used as is offered throughout the catalog. Each mixture is blended into a good range of colors and to continue blooming from early summer until late fall. All varieties are fast germinating, upright in growth and excellent to cut for bouquets.

SURPRISE GARDEN MIXTURE

8390—An interesting mixture of flowers for sowing broadcast in any location when you simply want to be sure of a riot of color, irrespective of height. The advantage of this mixture is the fact it contains so many kinds, some will surely grow in every spot. Over 35 different annual flowers. All good kinds and all seed of high germination, thoroughly mixed and well balanced.

No packets. Oz. 25c; ¼ Lb. 80c; Lb. \$2.50.

DWARF GROWING MIXTURE

8387—Ten excellent kinds 10 to 18 inches tall and all good for bouquets. Includes such flowers as Pompon Zinnia, Harmony Marigolds, Clarkia, etc. Price: Pkt. 5c; ½ Oz. 15c; Oz. 25c; ¼ Lb. 85c.

"Your Giant Two-Tone Zinnias in pastel colors have been amazing and have excited much delighted comment. I have given your address to many."

Mrs. J. G. K. McClure, Jr., Fairview, N. C.

"Your Pinkie Zinnias with Swanley Blue Ageratum and Baby's Breath made as pretty a combination as I have ever seen." Mrs. Fern Fearn, Hastings, Nebr.



PLANTS OF ANNUAL FLOWERS



These plants are all started in the greenhouse, transplanted with plenty of space, well "hardened" in cold frames, and so carefully packed they will reach you in good condition at the proper time for planting.

READ SHIPPING INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

Shipping Date. Annual plants can not be shipped until *after May 10th*. You may specify a special shipping date on your order. **No Less Than 12 Plants** of a kind will be shipped. **No Plants Sent C.O.D.**

NOTE: Plants at the price quoted per 100 are not postpaid. You may add 30c per 100 and have them shipped prepaid. Otherwise they will be shipped "transportation charges collect." Four or more lots of 25 each can be ordered at the 100 rate.

Quick Service. Your plants may be sent by "Special Handling" for a slight additional cost, as follows: *12 to 50 plants, 10c; 50 to 200 plants, 15c.*

No plants mailed west of Indiana or south of Virginia except at purchaser's risk and for extra postage.

ASTERS—SPECIAL MIXTURE. An equal number of plants each of Wilt-Resistant American Branching White, Pink, Azure, and Purple. Mixed together and not separately labeled. 50c per doz.; 90c per 25 postpaid; \$2.90 per 100 *not* postpaid.

DAHLIAS—NEW VOSSBERG'S HYBRIDS. Mixed Colors. Seedlings that will bloom this summer. 60c per doz.; \$1.10 per 25 postpaid; \$3.80 per 100 *not* postpaid.

NICOTIANA—SUAVEOLENS, Orange Blossom. 70c per doz.; \$1.25 per 25 postpaid; \$4.30 per 100 *not* postpaid.

POTTED PETUNIA PLANTS

New This Spring.—We are growing the following two kinds of Petunias in the new **Fertil-Pots**. You set out these plants together with the fertilized pots they are growing in when you receive them. In this way you can be *sure* of success—you just can't lose.

HARRIS' PARAMOUNT RUFFLED GIANTS, Mixed Colors.

Immense ruffled flowers on low-growing plants and in a wide variety of colors.

NEW ALL-DOUBLE, Mixed Colors.

Every plant will have double flowers. We cannot supply them in separate colors.

Price: Either variety—6 plants for \$1.00; \$1.75 per doz. postpaid; 25 for \$2.50 by express, *not* prepaid. (No orders for less than 6 plants will be accepted.)

PETUNIAS—Giant Varieties:

No less than 12 plants of any one variety.

Harris' Paramount Ruffled Giants

Fringed Theodosia (Pink)

Harris' Purple Prince

Giant Snowstorm

Harris' New Royalty

70c per doz.; \$1.25 per 25 postpaid;

\$4.30 per 100 *not* postpaid.

Single-Flowered Bedding Petunias

No less than 12 plants of any one variety.

Celestial Rose	Dark Purple	Snowball
Glow	Heavenly Blue	

60c per doz.; \$1.10 per 25 postpaid;

\$3.80 per 100 *not* postpaid.

Special 4-Color Mixture.

An equal number of plants each of Harris-Grown Snowball, Dark Purple, Celestial Rose, and Heavenly Blue. Mixed together, but not separately labeled.

55c per doz.; \$1.00 per 25 postpaid;

\$3.40 per 100 *not* postpaid.

SPECIAL—RED, WHITE and BLUE

One doz. each of Red (*Glow*), White (*Snowball*) and Blue (*Dark Purple*) low-growing single bedding Petunias, each doz. separately labeled. The 36 plants for only **\$1.75 postpaid.**

Simply order "Petunia Plant Special."



Showing how your plants are packed for mailing. They carry perfectly in these especially constructed baskets.

SALVIA—HARRIS' NEW BONFIRE.

60c per doz.; \$1.10 per 25 postpaid; \$3.80 per 100 *not* postpaid.

SCABIOSA—SPECIAL MIXTURE.

An equal number of plants each of the following 4 kinds mixed together and not separately labeled—Rosette, Blue Moon, Shasta, Salmon Beauty.

50c per doz.; 90c per 25 postpaid; \$2.90 per 100 *not* postpaid.

SNAPDRAGONS—TALL GIANT FLOWERED.

Special 4-Color Mixture

An equal number of plants each of the following 4 kinds mixed together, but not separately labeled—Pure White, Canary Yellow, Wallflower Red, Autumn Gold.

60c per doz.; \$1.10 per 25 postpaid; \$3.80 per 100 *not* postpaid.

STOCKS—Sure-To-Bloom

SPECIAL MIXTURE.

An equal number of plants each of the following 4 kinds mixed together but not separately labeled—Blood Red, Canary Yellow, Azure Blue, White.

60c per doz.; \$1.10 per 25 postpaid; \$3.80 per 100 *not* postpaid.

VERBENAS—SPECIAL MIXTURE.

An equal number of plants each of Red Emperor Purple King, Rose Queen, and Snowstorm. Mixed together but not separately labeled.

55c per doz.; \$1.00 per 25 postpaid; \$3.40 per 100 *not* postpaid.

ORIENTAL POPPIES

The mammoth-flowered, hardy Oriental Poppies are the most colorful of all early summer-flowering hardy plants. They are also among the easiest to grow and live for many years if left undisturbed. We have carefully selected the most distinctive colors.

NOTE: If your order is received too late in the spring for transplanting safely, we will keep your plants undisturbed in the field and ship them to you in August. *Prices given are postpaid.*

Henry Cayeux. A new variety of an unusual color. A peculiar tint of "ashes of roses" or old-rose. Particularly beautiful in light shade. 75c each; 3 for \$1.50; \$4.80 per doz.

Gold of Ophir. An unique golden orange developing to the nearest yellow of any variety known. 85c each; 3 for \$1.65; \$5.50 per doz.

May Sadler. A new salmon-pink with black markings. Immense flowers and vigorous growth. 50c each; 3 for \$1.30; \$4.00 per doz.

Lulu A. Neeley. The most popular variety. The long-stemmed flowers are brilliant deep blood red. 50c each; 3 for \$1.30; \$4.00 per doz.

Mrs. Perry. So far, the best "pink" variety. Large orange-apricot flowers. 35c each; 3 for 75c; \$2.50 per doz.

Wunderkind. A true begonia-rose or cerise. A very unusual shade and large flowers on tall stems. Very scarce. 90c each; 3 for \$2.00.

Perry's White. Still the best white. A satiny white with crimson-maroon blotch on each petal. 50c each; 3 for \$1.30; \$4.00 per doz.

Orientele. The immense true scarlet with black blotches. 35c each; 3 for 75c; \$2.50 per doz.

Orange Beauty. Bright orange-scarlet and exceptionally free-flowering. 35c each; 3 for 75c; \$2.50 per doz.

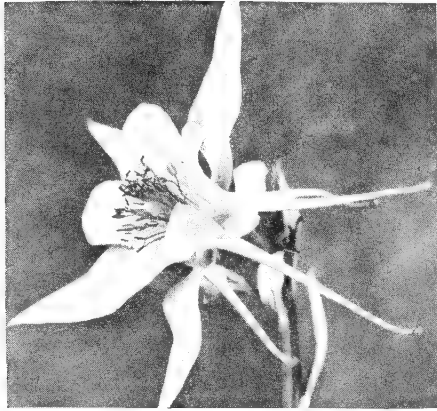
Beauty of Livermore. The finest and most free-flowering dark crimson with black blotch. 40c each; 3 for \$1.00; \$2.50 per doz.



Oriental Poppies

SEEDS of Hardy Perennial Flowers

Harris favorite varieties which grow easily from seed sowed in spring or summer. These varieties are of our own growing, and all is fresh, new-crop seed.



Exhibition Hybrid Aquilegia

AQUILEGIA

Columbine. The most graceful and delicate flowers of the more easily grown hardy flowers. The beautiful foliage reminds one of the Maiden-Hair Fern. Flowers abundantly in the early summer. 2 to 3 ft.

2074—**Harris' Exhibition Hybrids.** "The longest spurred flowers and the widest range of the best colors on the most vigorous plants," exclaimed one of our visitors when she saw them in the field. Many write us the same thing. Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 35c; ¼ Oz. 95c.

2075—**Blue Shades (New).** Here is the Columbine we have all been looking for. A new large long-spurred blue and white Rocky Mt. Columbine that will actually grow and live in your garden. Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 45c.

ALYSSUM

2025—**Saxatile (Basket of Gold).** Mass of bright yellow flowers in early spring on spreading plants. 1 ft. high. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 50c.

ARABIS

2080—**Alpina. White (Rock Cress).** The low (6 in. high) spreading plants begin blooming almost as soon as the snow disappears. Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c.



Coreopsis, Harris' Sunbeams



Cheiranthus or Siberian Wallflower

CANTERBURY BELLS

Cup and Saucer (C. Calycanthemum). Large flowers resembling a cup in a saucer.

2230—**Mixed Colors.**

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; ¼ Oz. 75c.

2231—**White**

2232—**Rose**

2233—**Blue**

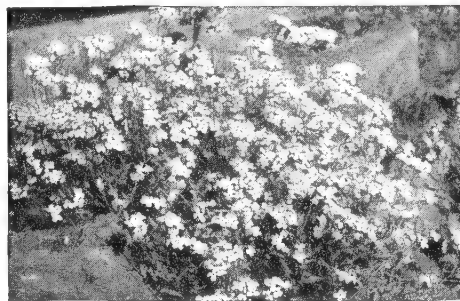
2234—**Light Blue**

Any color: Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; ¼ Oz. 95c.

2240—**Double Varieties.** Mixed Colors. One bell is set within another making the flowers last longer. Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 50c.

2249—**All Variety Mixture.** A mixture of Cup and Saucer, Double Flowering, and Single in all colors.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 45c; Oz. \$1.45.



Arabis or Rock Cress

COREOPSIS

2440—**Harris' Sunbeams.** All summer long the intense yellow flowers of Coreopsis can be picked for bouquets, and in the sunny garden, they are a real delight. They are, fortunately, the easiest hardy perennials to grow from seed in any soil. 2 ft. Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 25c.

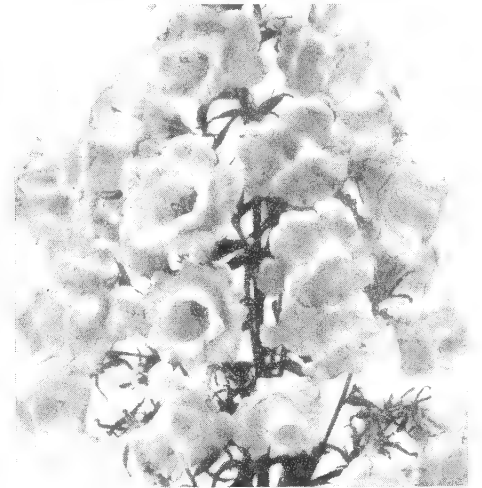
2441—**Double Flowering Coreopsis.** A new double and semi-double form. To many the extra petalage adds a further charm to the flower. Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 45c.

"I have a border of your hardy Carnations raised from seed 2 yrs. ago. They are so gloriously beautiful and blooming so heavily I am fearful lest they bloom themselves to death. Thanks a million for a lot of beauty, not only for myself, but for my neighbors."

K. G. Fleming, Fountain City, Tenn.

"We are very much pleased with the Paramount Ruffled Giant Petunias. When you stated 'Giants' they sure are, and all the neighbors admired the size of flower to the plant."

Mrs. E. G. Reinhard, Floral Park, N. Y.



Canterbury Bells, Cup and Saucer

HARRIS' HARDY CARNATIONS

This exquisite Carnation of our own growing has no equal for abundance of bloom. We've counted over 100 flowers on one plant. Without exception, they are the most fragrant hardy plant grown. Also, they are one of the easiest perennials to grow from seed. Sown outdoors any time from May to July, they should start flowering the next June. No winter protection is necessary as they have proved hardy in extreme northern climates. 15 to 18 inches high.

2310—**Hardy Carnation, Mixed Colors.** The seed is all gathered from only double flowers in a wide range of bright colors.

Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 45c; ¼ Oz. \$1.25.

CHINESE LANTERN PLANT

3983—**(Physalis).** Large bright orange-scarlet pods for winter bouquets.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; ¼ Oz. 45c.

CHEIRANTHUS

2412—**Allioni (Siberian Wallflower).** Orange flowers resembling single Wallflowers. Seed sown early will usually bloom the first fall.

Pkt. 10c; ¼ Oz. 35c.

"I wish you might have seen the blooms I had from your Canterbury Bell seeds. I had so many inquiries about them that I am going to raise more for myself and some for my friends."

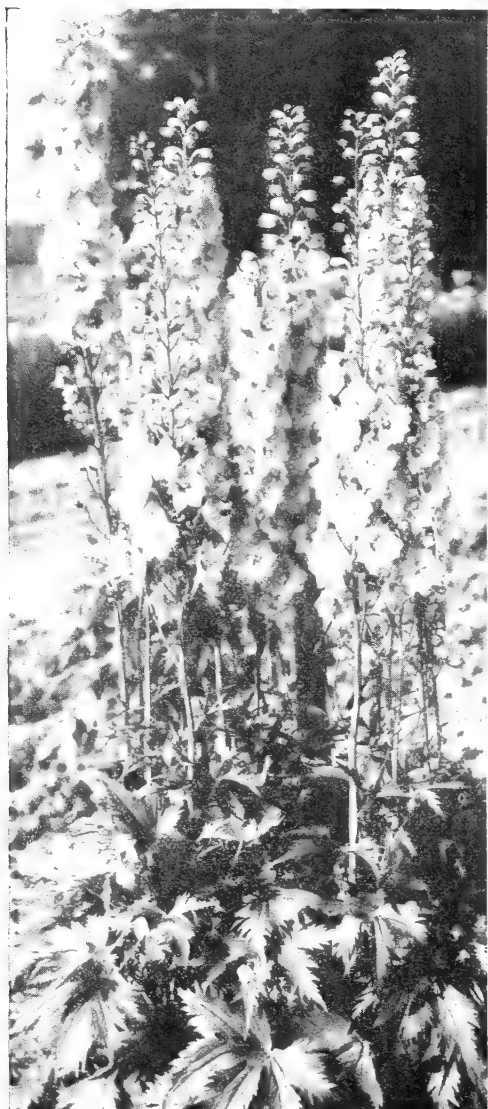
Mrs. F. D. Hall, Newport, Vt.



One plant of Harris' Hardy Carnation

Harris Grown DELPHINIUM Seeds and Plants

We feel justified in claiming our Delphinium to be absolutely "tops" for Northern gardens. Being grown on our own farms, out in the open field under ordinary farm culture, insures you of *greater adaptability, increased vigor, and more hardiness* than found in many "pampered" strains. You can also depend on getting only fresh, new-crop seed.



A young plant of Harris' Monarch Delphinium growing in the field.

HARRIS' MONARCH DELPHINIUM

2641—These Delphiniums are truly the monarchs of all the plants growing in our fields. Every bit of the seed is picked from the finest individual plants carefully selected from the best strain we are growing. Every plant is a wonder. The seed is picked only from double flowers. This makes a mixture of both single and double flowers in all shades of blue and mauve-pink. Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 50c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. 90c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.75.

HARRIS' WHITE DELPHINIUM

2642—The seed you get has all been gathered from only the finest plants with large, double, pure-white flowers, and long, strong spikes. Although we cannot promise you only double flowers, we can assure you of all beautiful white Delphinium. Being grown here on our own farm, it is a very hardy strain. Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 50c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. \$1.00; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$2.00.

NEW PACIFIC GIANTS

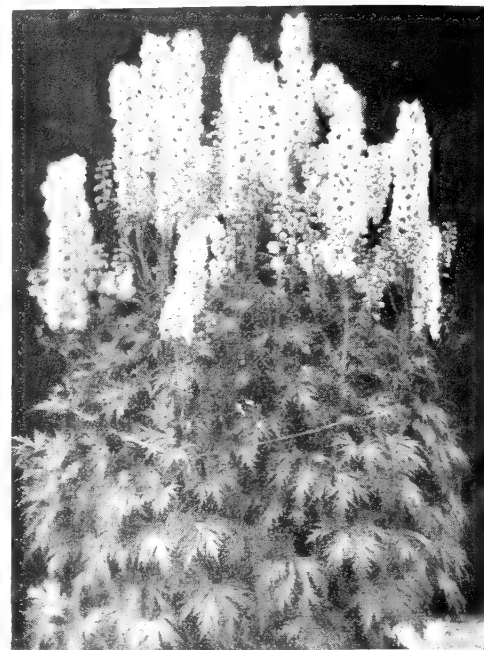
2665—**Mixed Colors.** The newest strain of Delphiniums originating on the Pacific Coast. We have never seen such mammoth flowers, such immense spikes, nor such deep velvety colors. Our seed is grown from originator's stock. Pkt. 35c; Lg. Pkt. 65c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. \$1.50; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$2.50.

HARRIS' MORETON HYBRIDS

2640—Although our Moreton Hybrid Delphiniums are low in price, they are actually fine Delphiniums. Being grown here they are exceedingly hardy and vigorous, and ideal for garden effects, and you will get many unusually fine specimens. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 50c; Oz. \$1.50.

BUTTERFLY DELPHINIUM

2650—**Mixed Colors** (Chinensis). Bushy plants 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. high and blooming all summer. Flowers the first year from seed sown outdoors, growing any place and persisting for years. Fine for cutting, border and rockery. Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 50c; Oz. \$1.50.



Harris' White Delphinium.

HARRIS' BELLADONNA

2645—**Improved Strain.** Still the nicest Delphinium for bouquets. The long slender spikes are the most graceful of all Delphiniums, and the light turquoise blue is an ideal color. Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 85c.



Harris' Russell Lupins the second year from seed sowed in the open field.

DELPHINIUM and LUPIN Plants on page 79.

Harris' Supreme HARDY LUPINS

For several years we have been working with hardy Lupins, developing a strain that grows and flowers better under average garden conditions in this latitude, at the same time developing an unusual range of colors.

Visitors who have seen these Lupins in flower in our own field have been enthusiastic in their praises. They have never seen such an array of colors. From our own experiences, they seem to thrive in most any location.

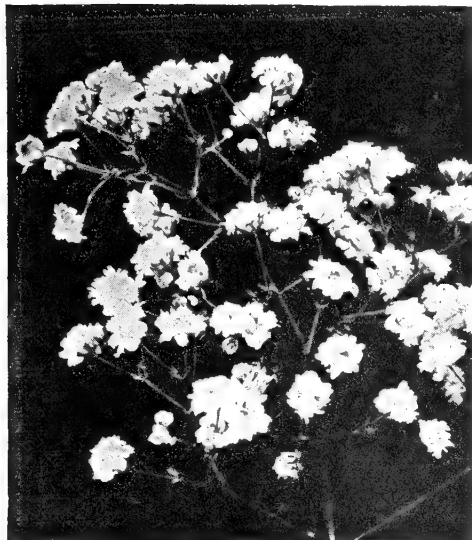
The plants are a mass of long spikes 3 feet tall during June and July from seed sown outdoors the previous May or June.

3335—**NEW RUSSELL LUPINS, Harris' Supreme Mixture.** This mixture of our own growing is the best we have ever seen. It contains a great variety of colors including the rare pink, buff, bronzy, and reds. Grown from the originator's seed and mostly bicolors and shades not usually seen in Hardy Lupins.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 60c; Oz. \$2.00.

NITRAGIN. The New Inoculate. Be sure to treat your Lupin seed with this special inoculant. New garden size package, 10c.

SEED OF HARDY PERENNIAL FLOWERS



Gypsophila Double

PRINCESS FOXGLOVE

2720—**Pastel Mixture.** Here is really a new flower for your garden—a Foxglove in distinctly new shades of pink, apricot, buff, rose, and heliotrope. Never before have we seen such a beautiful display of pastel shades as the rows of 4-ft. tall spikes growing in our field. Easy to raise them from seed and will grow in full sun or shade. Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 65c.

GYPSOPHILA or Hardy Baby's Breath

2995—**Paniculata Single.** Billowy masses of tiny white flowers on bushy plants in July and August. Effective for border or bouquets. 2 ft. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 30c.

2996—**Paniculata Double.** The double flowering form is the one the florists dry and use in winter bouquets. This strain will come the best possible per cent of double flowers.

Pkt. 25c; Lg. Pkt. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.50.

HARDY PINKS

All kinds of Hardy Pinks with their refreshing spicy fragrance are a delight in any garden. They bloom through a long season and adapt themselves to meet most any situation. 6-12 in.

2718—**Allwoodii Alpinus.** The largest flowered strain of the dwarf Dianthus. Blooms all summer in many colors.

Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 95c.

2715—**Rock Garden Blend (New).** An especially made mixture of the many different kinds of the dwarf, low-growing and creeping varieties. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{8}$ Oz. 75c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.25.



Hardy Pinks, Allwoodii Alpinus



Mrs. Bradshaw Geum

GEUM

(Avens) One of the flowers in our garden that visitors all point to with admiration is Geum, an easily grown perennial. The plants are low growing and the flowers vivid. The 15-inch stems are fine for bouquets. Blooms from June to August. 15 inches.

2921—**Mrs. Bradshaw.** Large double intense scarlet. Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 75c.

HARRIS' HOLLYHOCKS

The Most Majestic of All Flowers

For planting among shrubbery, or in the background, they are unequalled for a brilliant color display in mid-summer when tall, bright flowers are needed in most every garden.

3103—**Harris' Queen of Sheba.** The double flowers are a brilliant combination of cream and orange. Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 35c.

3100—**Double Mixed Colors.** A well balanced mixture of all colors.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 75c.

3120—**Single Hollyhocks, Mixed Colors.** A most unusual range of beautiful colors and not seen in any other Hollyhocks. Sure to grow and thrive most any place.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 25c; Oz. 75c.



Double Hollyhocks



Harris' Dazzler Gaillardia

HARDY GAILLARDIA

2910—**Harris' Dazzler.** There are few, if any, other perennials that will give you so many brilliant flowers all summer. The flowers are large, of clear bright golden yellow with distinct dark maroon-red centers. 2 ft.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 50c.

2912—**Burgundy.** Large wine-red flowers on long stiff stems on bushy plants.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 75c.

FORGET-ME-NOTS

Myosotis. Especially effective when grown in masses broadcast among the Tulips and Daffodils and naturalized under trees and shrubbery. 1 ft.

3493—**Blue.** Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.00.

3490—**Mixed Colors.** Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 75c.

LAVENDULA

3273—**Vera (Sweet Lavender).** The old-fashioned fragrant lavender flowers often dried and used for their perfume. The dainty spikes grow about 1 ft. high on bushy plants of small grey foliage. Also good for bouquets. Pkt. 20c.

LATHYRUS

3210—**Latifolius (Hardy Sweet Peas).** A splendid hardy vine for covering fences, stumps, etc. Pink, white and red flowers from July to September.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 30c; Oz. 85c.

LINUM

3342—**Perenne (Perennial Flax).** Beautiful light blue flowers from May to August on plants 18 to 24 inches tall. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 35c.



Royal Blue Forget-Me-Nots

SEED OF HARDY PERENNIAL FLOWERS



New Yellow Poppy, Amurensis

ORIENTAL POPPIES

When the mammoth bright red Oriental Poppies are in bloom they are the most outstanding flowers in the garden, and once planted, they will live for years, getting bigger and better each year if given room and kept fertilized. 2-3 ft.

3951—**New Hybrids.** We save this seed from shades of cherry, pink, and orange.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 80c.

ICELAND POPPIES

Blooms the first year from seed and again the following year. They are excellent cut flowers if picked before fully open. 15 inches.

3960—**Giant Sunbeam Mixture.** An unusually good array of brightly colored flowers.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 85c.

STATICE

6179—**Latifolia (Sea Lavender).** Low-growing, broad leathery leaves surmounted by 2 ft. tall spreading sprays of tiny lavender flowers that can be dried and used in winter bouquets. Although slow to start from seed, they will persist in the garden for many years.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 75c.

NEW YELLOW POPPY

3969—**Amurensis.** A new kind of Poppy that is positively a good cut-flower, and holds up well in water.

It is much like an Iceland Poppy in general appearance except that the flowers are larger and the stems longer and stronger. The color is a rich lemon yellow and the plants are in bloom from early spring until late frosts.

If the seed is sown early in the spring, you will often start getting some flowers before fall, and the next year you will have flowers all summer. The plants are perfectly hardy.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c.

ROBINSON'S PYRETHRUM

4015—**Mixed Colors.** This is, by far, the finest Pyrethrum (Painted Daisies) we have ever seen. The flowers are much larger, with more and broader petals. The plant is more robust and the stems are longer and stiffer. They are ideal for bouquets as the flowers are held upright and do not tip or droop, even after they are cut. The colors are largely in shades of red and pink.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.20.



Robinson's Pyrethrum

HARDY SCABIOSA

(S. Caucasica.) We unhesitatingly recommend "Hardy Scabiosa" as the best hardy perennial for both garden and cutting. It has just the right characteristics. The light blue, long-stemmed flowers last for several days in water, and the 2-ft. tall plants continue to bloom all summer.

4663—**Perfecta.** An improved strain of our own growing. Our new crop heavy seed is sure to give you better germination.

Pkt. 20c; Lg. Pkt. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. \$1.00.

SALVIA

4610—**Azurea (Hardy Blue Salvia).** Grows 4 ft. high with slender spikes of light blue flowers in late September. Pkt. 20c.

HARDY VIOLETS

8040—**Species Blend.** It is easy for you to raise your own Violets from seed. This is a new mixture of the many different varieties of Violets. Ideal for sowing in that shady place along the house or garage or among the shrubbery. Pkt. 25c.



Shasta Daisy, Giant Alaska

SHASTA DAISY

4670—**Giant Alaska.** Absolutely essential in every perennial planting and very easy to grow from seed in most any location and soil. The enormous, daisy-like, white flowers are fine for cutting all summer. 3 ft.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 75c.

4672—**New Double.** The large double and semi-double flowers. Although only a small percentage may be double, there will be many new and interesting forms.

Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ Oz. 65c; $\frac{1}{16}$ Oz. \$1.15.

SWEET WILLIAM

Everybody admires the brilliant colors of Sweet William in June, and it is one of the easiest perennials to grow. 2 ft.

6130—**Harris' Perfection Mixture.** An exceptionally fine mixture of our own growing.

Pkt. 10c; Lg. Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 40c.

6132—**Newport Pink.** A beautiful salmon-pink. We consider this the most pleasing color and it is a true stock of our own.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 85c.

6140—**New Dwarf.** Mixed Colors. An unusually colorful Mixture of the new low-growing variety. The same broad heads of large flowers on plants only 6 to 8 inches tall.

Pkt. 15c; Lg. Pkt. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ Oz. 85c.



Scabiosa Caucasica



Sweet William, Perfection Mixture

HARRIS' HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS

Grown in the open field and wintered without protection

SHIPPING DIRECTIONS

No Plants Shipped C.O.D.

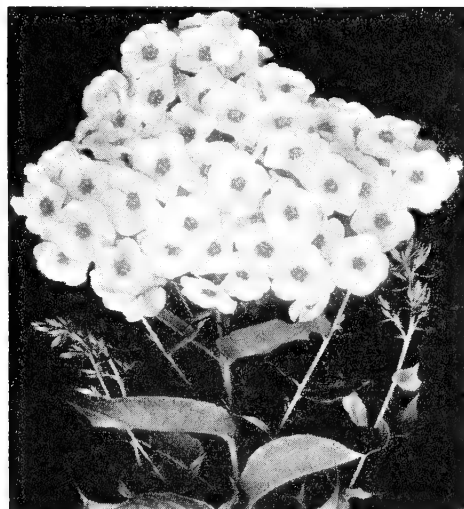
Shipping Limits. We do not ship plants west of Illinois nor south of Virginia except by special arrangement.

Shipping Dates. We start shipping perennial plants as soon as the frost is out of the ground. This is about April 15th.

The prices of these plants include transportation prepaid to you.



Hardy Primrose, Veris Superba



Hardy Phlox. See our special bargain mixture.

ANCHUSA Myosotodiflora (Chinese Forget-Me-Not). Sprays of bright blue in spring followed by broad leaves all summer. Sun or shade. 1 ft. high. 3 for \$1.15; \$3.60 per doz.

AQUILEGIA, Long Spurred, Mixed Colors. Graceful sprays of delicate colors in June. Prefers some shade. See color picture on page 58. 3 for 80c; \$2.90 per doz. prepaid.

ASTER, Wonder of Staffa. Beautiful single, bright blue, large flowers on wiry stems. 2 ft. tall in July and August. Excellent for cutting. Very scarce. 3 for \$1.15; \$3.60 per doz.

CARNATION, Harris' Hardy, Mixed Colors. Lots of fragrant flowers during June and July in full sun. Field grown seedlings. See colored photograph on page 58. 3 for 80c; \$2.90 per doz.

COREOPSIS, Double Sunburst. Excellent young plants of this semi-double bright yellow sun-loving flower. Makes a very pretty cut-flower. 3 for 70c; \$2.50 per doz.

Sunbeam. Large, single, bright yellow. Blooms profusely in full sun. Excellent for cutting. 3 for 70c; \$2.50 per doz.

DELPHINIUM (See photographs on page 76.)

Harris' Monarch, Mixed Colors. Splendid, field-grown, transplanted select plants. 3 for 95c; \$3.00 per doz.

(Special.) Good hardy, field-grown seedlings sowed in the open field last summer. \$1.55 per doz.; \$2.35 for 25.

Harris' White. All selected, transplanted plants from the open field. 3 for \$1.00; \$3.20 per doz.

Pacific Giants, Mixed Colors. Hardy transplanted plants that have survived the winter in the open field without any protection. 3 for \$1.00; \$3.20 per doz.

DIANTHUS, Hardy Pinks. Mixed Colors. The low-growing type that completely covers the ground and blooms practically all summer, particularly in the shady place. Mostly single flowers in pink shades. See photograph on page 77. 3 for 70c; \$2.50 per doz.

DICENTRA Eximia (Dwarf Bleeding Heart). Very pretty in the spring and early summer. The foliage remains very attractive all summer if in the shade and sufficient moisture. The flowers are about the same color and form as the large Bleeding Heart. 3 for \$1.15; \$3.60 per doz.

DIGITALIS, New Princess, Mixed Colors. This new Foxglove in a mixture of pastel colors. Hardy field-grown seedlings. Does well in shade. 3 for 80c; \$2.90 per doz.

FUNKIA Variegated. The green and white striped low-growing foliage plant used in so many places. Will thrive in shade and under conditions few other plants would survive. 3 for 70c; \$2.50 per doz.

GAILLARDIA, Dazzler. A sun-loving, most satisfactory kind. Blooms continuously and fine for cutting. Large, long-stemmed flowers of brightest yellow and mahogany-red. See photograph on page 77. 3 for 80c; \$2.90 per doz.

LINUM Perenne (Blue Flax). Clear blue flowers in early summer on attractive fern-like foliage. Excellent for rockery or border foreground in full sun or partial shade. 1 ft. tall. 3 for 80c; \$2.90 per doz.

LUPINS, Russell Hybrids, Harris' Supreme Mixture. A marvelous mixture of unusual colors. Young field-grown plants. See picture on page 76. 3 for 80c; \$2.90 per doz.

PRIMROSE, Mixed Colors. The bright yellow to red flowers are always so welcome the first thing in the spring. Good vigorous plants in a variety of colors. Prefers some shade. 3 for 80c; \$2.90 per doz.

Veris Superba. Big, long-stemmed clusters of very large, soft yellow blooms with a rich orange-blossom fragrance. Flowers better in full sun than most primroses. 3 for 95c; \$3.00 per doz.

HARDY PHLOX

BARGAIN—Mixed Colors. It's your good fortune that some of the labels in our field of hardy Phlox got broken off and lost. They all were excellent kinds. In fact, some new varieties we were testing. We have dug them all together and offer them to you at a *special bargain price of only—* 6 for \$1.25; 12 for \$2.00; 25 for \$3.80 prepaid.

Red. Large trusses of bright crimson-red.

Pink. A beautiful immense brilliant salmon.

White. Tall, vigorous pure white.

Either of above colors; 3 for 80c; \$2.90 per doz.

Mary Louise. The new, large-flowered, disease-resistant pure white. 3 for \$1.15; \$3.60 per doz.

PYRETHRUM, Robinson's Large-Flowered, Mixed Colors. Beautiful in bouquets and very showy in the garden during June and July in either sun or light shade. 2 ft. high. See photograph on page 78. 3 for 80c; \$2.90 per doz.

SHASTA DAISY, Ester Reed. The most outstanding new double white Shasta Daisy ever introduced. Beautiful for cutting. 3 for \$1.15; \$3.60 per doz.

Alaska. The tall single white. Transplanted field-grown plants. 3 for 70c; \$2.50 per doz.

STATICE Latifolia (Sea Lavender). Large sprays of tiny, lilac flowers that can be dried for "everlasting" bouquets. Extra fine large plants. 3 for \$1.00; \$3.20 per doz.

SCABIOSA Caucasica. In our opinion this is an almost perfect hardy garden plant. A neat plant of medium height with long-stemmed, light blue, cut-flowers from early spring until snow-fly. See photograph on page 78. 3 for 80c; \$2.90 per doz.

VIOLET, Rosina. An unusual and very pretty pink Violet. In shade or semi-shade there are some flowers practically all summer. 3 for 80c; \$2.90 per doz.

HARDY LILIES

Harris Grown—Fresh Dug

Regal. Large trumpets of white with creamy pink throat.

Double Tiger. Bright orange with dark spots. Very showy and most satisfactory. Either kind: 4 for 90c; \$2.50 per doz.

BARGAINS Plants at ½ Price

25 plants of 5 different kinds, separately labeled (*our selection only*), for \$2.85, postpaid.

Order as many collections as you can use, it will be your last chance to get them at this low price.

Order—

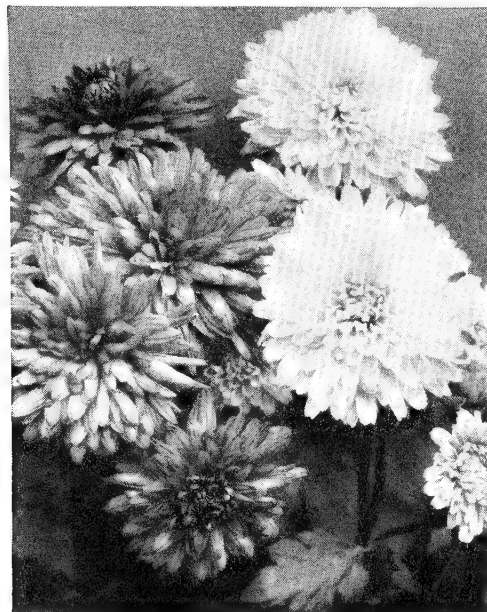
Plant Collection "A"
(tall growing kinds)

Plant Collection "B"
(low growing kinds)

\$2.85 each postpaid

Due to labor shortage we are forced to discontinue the growing of many excellent varieties. Make this opportunity your good fortune.

Harris' Early-Flowering Chrysanthemums



Tall Double-Flowering Normandy and Murillo

Tall Double-Flowering Chrysanthemums

Normandy. Our largest and earliest double yellow. The full-double flowers are 3 to 3½ inches across with broad, somewhat twisted petals. The color starts a bright soft yellow deepening to bronze as it ages. The plants are tall and very upright growing and were in bloom by Oct. 1st.

Murillo. A large-flowered, long-petalled, light rosy-pink on bushy plants 2 ft. tall. Our best light pink.

Abe Barnum. Bright cerise-red small button-type flowers on splendid upright plants. A very early-flowering variety with good stems for cutting. Continues to be a favorite.

Treasure Trove. We like this new yellow very much. The flowers are full double, of good size, and the tall plants are rigidly upright. It starts flowering a little later than "Normandy."

PRICE: Any of the four double varieties—3 for \$1.00; \$3.00 per doz.

DOUBLE MUM COLLECTION

No. 14—Two plants each of the four double varieties described above for only **\$2.10.**

ORDERING CHRYSANTHEMUMS

These plants are pot-grown and will be shipped between April 15th and June 1st pre-paid to all points east of the Mississippi River. Please add 10% for points farther west.

EXTRAORDINARY CHRYSANTHEMUM OFFER

The following six new and unusual Chrysanthemums will give you not only a very beautiful display, but different from those generally seen. These six plants include the different seasons of bloom and the different colors. Also they range in height from the lowest to the tallest.

SPECIAL MUM COLLECTION No. 8.

One plant each of the following six new kinds for only **\$1.35.**

Pygmy Gold
Clara Curtis
Pink Spoon

Torch
Normandy
Yellow Spoon

The New Low-Growing Early Chrysanthemums

Pink Cushion. Also called "Azaleamum." Low growing, very early, clear pink. Double flowers in great profusion during August and Sept.

Pygmy Gold. A new dwarf bushy Korean pom-pom of clear yellow, flowering in September.

White Cushion. A pure white sport of Pink Cushion, with all the good characteristics.

Bronze Cushion. Of the same type as Pink Cushion, except the flowers are a bright bronze.

Red Cushion. Double red flowers, showing yellow centers. A little taller than the other colors and 10 days later flowering.

CLARA CURTIS. A new early variety in a class by itself. The bushy plants are only about 8 inches high and the single flowers are 6 to 8 inches above the plant in sprays, or loose, graceful clusters. The color is a pretty shade of rose-pink with yellow centers. We urge you to plant some; and we know you will like them.

PRICE: Any of the above varieties—3 for \$1.00; \$3.00 per doz.

CUSHION MUM COLLECTION No. 7

One plant each of the above six kinds for only **\$1.45.**



Low-Growing Pink Cushion

Single and Semi-Double Chrysanthemums

Hesbia. The earliest tall, semi-double light pink. 3-inch flowers on 2-ft. bushy plants in full bloom before Oct. 1.

Torch. Single scarlet flowers almost 4 inches across on 2-ft. upright plants.

The New "Spoon" Mums

An entirely new and distinct type sure to become popular. All those who saw them in bloom in our field were very enthusiastic. Every petal of the large single 4-inch flowers is a slender tube opening like a spoon at the end. The plants are 2 to 3 feet tall, very upright growing, and flowering about October 1st. Be sure to try them.

Pink Spoon. Bright rosy-pink. Very delicate and effective.

Yellow Spoon. A bright golden yellow.

PRICE: Any of the four colors—3 for \$1.00; \$3.00 per doz.

SINGLE MUM COLLECTION No. 10

Two plants each of the four single and semi-double kinds described above for only **\$2.10.**

TUBEROUS-ROOTED BEGONIAS

For Shady Spots

We don't know of any flower that will give you as much color in the shade. Neither do we know of any other flower as easy for you to grow. Just plant the bulbs in any shady spot where the soil is good and you know they will grow.

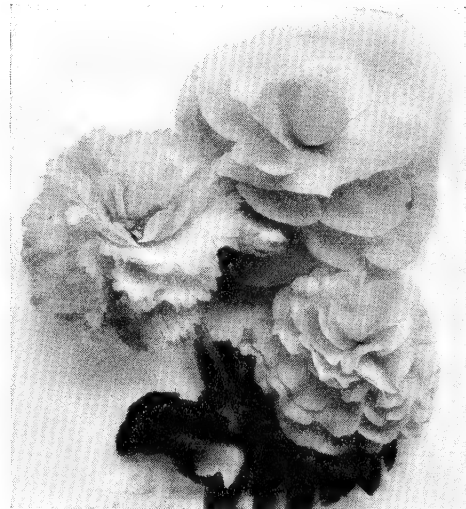
BEGONIA PRICES

Double and Crested Flowers. We are able to offer them only in a mixture of Crimson, White, Salmon and Yellow Shades: \$1.00 for 3; \$3.00 per Doz.; \$22.00 per 100 (25 at 100 rate).

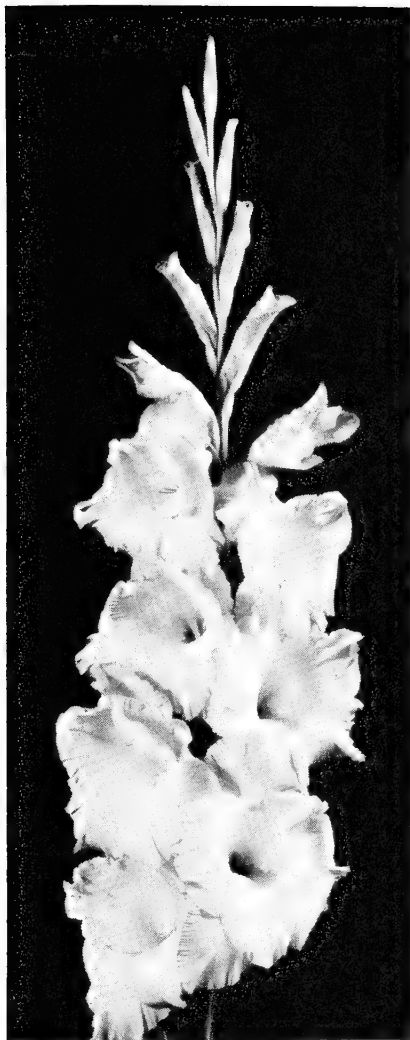
Shipping Date. As they are *not* hardy, they cannot be planted outdoors until after danger of frosts. They are shipped about May 15th unless you specify otherwise. **Be sure to tell us if you want them earlier.**

"I want to tell you how marvelous the tuberous-rooted Begonias are I got from you last spring. Everyone has admired them." H. P. Gensheimer, Erie, Penna.

"The Chrysanthemum plants I ordered reached me last Friday afternoon in fine condition and I never saw finer plants than those sent out by your firm. The Chrysanthemums I got last year are doing well. I had to thin them a little they grew so thick, and are fine healthy plants." Mrs. H. E. Boyer, Hagerstown, Md.



Tuberous-Rooted Begonias



Shirley Temple Gladiolus

SPECIAL "NEWEST TWELVE" COLLECTION. Three bulbs each of the 12 newest kinds, separately labeled for **\$3.50** (saving \$2.50).

12 Universally Favorite Roses

Harris' Selection of the 12 Best Hybrid Tea Roses

Our Roses are all *Northern Grown* on contract for us by a rose specialist and are exceptionally heavy plants. They are not "bare-root" nor "cold storage" stock. There is a difference.

We have carefully chosen the most vigorous growers, the most profuse bloomers, the favorite colors and the most fragrant flowers.

PRESIDENT MACIA. Rich carmine-pink, very fragrant flowers on vigorous plants.

MRS. PIERRE S. DUPONT. Beautiful golden-yellow. Large flowers borne singly on long stems. An excellent grower with a spicy fragrance.

PINK DAWN. Very fragrant, well formed double flowers of glistening deep rose, opening to lovely pink tinted with orange at the base.

GOLDEN DAWN. Sunflower-yellow and sweetly fragrant. A continuous bloomer.

PRESIDENT HERBERT HOOVER. A beautiful two-tone combination of pink and orange. Large, semi-double flowers. A vigorous grower and profuse bloomer.

KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA. Large, perfectly formed, richly fragrant cream-white flowers on long stems.

PRICE: 75c Each; \$7.50 per Doz. postpaid. Not less than 3 plants of any one variety at the dozen rate. Shipped between April 15 and May 1 only.

SPECIAL OFFER No. 15—One plant each of the different Hybrid Tea 12 Roses described for **\$7.00** prepaid (saving you \$1.00). Shipped between April 15 and May 1 only.

GLADIOLI

If you are looking for the most satisfactory flower and, at the same time, the easiest to grow, you should plant Gladioli. There are no finer flowers for cutting, and they make such a brilliant display in the garden during August and September. Harris' Gladiolus bulbs are free from disease or thrips, and the bulbs are all $1\frac{1}{4}$ " in diameter and larger.

HARRIS' IDEAL MIXTURE

Here is a very low-priced mixture of unusual quality. Like the "New Variety Mixture," it is made up by using *equal* quantities of each color, each order being individually put up. This is the same excellent mixture we sold last year. **Price:** 75c per Doz.; \$4.20 per 100; \$39.00 per 1000.

The Twelve Ideal Gladioli Used. Betty Nuthall (*coral pink*), Picardy (*shrimp pink*), Red Phipps (*scarlet*), Helga (*rose-pink*), LaPaloma (*orange*), Chas. Dickens (*violet-purple*), Golden Dream (*yellow*), Maid of Orleans (*white*), Minuet (*orchid-pink*), Bagdad (*smoky*), Beacon (*red with white throat*), Wasaga (*buff*).

Separate Colors. We can furnish any of the above varieties separate for 95c per Doz. \$1.75 per 25; \$5.00 per 100.

A Gladiolus Mixture Extraordinary

HARRIS' NEW VARIETY MIXTURE. Here is a Gladiolus mixture that is not only different, but far superior to any other mixture we have ever seen offered, and low in price. It is a mixture of equal amounts of the twelve newest varieties named below. No matter how much you paid you couldn't possibly get a mixture of finer Gladioli.

Each order is individually put up, using an equal number of bulbs of each kind described below. When you order "1 doz." you actually get one bulb of each kind; for "2 doz." you get two bulbs of each kind, etc. **Price:** \$1.00 per Doz.; \$1.85 per 24; \$6.50 per 100 postpaid.

The Best of The Newest Gladioli

SHIRLEY TEMPLE. Mammoth flowers on tall, strong stems, cream colored, heavily ruffled.

VAGABOND PRINCE. Glossy mahogany with glowing red blotch, strong, straight spikes.

MARGARET BEATON. Very large, pure white; with small red blotches in throat. Very tall.

YELLOW EMPEROR. Excellent clear yellow; strong spikes with perfect flower placement.

MAX REGER. Light lavender blue, the best of the blue color class; tall, slender spikes.

PEGGY LOU. Immense clear pink. Large broad petaled flowers on tall, strong stems.

Price of Separate Varieties of each of the above 12 newest kinds, separately labeled: 50c for 3 bulbs; \$1.20 per Doz.; \$7.50 per 100.

OREGON STATE. New seedling of Picardy but clearer pink.

REWI FALLU. Deep blood red, 6-8 massive blooms on tall, strong spike.

MICHIGAN GIANT. Very deep salmon orange, large flowers on tall strong stems. Very pleasing color.

BIT OF HEAVEN. A very large soft shade of clear orange. No other like it.

JOHN S. BACH. Deep rose or light scarlet. Very long flower spike with many open at one time.

PARADISE. Clear apricot, many open at one time; strong, tall stems, with perfect placement.



Mrs. Sam McGredy

4 Choice Climbing Roses

PRICE: 75c Each; \$7.50 per Doz. postpaid.

CLIMBING AMERICAN BEAUTY. Bright, deep crimson flowers.

PAUL'S SCARLET CLIMBER. Large well-shaped flowers of vivid scarlet-red in large, open clusters.

PRIMROSE. A new yellow with large, double, canary-yellow flowers in great profusion.

SILVER MOON. The best and most vigorous grower, with large semi-double white flowers.

"Roses came yesterday in fine shape and are splendid plants."

SPECIAL OFFER No. 16—One each of the 4 Climbers for \$2.35 postpaid (saving 65c).

Vegetable Plants and Roots

We sell only strong sturdy plants of superior quality.

Our transplanted plants are given sufficient room to develop strong stalks and large roots, and they are well hardened before they are sent away. They stand the wind and sun better than small weak plants. Our seedlings are sown thinly in flats so that they are strong and sturdy.

We have increased our greenhouse and cold frame space so that we are in position to supply better plants than ever before.

Orders for plants will be entered any time. If ordered for specific dates, the plants will be sent as near the dates as possible; otherwise they will be sent when ready or when it is time to set them out.

Not less than 1 dozen plants of a variety will be sold, except of Rhubarb, Chives, Sage, and Spearmint.

Plants ordered at the prices given below are sent transportation paid without extra charge to all places east of the Mississippi River and north of Tennessee, except where quoted "not paid." That means the plants are to be sent at purchaser's expense.

Plants quoted "not paid" are sent by *Express Collect*. If wanted by parcel post, sufficient extra postage must be sent. See inside front cover.

Plants will not be sent C.O.D.

PLEASE NOTE: Our plants are expertly and carefully packed so that they should reach you in good condition, but if they are delayed on the road or for any other reason, they arrive in poor shape, let us know at once and we will replace them. We cannot be responsible for the plants living after they are planted as this depends on how they are planted and the soil and weather conditions over which we have no control.

We grow only
66 plants
in a flat
13 x 22 x 3 1/2
inches deep
(inside measure)



A Flat of Harris' Tomato Plants
These sturdy well hardened plants stand up well and produce the finest fruit.

FOR QUICKER SERVICE... You can usually get seeds or plants one to three days sooner if they are sent **Special Handling**. Such packages require an extra fee and are put through as fast as letter mail. If your order is to be sent on different dates, and you wish each part sent **Special Handling**, be sure to include enough extra postage for each mailing.

See Inside Front Cover for extra Postage required.

VEGETABLE PLANTS

BROCCOLI. Italian Green Sprouting (Calabrese). Field Grown Plants. Ready about June 15th.

30c per Doz.; \$1.25 per 100 transportation paid.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS. Field-grown Plants, ready about June 15. Catskill only.

30c per Doz.; \$1.25 per 100 transportation paid.

CABBAGE PLANTS. Early transplanted plants, ready April 15 to May 15. These plants are well hardened and will stand frost without injury. They are far superior to plants grown in frames without transplanting. Variety: Golden Acre.

35c per Doz.; \$2.25 for 100 transportation paid. Not paid: \$5.50 for 500; \$10.00 for 1000. (Weight 500—14 lbs., 1000—25 lbs.)

Field-grown plants. Ready about June 15. We can supply the following varieties: Golden Acre, Marion Market, Harris' Ballhead and Super Curled Savoy.

30c per Doz.; \$1.00 for 100 transportation paid.



A Greenhouse Full of Early Cabbage Plants on Moreton Farm

CAULIFLOWER. Early transplanted plants. Ready April 25 to May 15. Snowball Perfected Strain only.

35c per Doz.; \$2.50 for 100 transportation paid. Not paid: \$6.50 for 500; \$12.00 for 1000. (Weight 500—14 lbs., 1000—25 lbs.)

Field-grown plants. Ready about June 20. Snowball Perfected Strain only.

30c per Doz.; \$1.25 for 100 transportation paid. Not paid: \$3.00 for 500; \$5.00 for 1000. (Weight 500—20 lbs., 1000-40 lbs.)

CELERY. Early Greenhouse-grown plants, ready May 1st to June 1st. Golden Plume only.

75c for 50; \$1.25 per 100; \$4.75 for 500; \$8.50 for 1000 transportation paid.

Frame-grown plants. These are strong transplanted plants from a later sowing and are grown in cold frames. Ready about June 1st.

Varieties: Golden Plume and Salt Lake.
65c for 50; \$1.15 for 100; \$3.50 for 500; \$6.00 for 1000 transportation paid.

EGG PLANT. Potted Plants. As these plants are easily injured in transplanting we raise them in No. 2 1/2 Fertile Pots (see page 86) and ship them pot and all, ready to be set directly in the garden. Varieties: New Hampshire Hybrid and Black Beauty. Ready May 15. \$1.25 per Doz.; \$4.00 for 50 transportation paid. Not paid: \$6.00 per 100. (Weight 100—75 lbs.)

ONION PLANTS. Sweet Spanish, Utah Strain. Plants can be supplied between April 15th and May 25th. *Onion plants sold on the basis of bunches only and count per bunch not specified. Please see important information on page 29.* Not less than 1 bunch sold.

1 bunch 45c; 2 bunches 75c; 5 bunches \$1.50; 10 bunches \$2.50 transportation paid. Write for prices on larger lots.

PEPPER. Transplanted plants. Ready May 15th. Strong and stocky. **Varieties:** Harris' Wonder, Harris' King of the North, Harris' Early Giant, Harris' Earliest, Harris' Improved Squash, and Hot Portugal. 60c per Doz.; 2 doz. (1 or 2 varieties) 90c; \$2.50 for 100 transportation paid. Not paid: \$7.50 for 500; \$14.00 for 1000 (Weight 500—14 lbs., 1000—25 lbs.).

PEPPER. Untransplanted Plants or Seedlings. These plants should be transplanted into boxes or frames, and allowed to grow until large enough to put out in the open ground. **Same varieties as listed above.** Ready April 15 to May 20. Not less than 25 plants of a variety sold. 50 Plants 50c; 80c for 100; \$2.50 for 500; \$4.50 for 1000 transportation paid.

TOMATO. Transplanted Plants, strong and stocky, well hardened in cold frames and much superior to plants taken directly out of greenhouses. Ready about May 15th.

Varieties: Victor, John Baer, Bonny Best, Pritchard's Scarlet Topper, Rutgers, Marglobe, Golden Globe, Red Cherry, Yellow Plum. 60c per Doz.; 2 doz. (1 or 2 varieties) 90c; \$2.50 for 100 transportation paid. Not paid: \$7.50 for 500; \$14.00 for 1000 (Weight 500—18 lbs., 1000—30 lbs.).

TOMATO. Untransplanted Plants or Seedlings. We sow our seed thinly in flats especially for these seedling plants. This makes them extra strong and sturdy. They should be transplanted in frames or boxes and grown for two weeks or more before setting out in the open ground. Good hardy plants, 3 to 4 in. high. Supplied from April 10 to May 15.

Varieties: Victor, John Baer, Bonny Best, Pritchard's Scarlet Topper, Rutgers, Marglobe. Not less than 25 plants of a variety will be sold. 50 Plants 50c; 80c for 100; \$2.50 for 500; \$4.50 for 1000 transportation paid.

In ordering be sure to specify the date wanted.

One of our customers writes:

"Let me say here that we were extremely well pleased with the tomato plants. They came in good time and survived the trip in excellent condition, which can be attributed to the fact that Harris' plants are certainly healthy and sturdy." A. M. Bond, Framingham Centre, Mass. May 22, 1942.

Potted Plants—Grown and shipped in "Fertile Pots"

Tomato



Our potted tomato plants are grown and shipped in No. 2½ "Fertile Pots" (See page 86) which are set in the ground pots and all without disturbing the roots or checking their growth. At the time the plants reach the purchaser the pots are soft and resemble earth, and the roots grow through them readily.

Our potted plants are large, strong and stocky. They are hardened in cold frames so can be set out early. *The photograph to the left shows their fine sturdy growth.*

Varieties: Victor, Bonny Best, John Baer, Pritchard's Scarlet Topper and Rutgers.

Doz. \$1.25; 50 Plants \$4.00 transportation paid. Not paid: 100 Plants \$6.00 (Weight 100—70 lbs.).

OTHER PLANTS, ROOTS, ETC.

CHIVES. A small perennial with a delicate onion-like flavor which is used in many dishes.

3 Clumps 50c; Doz. \$1.50 transportation paid.

SAGE. *Holt's Mammoth Broad Leaf.* The best sage; it is a true perennial which does not go to seed and produces a heavy yield of leaves. These are very fine sturdy potted plants grown in the greenhouse and hardened outdoors.

3 Plants \$1.00; Doz. \$2.75 transportation paid.

SPERMINT. This is the mild flavored, green stemmed upland variety. When once established it will last for years.

3 Plants 75c; Doz. \$2.00 transportation paid.

No Plants or Roots, etc. will be sent C. O. D.

Muskmelon and Watermelon

We grow and ship our muskmelons and watermelon plants in No. 2½ "Fertile Pots" (See page 86) which are set right in the ground with the plant. This has proved very successful as the plants are not checked. The roots grow through the pot and are not disturbed.

MUSKMELON. Potted Plants. Well grown and properly hardened plants. Ready about May 25th.

Varieties: Delicious, Bender's Surprise and Market King.

Doz. \$1.25; 2 Doz. \$2.25 transportation paid. Not paid: \$7.00 per 100. (Weight 100—75 lbs.) *Not sent beyond the 4th zone.*

WATERMELON. Potted Plants. Sturdy and properly hardened. Ready about May 25th.

Varieties: Dixie Queen and Wonder Melon.

Doz. \$1.25; 2 Doz. \$2.25 transportation paid. Not paid: \$7.00 per 100. (Weight 100—75 lbs.) *Not sent beyond the 4th zone.*

Note: Because of the special container required, we cannot fill orders for less than a dozen Muskmelon or Watermelon plants.

ASPARGUS. Mary Washington. See photo, description and planting information on page 7.

1 year roots—50c per Doz.; \$1.50 for 50; \$2.40 for 100 transportation paid. Not paid: 500 roots \$5.00; 1000 \$9.00. (Weight 500—35 lbs., 1000—70 lbs.).

2 year roots—85c per Doz.; \$2.00 for 50; \$3.00 for 100 transportation paid. Not paid: 500 roots \$7.50; 1000 \$14.00. (Weight 500—50 lbs., 1000—100 lbs.) *Write for prices on larger quantities.*

HORSERADISH SETS. Bohemian. See also page 24.

35c per Doz.; 100 sets \$1.75; 500 sets \$5.00; 1000 sets \$9.00 transportation paid.

RHUBARB. MacDonald. See photo and description on page 34.

Root Divisions. 40c each; 3 for 95c; Doz. \$2.50 transportation paid. Not paid: \$10.00 per 100. (Weight 1½ lbs. each.)

RASPBERRIES

The varieties we list here are not only the best grown today but we have taken care to select strong well grown plants from disease free fields.

Weight: Red varieties 20 lbs. per 100; Black and Purple varieties, 35 lbs. per 100.

Set the plants out in the spring 2½ ft. apart in the row. The rows should be six feet apart. Keep free from weeds and the following year after planting you will have a good crop of berries.

We shall be glad to quote prices on larger quantities at any time. Please write.

TAYLOR. NEW. Red. Among the finest modern varieties. Developed recently at the New York State Agricultural

Experiment Station at Geneva, and has already become a widely planted kind. It is one of the best varieties grown for both home and market use. The berries are unusual in appearance being very large, long and somewhat conical in shape. They are a bright attractive red in color, sweet and of superb flavor. It is even considered by many superior to the well known Newburgh in this respect.

The plants are tall and vigorous with sturdy heavy canes which do not require support. The Taylor is a hardy berry and very productive. In maturity it is a medium season variety ripening after Newburgh but a little earlier than Latham.

Its many fine characteristics make this an ideal berry for the home garden and a profitable kind for commercial planting.

Strong 1 year Plants: Doz. \$1.00; 25 for \$1.60 transportation paid. Not paid: \$3.50 per 100.

NEWBURGH. Red. Mosaic Resistant and Productive. The fruit of this fine variety is large, unusually firm, and does not crumble. The color is bright red and the flavor sweet and delicious. The plant is very hardy, bearing enormous crops. Because of the long fruiting laterals and heavy yield, it sometimes needs support. It is an early midseason variety ripening 3-4 days before Latham. Except in the Hudson Valley, Newburgh is almost entirely resistant to Mosaic, the disease which spoils so many raspberry plantings. It is now well established as a standard high quality midseason berry and is worthy of a place in every garden.

Strong 1 year Plants: Doz. \$1.10; 25 for \$1.75 transportation paid. Not paid: \$4.00 per 100.

LATHAM. Red. Still one of the best and most widely grown red raspberries. The fruit is very large, of deep red color, firm of texture and of good flavor. The plants are hardy and enormously productive, fruiting early and continuing to bear over a long period of time.

Strong 1 year Plants: Doz. \$1.00; 25 for \$1.60 transportation paid. Not paid: \$3.50 per 100.



The Taylor Raspberries

INDIAN SUMMER. Red. AUTUMN FRUITING (Everbearing). This is the most satisfactory fall

bearing berry and should be planted in every garden. It bears a fine crop in early summer and a smaller second crop in the fall on the tips of the new canes. In our climate the fall crop starts to bear about mid September and continues until severe freezing weather. We have actually had fine fruit of Indian Summer in the middle of November.

The fruit is large, medium red in color, of mild flavor and excellent quality. The plants are above medium height, vigorous and hardy and bear enormous crops.

Strong 1 year Plants: Doz. \$1.25; 25 for \$2.00 transportation paid. Not paid: \$4.50 per 100.

PLEASE NOTE—Raspberries and Blackberries, in quantities listed "transportation paid" will be shipped correctly pruned so that no cutting back will be necessary when you plant them.

RASPBERRIES continued on next page.

BLACK RASPBERRIES

MORRISON. Outstanding Large New Black Cap. This new variety produces the most delicious and attractive black raspberries we have ever seen. They are larger than any other kind and they hold their size and firmness up to the very last of the picking season. The berries are deep glossy black in color and high in quality; they are of firm texture, juicy and not so seedy as other black caps.

Morrison ripens later than Shuttleworth, and is an exceptionally good yielder. These berries invariably sell at premium prices on the market, and even in drought seasons Morrison produces heavy crops of fine berries when other kinds are small and seedy. It is certain to be a moneymaker for the commercial grower, and home gardeners will be delighted with the large size and fine quality. We recommend it most highly.

Strong 1 year Plants: Doz. \$1.50; 25 for \$2.50 transportation paid. Not paid: \$6.00 per 100.

SHUTTLEWORTH. Mosaic Resistant Black Raspberry. This new large black raspberry or "Black Cap" is practically immune to disease. The berries are deep black, large, firm and handsome. They are of very superior quality. The bushes are strong and sturdy growers, yielding immense crops. This is a fine early Black Cap and we recommend it both for the home garden and market.

Strong 1 year Plants: Doz. \$1.25; 25 for \$2.00 transportation paid. Not paid: \$4.50 per 100.

BLACKBERRIES

Blackberries require well drained but not necessarily rich soil and do best in partial shade. Set 2 to 3 feet apart in rows 7 to 8 feet apart.

Prices quoted on larger quantities. Please write.

Weight: 25 plants—7 lbs., 100—20 lbs.

ELDORADO. Due to its very high quality and great productiveness, this is the leading commercial variety. The berries are long, jet black, rich and sweet and without a hard core. Extremely hardy and productive.

Strong 1 year Plants: Doz. \$1.35; 25 for \$2.00 transportation paid. Not paid: \$3.50 per 100.

BLOWERS. A great favorite. The berries are large, deep black in color, of delicious flavor and with a very soft core. The fruit begins to ripen in July and continues until September, making this an extremely productive blackberry. Because of this habit, it is claimed the Blowers will produce 50% more fruit throughout the season than any other kind.

Strong 1 year Plants: Doz. \$1.35; 25 for \$2.00 transportation paid. Not paid: \$3.50 per 100.

GRAPES

No fruit which you can plant will give you more satisfaction than grapes. They do not require much ground as the vines can be trained wherever you want them to go. They make a perfect background for your garden. With the exception of Van Buren (which are 1 yr. plants), all are strong native grown and acclimated 2 year old vines. We shall be glad to quote prices on larger quantities than we list here. Please write.

CACO (Red). This beautiful grape is a cross between Concord and Catawba. The berries are large, of a beautiful wine red color and of excellent flavor, being very sweet and delicious. The fruit ripens early and they are so high in sugar content that they can be eaten at least two weeks before they are fully ripe. This lengthens the season of the Caco. Vines are strong, prolific and hardy. 2 year vines only. Each 35c; 3 for 90c; Doz. \$3.00; transportation paid.

PORTLAND (White). The Earliest White Grape. It has been said that all the truly good qualities desired in a grape are incorporated in this variety which was developed by the New York State Experimental Station at Fredonia, N. Y. The berries are large, of a beautiful pale yellow color and in quality fully equal to the Niagara. The bunches are not compact, but the berries are larger than any other early white grape, and the vine is hardy and productive. 2 year vines only. Each 35c; 3 for 90c; Doz. \$3.00; transportation paid.

NIAGARA (White). The best known and most popular white grape. The fruit is medium large, of excellent quality and ripens a little earlier than Concord. The vines are very productive. This is a valuable variety for both home and market. 2 year vines only. Each 30c; 3 for 70c; Doz. \$2.25; transportation paid.

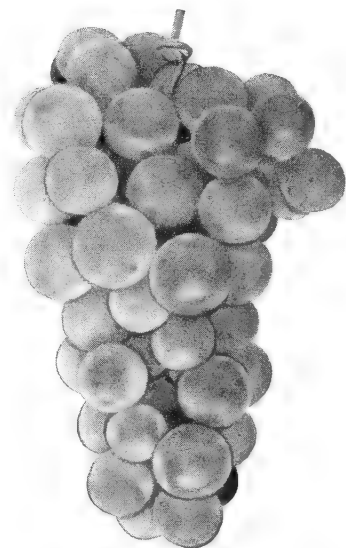
VAN BUREN (Black). New. The Earliest and Finest Black

Grape. Developed by the New York State Experiment Station at Fredonia, Van Buren has proved to be the best early Black yet introduced. It ripens *three weeks earlier than Concord* and makes fine bunches of the best quality berries. The clusters are medium to large but quite compact, and the berries are a little smaller than Concord but of superior quality. It is especially fine for roadside sales and home gardens, and we recommend it highly.

Strong 1 year vines. Each \$1.00; 3 for \$2.75; Doz. \$10.00; transportation paid.

CONCORD (Black). This old standard variety is well known and does well under most all conditions. The grapes are good size, deep purple in color and of fine quality. 2 year vines only. Each 30c; 3 for 70c; Doz. \$2.00; transportation paid.

FREDONIA (Black). Ripens fully two weeks before Concord and is a fine early variety. It was originated by the New York Experimental Station and has been very popular where an early black grape of high quality and merit is wanted. The bunch and berry are both large and of excellent flavor and make fine shippers as they do not crack. The vine is vigorous and productive. 2 year vines only. Each 35c; 3 for 90c; Doz. \$2.75; transportation paid.



Van Buren Grapes

WORDEN (Black). Ripens a week to ten days earlier than the Concord. The berries are deep blue black in color, thin skinned, larger than Concord and of better quality. The vines are strong and very productive. This is one of the most popular black grapes grown, and one of the finest for the home arbor.

2 year vines only. Each 30c; 3 for 70c; Doz. \$2.25; transportation paid.

Special Red, White and Blue Collection

These three fine early grapes should be in every garden. Strong plants from our regular stocks.

1	<div style="display: inline-block; vertical-align: middle;"> <div style="border-left: 1px solid black; border-right: 1px solid black; padding: 0 5px;"> Caco Niagara Van Buren </div> </div>	Value \$1.65
Each		Sent Postpaid for \$1.25
		Ask for "Grape Collection"

Properly Pruned Vines

PLEASE NOTE: Grape Vines in quantities listed on this page will be shipped properly cut back so that *no more pruning will be necessary when they are planted.*

STRAWBERRY PLANTS

Luscious large strawberries are easy to grow if you get good plants. Set out only strong, freshly dug plants of the best varieties and the rest is easy. Merely give them ordinary cultivation to keep the weeds out, proper fertilization, and you will have fine strawberries.

Our plants are fresh dug and are guaranteed to reach the purchaser in good condition. If any should be damaged on the way we will replace them without charge if notified within *two days* after the receipt of the plants.

We cannot be responsible for the plants living after they are planted as this depends on how they are planted and soil and weather conditions over which we have no control.

Strawberry plants should be set out in the spring as early as the ground can be gotten in good condition. The land should be thoroughly worked and well manured if possible. The rows should be $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart and the plants 12 to 18 inches apart in the rows.

To set the plants, make a wedge-shaped hole in the soil with a spade and place the strawberry plant in so that the roots spread out fanwise. The crown of the plant should be level with the surface of the ground. Firm the soil very tightly around the roots to be certain that there is no open space left under them. They should be firmly fixed in the soil and not easily pulled out.

All fruit stems should be picked off before the plants are set and the plants should be cultivated and hoed clean all summer. The plants will produce runners and by early fall you should have a closely packed row 18 to 20 inches wide. The following spring you will have a large crop of fine berries.

Orders for plants will be entered at any time and the plants will be sent at the proper time for setting them out. We cannot send plants to the Pacific Coast or to the Gulf Coast States as strawberry plants cannot be successfully transported so far and also we cannot furnish them at the time they should be set out in these localities. *We cannot send plants into Canada.*

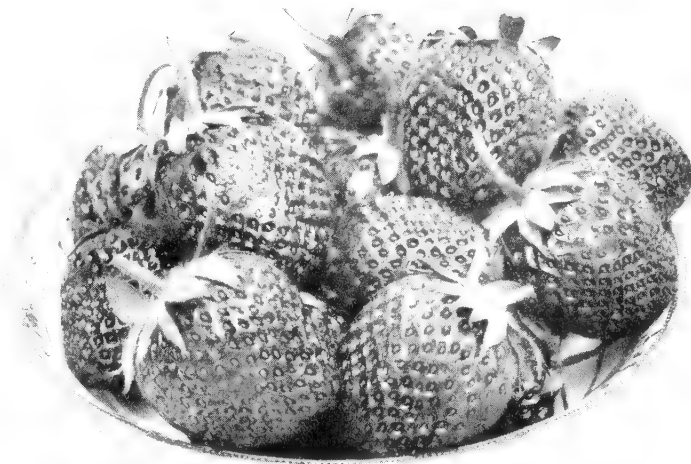
Write for prices on larger lots.

Weight 500— 35 lbs.; 1000— 65 lbs.

PREMIER. This berry has long been a favorite of the early varieties and is now the most widely grown strawberry in the East. The berries are large, deep bright red all over and are of fine quality. They ripen *very early* and the plants are strong, healthy and extremely productive. On account of the large size and handsome appearance the Premier berries are always in demand, making this variety a most profitable one to raise for market and roadside sales. Perfect flowers. 25 plants 65c; 50 plants \$1.00; 100 plants \$1.65 transportation paid. Not paid: \$4.50 for 500; \$8.00 per 1000.

FAIRFAX. The berries are large and firm with a most delicious flavor. The color is dark red at the picking state and gets quite dark as they get older. For growers who prefer a dark colored berry we recommend the Fairfax highly. The yield is excellent, and in our trials it has proved superior in size and quality to all other varieties. Perfect flowers. 25 plants 70c; 50 plants \$1.10; 100 plants \$1.75 transportation paid. Not paid: \$5.00 for 500; \$9.00 per 1000.

CATSKILL. (New.) Midseason. Enormous cropper. This new variety developed at Geneva, has found great favor as a kind to prolong the season. It starts to ripen medium early and lasts for a long time. The berries are firm, bright red in color and of very good quality. The plants are vigorous, with plenty of runners. You will find this variety a welcome addition to your strawberry bed. Perfect flowers. 25 plants 70c; 50 plants \$1.10; 100 plants \$1.75 transportation paid. Not paid: \$5.00 for 500; \$9.00 per 1000.



Fairfax Strawberries—Large luscious early berries.

Special Home Garden Collections at a reduced price!

No. 1 { 50 plants **Premier** } Value \$2.10
 { 50 plants **Catskill** } Sent Postpaid for \$1.70

The above plants will make an extra fine strawberry bed occupying a space 3 to 4 yards wide and 12 yards long. It will produce a fine lot of the choicest berries from early in the season until quite late.

No. 2 { 50 plants **Fairfax** } Value \$3.30
 { 50 plants **Premier** } Sent Postpaid for \$2.55
 { 50 plants **Catskill** }

This larger collection will occupy a space 3 to 4 yards wide by 18 yards long. It will produce enough berries for a larger family than No. 1, and it also lasts from early to late.

"In 1940 I purchased one of your Special Home Garden Collections of 100 strawberry plants. Last year we picked 123 quarts of the most delicious strawberries we have ever eaten. That seemed wonderful to us as we really had no idea as to how they should be cared for. The berries were large and the sweetest we've ever eaten."

Donald A. MacPhee, Chelmsford, Mass. Feb. 2, 1942.

Fall or Everbearing Strawberries You get a crop the first year!

Everbearing varieties start to produce fruit almost as soon as the plants are set out. Plants set out in the Spring commence to bear ripe fruit in August and continue to bear until freezing weather. The following year they produce a crop in June, the same as the common kinds, and also another crop in August and September.

Note—It is essential to set out Everbearing kinds early in the spring, so do not delay ordering them as they *must be set early*.

When the plants are first set out the flowers should be carefully picked off and none allowed to produce fruit until the plants have become well established which will be six to eight weeks.

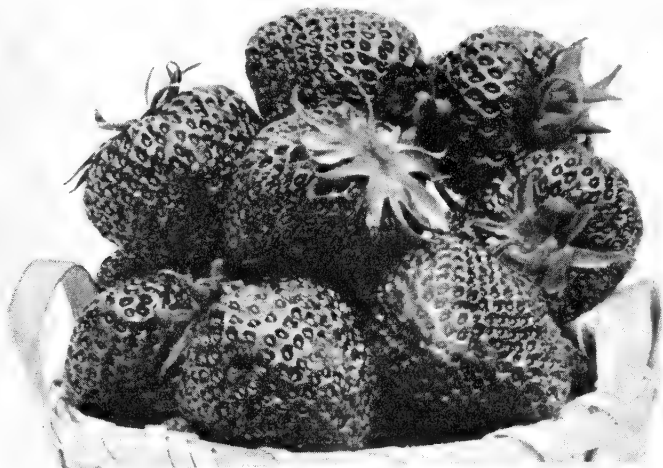
GEM. An early Highly Productive New Everbearing. This new everbearing strawberry is an outstanding variety, and is far ahead of all other everbearing sorts. Our experience during the past few years has convinced us that it will outyield other kinds and the fruit harvested in the fall is of much better shape and more attractive. The berries are large in size, very uniform, bright sparkling red, and with a mild rich flavor. The berries are firm, stand shipping well, and sell for the highest prices in the market. The plants are hardy, disease resistant, and produce great crops of berries as well as being prolific plant producers. We urge you to try some of these fine berries this year. 25 plants 80c; 50 plants \$1.25; 100 plants \$2.00 transportation paid. Not paid: \$6.50 for 500; \$12.00 per 1000.

Gem planted in April—picked in August:

"I want to take this opportunity of congratulating you on your fine seeds and service."

"I have picked a fine crop of Gem berries from the plants you sent me in April. I believe you will see from your records that my father and I have been buying seeds from you for over 50 years."

Harry MacDougal, Elizabethtown, N. Y., August 25, 1942.



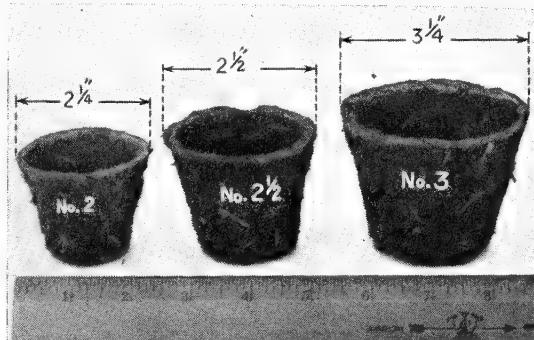
For delicious fall berries, plant Gem!

FERTILIZERS, INSECTICIDES, GARDEN TOOLS AND ACCESSORIES

From the large and varied list of garden accessories we have selected those which we have found to be the best and the most satisfactory to our customers. *These articles are sent at the purchaser's expense unless otherwise noted. The prices here quoted are as of January 1, 1943 and are subject to change without notice and to our stocks on hand being unsold.*

FERTILE POTS—For Better, Earlier Crops

This photograph shows the actual size and shape of the "Fertile Pots."



These pots have repeatedly produced better, earlier vegetables and are used in large numbers by practical, successful growers.

We now grow and ship our own potted vegetable plants in No. 2 1/2 "Fertile Pots."

They are constructed of plant food in the right proportion for best plant growth, and hold the moisture at the roots of the plants. Save time and handling. The pots are not removed when the plants are set out, simply set pot and all in the field; the roots grow through the pot which slowly breaks down. Roots are not disturbed and the plants are not checked, even in dry weather.

No. 2 (about 2" dia.) for lettuce, cabbage, corn, broccoli, peppers, cauliflower, etc.
No. 2 1/2 (about 2 1/2" dia.) for cucumbers, squash, melons, egg plants, tomatoes, etc.
No. 3 (about 3" dia.) for same as No. 2 1/2.

Price: No. 2 carton of 500 \$4.75 } *Purchaser pays transportation.*
No. 2 1/2 carton of 500 5.25 } *Not less than single carton*
No. 3 carton of 335 4.00 } *of one size at this price.*
A carton weighs about 40 lbs.

Trial Packages: 50 No. 2, \$1.25; 50 No. 2 1/2, \$1.40; 50 No. 3, \$1.50. Postpaid.

VITAMIN B₁ Because of the unusual interest in this plant stimulant, we are offering it to our customers in two forms. Both are made with the original Vitamin B₁ (pure Thiamin Chloride).

Tablets—Makes 250 gal. solution. 50c.

Powder—Most economical—**Home Garden Kit**—Contains 100 Mg. Vitamin B₁ Powder, Vial, dropper and measuring pick. Makes 2000 gal. solution. \$1.00.

RAFFIA

Best Quality. Used for tying bundles of plants, tying plants to stakes, budding, grafting, and many other purposes. It is very economical to use as it costs less than twine.

1 Lb. 60c; 5 Lbs. \$2.50; transportation paid. Write for special prices on large quantities.

LAST YEAR'S HIGH ANALYSIS FERTILIZERS—Only For As Long as Our Present Stock Lasts

VIGORO

Complete Plant Food

eleven necessary elements which plants require from the soil to make vigorous and fruitful growth.

Use Vigoro liberally in your vegetable garden. It will greatly increase your yields.

Both vegetables and flowers require proper plant food for best growth and quality, and Vigoro is a complete fertilizer which supplies this food in a form available to the plants.

1 Lb. pkg. 15c; 5 Lbs. 60c; transportation paid. Not paid: 10 Lbs. 85c; 25 Lbs. \$1.50.

A scientifically prepared complete lawn and garden fertilizer. Contains all



"TAKE HOLD"

Approved Plant Starter. Accurate experiments have demonstrated starter solution made with "Take-Hold," increases yield of early fruits of tomatoes and also increases the total crop. 100% Soluble.

Dissolve 5 lb. in 50 gal. water. Use 1/4 pt. per plant either by hand or in plant setter.

10 Lbs. \$2.50; 50 Lb. Bag \$10.00; 100 Lbs. \$18.00. Not prepaid.

GYPSUM—Land Plaster

Recommended to use before planting peas and beans. Good for the whole garden. Broadcast at the rate of about 1 lb. to 3 sq. yds. 100 lbs. will cover 300 sq. yds. Does not deteriorate. **We cannot send less than a single bag (100 lbs.).** Due to the high shipping rates we do not recommend the shipment of gypsum for long distances.

100 lb. bag \$1.15. Purchaser pays transportation.

SEMESAN

Makes Good Seed Grow Better

We have been using and recommending Semesan for over 15 years and we are convinced by our long experience on our own farm and greenhouses that **it pays to use Semesan**. In our greenhouses, Semesan has proved very reliable in preventing "damping off" of seedlings. Watering the flats with the normal Semesan solution gives good results.

Treatment with the various Semesan products listed below effectively cleanses vegetable, flower and field seed of most seed borne organisms and diseases, in most cases increasing the stand and consequently the crop. Semesan is easy to use with full directions on each package.

Treating seed and soil with Semesan is a cheap and easy crop insurance!



You can Buy Semesan in Following Forms:

SEMESAN can be applied in **either the liquid or convenient dust form** to prevent or control effectively many diseases and fungoid growths borne by seeds, seed pieces, plants, grafts and soils. It is harmless to seed and plant life but extremely poisonous to disease and fungus organisms. Directions on each package. 1/2 Oz. 10c; 2 Oz. 40c; Postpaid. Not prepaid; 1 Lb. \$2.50; 5 Lbs. \$11.40.

SEMESAN Jr. New Improved. For Field and Sweet Corn. A new inexpensive form for the dry dust disinfection of both field and sweet corn seeds.

Its use protects the seed from rotting in the ground and makes possible earlier planting which generally results in higher prices and increased yields. We use it on all our planting of corn and beans. On one planting alone of sweet corn it nearly doubled the yield of corn for us. The cost is so little that growers cannot afford to plant corn that has not been treated. **1 1/2 oz. treats 1 bu. seed.** 1 1/2 Oz. 15c; Postpaid. Not prepaid; 12 Oz. 60c; 6 1/4 Lbs. \$3.75.

SEMESAN BEL. New Improved. For seed potatoes. One pound of the New Improved Semesan Bel will treat **50 to 60 bu.** of whole potatoes. It possesses great disease control properties especially in respect to Rhizoctonia and seed-borne Scab. The "Instantaneous dip" method saves time and labor. 2 Oz. 30c; Postpaid. Not prepaid; 1 Lb. \$1.65; 5 Lbs. \$7.15.

CERESAN. New Improved. For treating grain. Recommended by leading authorities. This is the only dust disinfectant which has effectively controlled such grain diseases as stinking smut of wheat, stripe disease of barley, loose smut of barley and oats. It will not harm the seed or grain drill. Only 1/2 oz. required to effectively treat a bushel of wheat, oats or barley.

New Improved Ceresan has proved effective in controlling bottom rot of lettuce. Use 12 1/2 lbs. per acre as a dust. Also used for tomato seed treatment. 4 Oz. 30c; Postpaid. Not prepaid; 1 Lb. 80c; 4 Lbs. \$2.70.

Write for prices on larger quantities of above dusts.

CHAR-GRO

Sensational New Fertilizer!

Charcoal Base—4-16-4 Formula—20% More Plant Food

Char-Gro has shown remarkable results where applied to our own vegetable gardens and those of our customers, and we believe it is a most decided improvement in commercial plant foods.

The plant food in this fertilizer is impregnated by a special process in **Wood Charcoal** and formed into **small, clean, granular pellets**, each of which is a **complete balanced fertilizer**, thus assuring even distribution of the plant food. Granular fertilizer is recommended by leading authorities.

Char-Gro is odorless and easy to apply. These pellets may be applied either by hand or with a spreader on top of the ground or worked in.

Char-Gro is economical to use. Use only about 3/4 as much as ordinary fertilizers as it contains 20% more units of plant food than most garden fertilizers. The charcoal in Char-Gro has high moisture holding properties, releasing the plant food slowly as it is needed. **There is no waste by leeching.**

Use only 3/4 lb. to 1 1/2 lbs. to 100 square feet.

5 Lbs. 55c; transportation paid. Not paid: 10 Lbs. 75c; 25 Lbs. \$1.25.



PEAT MOSS

Add Humus to your Lawn and Garden

Peat Moss has proved itself to be invaluable and is widely used as a humus adding material for lawns and gardens. It loosens hard soil and makes sandy soil hold moisture better. Use with fertilizer in place of stable manure. Ideal for rose beds. Bale will cover 250 to 300 square feet of ground, one inch deep.

Single bales, \$4.75; 3 or more bales at \$4.50 each. Purchaser pays transportation.

SPRAYS WE RECOMMEND



PYROTE. An unexcelled combination of pyrethrum and rotenone for killing most all kinds of insects on both flowers and vegetables. No spreader needed, non-injurious to foliage, easy to mix, no objectionable odor, and economical.

1 oz. (makes 3 to 6 gal. solution) . . . \$.35 postpaid
5 oz. (makes 15 to 30 gal. solution) 1.00 postpaid
1 pint (makes 50 to 100 gal.) . . . 2.85 postpaid
1 gallon \$10.65 By Express Not prepaid

BLACK LEAF "40." Standard nicotine-sulphate insecticide used as a contact spray for aphids, leaf-hoppers, delousing poultry, etc.

1 oz. (makes 2 to 8 gal. solution) . . . \$.40 postpaid
5 oz. (makes 10 to 40 gal. solution) 1.10 postpaid
1 lb. (makes 30 to 120 gal. solution) 2.60 postpaid
2 lbs. \$3.70; 5 lbs. \$6.90 By Express Not prepaid

HYDROXIDE. A new double-duty spray for killing bugs and controlling blight on potatoes and tomatoes.

1 lb. (makes 10 gal. solution) . . . \$.40 postpaid
4 lbs. (makes 40 gal. solution) . . . 1.25 postpaid

TRIOGEN. A leading 3-way spray developed especially to use on roses. Used as directed it will combat most all insects and fungi. Indispensable for the rose garden.

Kit A (for 12 to 20 bushes) . . . \$1.50 postpaid
Kit B (for 50 to 80 bushes) . . . 4.00 postpaid

FOR DUSTING

SULROTE Harris' Favorite Double-Duty Dusting Mixture a Combined Insecticide and Fungicide

An ideal Rotenone-Sulphur dusting mixture containing 0.80% Rotenone. Better than Rotenone 75% as a killing agent and in addition, contains Air-Floated Dusting Sulphur making it an effective fungicide. These are blended together with an improved wetting agent which makes it better adhere to the leaves.

We Use SULROTE extensively on our own farms and can enthusiastically recommend it for combatting bean beetles, cabbage worms, aphids, flea beetles, rose chafers, cucumber beetles, etc.; as well as mildew and any other fungi controlled by sulphur. Descriptive folder on request. Used as a dust on beans, 15 to 20 lbs. per acre; on most other crops, 20 to 30 lbs. per acre.

PRICES: 1 lb. Sifter-Top cans, 50c postpaid; 5 lb. bags \$1.40; case of 60 lbs. \$11.00 not prepaid.

ROTENONE 1%. The standard dust recommended for combatting bean beetles, etc. We have only a limited supply in 50-lb. bags for \$7.75 per bag, not prepaid.

COPPER-ROTENONE. A very highly recommended dust for tomatoes to combat both blight and insects. Very scarce and only a limited supply.

5 lb. bags for \$1.25 each; 12 bags for \$10.00; 25 lb. bags for \$4.00 each, not prepaid.

"NICO-FUME." Powder Pressure-Fumigator (New). This most effective and economical fumigating material for greenhouses is now burned under pressure in special cans in

EVERGREEN. One of the most effective sprays for killing both chewing and sucking insects. Contains a soap spreader.

1 oz. (makes 3 to 6 gal. solution) . . . \$.35 postpaid
6 oz. (makes 18 to 36 gal. solution) 1.00 postpaid
1 pint (makes 50 to 100 gal.) . . . 2.15 postpaid
1 gallon \$12.20 By express Not prepaid

BORDEAUX MIXTURE. The standard fungicide for controlling mildew, rust, blight, etc. on roses, delphinium, fruits, vegetables, trees, etc. May also be used as a dust.

1 lb. (makes 6 gal. solution) . . . \$.35 postpaid
4 lb. bag (makes 25 gal. solution)95 postpaid
48 lb. case \$6.80 By express Not prepaid

CALCIUM ARSENATE. Can be used as a spray on all ground crops in place of Arsenate of Lead, now so scarce. Also effective as a quick action dust.

1 lb. (makes 12 gal. of spray) . . . \$.30 postpaid
4 lb. bag (makes 50 gal. of spray)80 postpaid

ARSENATE OF LEAD. Supply very limited. Use with Hydrated Lime as spray or dust.

1 lb. (makes 25 to 35 gal. of spray) \$.40 postpaid
4 lb. bag (makes 100 to 150 gal.) 1.20 postpaid

DRY LIME SULPHUR. A fine, yellow powder containing full strength of lime and sulphur in a combination easy to mix and an effective control of San Jose scale, apple and pear scab, peach leaf curl and cherry leaf spot.

1 lb. \$.40 postpaid
5 lbs. 1.65 postpaid

Write for special prices on larger quantities of any of the above spray material.

which it is packed. Directions on label.

½ lb. can. 50c ea. postpaid
1 lb. can. 75c ea. postpaid
1 doz. ½-lb. cans \$4.45 } By express Not prepaid
1 doz. 1-lb. cans . . . 7.40 } No less than 1 doz. each

NICOFUME HOLDER. For direction fumigator. 85c each postpaid.

TGBACCO DUST. Fine Powder. Used extensively for dusting plants and for fumigating greenhouses. 5 pounds will fumigate a house 20 x 100 feet.

2 lbs. 35c postpaid. Not paid: 10 lbs. 50c; 100 lbs. \$4.00.

STANLEY'S CROW REPELLENT

PROTECT YOUR SEED CORN FROM CROWS

If you are troubled with crows and other birds pulling up your seed corn, treat it with **STANLEY'S CROW REPELLENT**. We use it on our own farm for corn, melons and cucumbers. Will not harm the seed or clog the planter.

Half pint can (enough for 1 bu.) . . . \$.60
Pint can (enough for 2 bu.) 1.00
Quart can (enough for 4 bu.) 1.75

Transportation paid.



SPERGON for treating seed

SPERGON prevents seed decay and damping off. It destroys seed-borne organisms and protects seed against soil-borne pathogenic fungi. It also stimulates better root growth.

Spergon is safe to use on all kinds of seed and in all kinds of soil. It may be applied to seed a long time in advance of sowing. Use 2 to 3 ounces to a bushel of seed.

Spergon can be used as a soil disinfectant for seed beds. Use 1 lb. for each 3000 lbs. of soil.

2 oz. 45c; 1 lb. \$2.50 postpaid.
5 lbs. \$9.95; 10 lbs. \$18.50 not prepaid.

The New Streamlined HARCO SPRAYER

Only \$2.35 postpaid

EASY TO USE. Simply squeeze pump handles together and you get just the spray you want.

SPRAYS UP, DOWN, AND SIDEWAYS—NO ADJUSTMENTS.

TROUBLE-FREE. Fool-proof. No leaks or drips to wet hands or stain clothing.

MANY SPRAYS FROM ONE SPRAYER. Harco fits inexpensive, wide-mouth quart Mason jars; you can keep several sprays ready mixed in different jars.

MANY USES. Perfect for watering house plants and seedlings in flats. Grand for freshening up cut flowers. The lowest-cost professional-type sprayer. Buy yours today.



HAYES-ETTE SPRAYER

Only \$2.95 postpaid



AT LAST! A compact, little bantamweight that efficiently does the work of many larger sprayers. Weighs just a little over a pound, filled. Simply attach to garden hose, lightly press the new No-Leak Thumb Button—that's all! Operates on 20 to 150-pound water pressure. Capacity 1½ gallons of mixed spray material. Sprays all modern liquid spray materials free from soaps.

'TWIST-EMS'

HELP YOU TO SUPPORT PLANTS QUICKLY, NEATLY, PERMANENTLY

Say "goodbye" to unsightly twine and raffia, to needless work with shears. Say "hello" to TWIST-EMS, to gardening fun, to lovely plants neatly and properly supported. TWIST-EMS—strong dark-green "invisible" tapes with wire reinforcing—protect stems, permanently support annuals, perennials, vines, shrubs and vegetables. Grand for flower arrangement. Millions used by successful nurserymen, professional and amateur gardeners. Buy today.

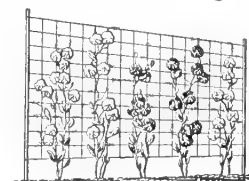
- (C) Box of 250, 4 inch size, 30c postpaid 500 to 5000 at \$1.75 per 1000 postpaid.
- (B) Box of 125, 8 inch size, 30c postpaid 500 to 5000 at \$1.15 per 1000 postpaid.
- (D) Box of 125, 16 inch size, 55c postpaid 500 to 5000 at \$3.10 per 1000 postpaid.

Special prices on large quantities to commercial growers.

Weatherized TRAIN-ETTS TRELLIS NETTING

Ideal Support for SWEET PEAS, GARDEN PEAS, POLE BEANS, CUCUMBERS, TOMATOES.

Grows finer, larger flowers and vegetables. Hung with ease in 5 minutes; no fuss or bother. Use instead of string or wire. (Wire in sun burns delicate tendrils.) *Doesn't rot like string—lasts several seasons.*



- No. 1 (60 x 72 in.) 39c
 - No. 2 (60 x 96 in.) 49c
 - No. 3 (60 x 180 in.) 69c
- Postpaid

Use Air-Nitrogen To Build Up Your Soil

It's available FREE in unlimited quantities for your soil and crop improvement if you **CONVERT LEGUME SEEDS INTO FERTILIZER PLANTS**. By inoculating with



All legumes, Clovers, Peas, Beans, Vetch, etc., are greatly stimulated in growth, producing larger and better crops when certain bacterial grow on their roots forming nodules. These nodules take nitrogen from the air for use by the plants and actually enrich the soil at the same time.

The success of this inoculant has been outstanding and we recommend it highly. It is a moist-humus culture. Contains millions of live legume bacteria. The material is fresh (all cans are dated) and the bacterial count is placed on each package. Easy to apply. Directions on each can.

Note: Different groups of plants require different cultures. For example—the same culture can be used for Alfalfa and Sweet Clover, but Alfalfa and Red Clover each require a different culture. Be sure to note, and when ordering get the proper culture for each of the seeds you wish to treat.

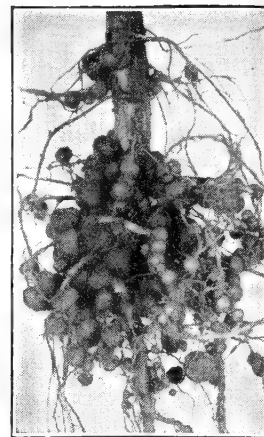
Price of "Nitragin" for each of the following groups.

Group "A"	
Alfalfa and Sweet Clover.	½ bu. size \$.30
Group "B"	
Red, Crimson, Alsike and White Clover.	1 bu. size .50
	2½ bu. size 1.00

Group "S"	
Soy Beans.	2 bu. size \$.30
Group "E"	
Cow Peas, Lima Beans, Velvet Beans.	5 bu. size .55
	25 bu. size 2.50
	30 bu. size (6-5 bu. units) \$3.25.

Group "C"	
Field and Garden Peas, Vetches, Broad Beans, Sweet Peas.	½ bu. size \$.25
	1 bu. size .35
	1½ bu. size treats 100 lbs., .50
Group "D"	
Field and Garden Beans.	

NEW GARDEN SIZE "NITRAGIN." Combined for Garden Peas, Beans, Sweet Peas, Lima Beans and Lupins. Enough for 6 lbs. seed. Package 10c. Above cultures are sent transportation paid.



SOYBEAN root with nodules produced by NITRAGIN inoculation. NITRAGIN bacteria within the nodules aid in producing higher protein hay, more soybeans and richer soil.



Home Garden Package
Showing the Fibreboard Setter

HOTKAPS and HOTENTS

During the past few years, growers of vine crops have found that the protection offered their plants by **Hotkaps** and **Hotents** has resulted in increased profits from better and earlier fruit. In the home gardens they help to take the risk of disappointment out of early planted crops.

Hotkaps and **Hotents** are so constructed that when properly set they will withstand very heavy winds and beating rains.

Gardeners who have been in the habit of using **home made** field forcers, find that **Hotkaps** are cheaper and easier to use and just as effective.

We have tried several other plant protectors side by side with **Hotkaps** and **Hotents** and found that none of them stood up under high winds and heavy rains nearly as well.

Hotkaps are miniature hot houses consisting of scientifically constructed wax paper cones which are placed over the plant or hill of seed in the field. By using **Hotkaps** the plants can be set out or the seed sown as soon as the ground gets warm. There is no danger of frost with **Hotkaps**.

Hotkaps and **Hotents** keep the soil around the plants in perfect condition conserving the soil moisture and preventing it from baking. They shield the young plants from winds, and beating rains. The striped cucumber beetle which does so much damage to the young plants of melons, cucumbers, squash, etc. cannot get to plants which are protected by **Hotkaps** or **Hotents**.

For Extra Early Sweet Corn. Growers of early corn find that by using **Hotkaps** they can plant earlier and thus get corn to mature earlier, thereby getting the benefit of early high prices.

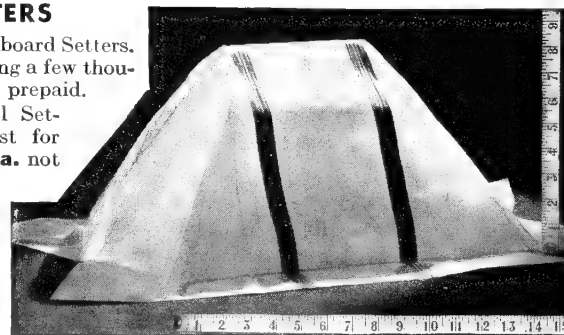
Using the setter and tamper one man can set about 2500 "Hotkaps" a day. Whether you have fifty hills or 5000 to protect. **Hotkaps** will **do the work easily and economically**. Complete directions are sent with each lot of **Hotkaps**.

SETTERS

Hotkap Fibreboard Setters. Good for setting a few thousand. **\$2.55 ea.** prepaid.

Hotkap Steel Setters. Will last for years. **\$1.35 ea.** not prepaid.

Hotent Metal Setters. **\$1.95 ea.** not prepaid **Super Hotent Metal Setters** **\$2.75 ea.** not prepaid.



This photo shows the size of the Hotent.

HOTKAPS. Home Garden Package (25 Hotkaps with fibreboard Setter)	\$.60 postpaid
250 Hotkaps with fibreboard Setter	3.85 postpaid
500 Hotkaps without Setter	6.50 not prepaid
1000 Hotkaps without Setter (Wt. 28 lbs. per 1000)	11.00 not prepaid

Write for prices on larger quantities.

HOTENTS. Made by the same people. Larger in area and taller. (10½ x 14½ and 8½" high). Specially made paper, wire reinforced. Easily ventilated. Will stand up under adverse conditions. Particularly valuable for muskmelon and other vine crops.

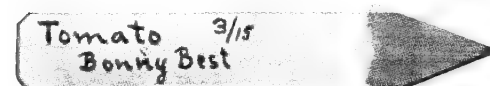
250 Hotents (Wt. 20 lbs.)	\$ 4.00 not prepaid
500 Hotents	7.75 not prepaid
1000 Hotents	14.25 not prepaid

SUPER HOTENTS. These are the **largest practicable field forcers** made. Similar in shape to **Hotents**. Specially made paper reinforced with wire makes them stand up under wind and heavy rains. Size 14 x 18 x 12". Large enough for tomato plants.

250 Super Hotents (Wt. 33 lbs.)	\$ 6.25 not prepaid
500 Super Hotents	11.95 not prepaid
1000 Super Hotents	22.75 not prepaid

POT LABELS AND GARDEN STAKES

Keep a record of the kind and variety of seeds sown, dates, etc. Every gardener should use stakes and labels. These are nice smooth white wooden labels and stakes of best quality.



	Plain		Painted	
POT LABELS	100	1000	100	1000
4 in. long.	\$.25	\$1.75	\$.28	\$2.15
5 in. long.25	1.95	.28	2.35

Transportation paid.

GARDEN STAKES. 12 in. long, 1½ in. wide. Clear wood stakes. Plain, Doz. 25c; 100 \$1.25; painted, Doz. 30c; 100, \$1.50; transportation paid. Not paid: 1000 plain, \$7.00; 1000 painted, \$9.50. Weight 30 lbs.

PLANET JR. TOOLS

Due to war-time restrictions, we are unable to supply any complete garden tools.

We can, however, supply *parts* and *attachments* for **WHEEL HOES, ONE-HORSE CULTIVATORS, HAND SEEDERS, GARDEN PLOWS, FERTILIZER DISTRIBUTORS**

Send us a list of the parts you want. We carry in stock an unusually complete line. You can fix the old tools to get through for the duration.

If we are out of any of the varieties ordered, shall we substitute others equally good? Ans.
Or shall we return the money sent for them? Ans. Amount carried over

From _____

JOSEPH HARRIS CO., Inc.

MORETON FARM

Rochester,

N. Y.

***Be Sure
Your Name and
Address are on the
order.***

Harris Lawn Grass Seed

Getting a good lawn depends largely on using good seed of the proper kinds and proportions for your conditions. We offer six tested mixtures made up of the best grass seed for you to choose from. See pages 50 and 51.

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